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60c, 95c and $1.45. *First floor.*
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20% Discount Sale.
Children's Underwear in
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Lisle Hose, all-over lace effects,
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y of sizes and shapes, each, $1.50
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th German Silver, 5-inch round
chain and hook to match—
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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LX.—NO. 232. TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1901—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ANOTHER WASHINGTON BELLE SOON TO WED.

MISS ELISE DU BARRY.

Miss Elise Du Barry, daughter of the late Brigadier General Beekman Du Barry, and one of the most beautiful and most popular young society women in the national capital, will during the fall be married to a young army officer who is equally handsome and well liked—Lieutenant Muller of ——. While the fact that Miss Du Barry was soon to wed has been common gossip in Washington for several weeks, the name of the prospective bridegroom has just become known. The affair was to have been kept secret until just before the wedding, but one of Miss Du Barry's intimates told a friend, and now all Washington knows of it. Lieutenant Muller is a West Pointer and served with distinction in Cuba during the Spanish-American war.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— TUESDAY, AUG. 20.

Generally fair weather Tuesday and probably Wednesday; easterly winds.
Sun rises 5:12; sun sets 6:54. Moon sets 9:52.

LOCAL:—

Chief of Detectives Colleran accused by his own letter of failing to ask the return from Iowa of Harry Featherstone, a noted holdup man, when the latter was wanted here for robbery, and was subsequently sentenced to twenty years in prison.

Wife of Samuel Morris, leading comedian at Hopkins' Theater, died at the Saratoga Hotel while he was acting, knowing her condition, but unable to come. Case of suicide.

Wrecking of two Chicago stone yards by dynamite on Aug. 12 admitted to be a plot to destroy independent union stone cutters at work. Three arrests made.

Mad dog chased by policemen and animal keepers ran into bears' den at Lincoln Park and fought the bears until killed by Keeper De Vry. Girl bitten.

Police arrested several members of a gang believed to be organized for robbery in the down-town district. Stolen goods recovered.

Board of Review decided it would be necessary to raise valuation of realty one-fifth to get sufficient tax revenue.

Committee of the School board voted an appropriation of $40,000 for free text books. An injunction suit expected.

Elevator Starter Jacobs reinstated in his position, which the politicians sought to get for ex-Starter Campion.

Big steamer Mimick enabled to go to Thirty-fifth street dock because of recent dredging of the river.

Forty creditors of the George H. Phillips company agreed to take stock in a reorganized company.

"Chick" Curran, the former Democratic leader of the Tenth Ward, died at the County Hospital.

Motherless Holton children cared for by kind women, who took food and clothing to them.

Suit, Schwab & Co. given $27,100 damages against the city because of broken water main.

John J. Janes of the firm of Moore & Janes, died at the Calumet club.

DOMESTIC:—

Steamboat City of Golconda, plying between Paducah, Ky., and Elizabethtown, Ill., on Ohio River, overturned by a storm and twenty persons drowned.

Lightning struck a benzine tank of the Atlantic Refining company at Philadelphia, exploding it. Six persons killed and twenty-three missing.

Two men supposed to have perished in the Cleveland crib fire rescued from the water works tunnel, where they had been five and a half days.

Surviving passengers and crew of lost steamer Islander arrived at Victoria, B. C. Death list will reach seventy or more.

Foreign creditors of Gerhard Terlinden brought garnishment proceedings against Milwaukee banks, where he had funds.

Justice of the Peace at Norwood, W. Va., stopped a trial to shoot a negro who sought to rescue a prisoner.

George Vinson of Coleta, Ill., started for Missouri to kill gambler who kidnaped his daughter.

Five tons of dynamite exploded at Herkimer, N. Y., killing twelve railroad employés.

Four boys from 6 to 10 years old accused of causing companion to death at Kokomo, Ind.

Two negroes, suspected of killing Miss Gracia Wild, lynched near Pearce City, Mo.

Explosion of cannon at Fort Riley, Kas., killed two soldiers and injured seven others.

Napoleon Pierre Guicheveau, aged 113 years, died at New Orleans.

LABOR:—

President Shaffer notified that the success of the steel strike depends on the action of South Chicago workmen; that a decision to go out at the local plant would mean the tying up of the Carnegie plants. Amalgamated association leader urged to come here.

Letters sent to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania warning them not to interfere in the steel strike. United States postal authorities notified of the threats and an investigation is being made. More mills closed.

Bay View (Wis.) steel works announced indefinite closing of the mills except blast furnaces on account of action of employés in sympathy.

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12 Sekley May Object to Howison.

FOREIGN:—

Another death at Havana caused by experiment to test the efficacy of a yellow fever cure. Serum failed to protect from bite of infected mosquito.

Proposition made to increase rates on British railroads because the investors do not get sufficient returns.

British constabulary force surprised a Boer laager near Middelsburg, killing twenty-three burghers.

Civil Governor Milmarsh of Benguet Province, Philippines, resigned.

Chinese Emperor named Oct. 6 as the date of his return to Pekin.

Baron Fava made a Count by the King of Italy.

NEW YORK:—

Secret inquiry being conducted by Justice Jerome expected to result in arrest of three high police officials tomorrow or day after.

Charles M. Hays, President of the Southern Pacific, resigned. S. M. Felton, President of the Alton, may succeed him.

F. B. Russell of the State Law and Order league arrested charged with taking money to protect illegal resort.

Trial of Captain Diamond of the Police department may be by Supreme Court instead of Recorder Goff.

WASHINGTON:—

Admiral Schley's attorneys asked Assistant Secretary Hackett of the navy to ascertain the truth of charges that Howison of the court of inquiry is a Sampson partisan. If this is found to be so a change in the court will be asked.

Consul Stowe of Cape Town made gloomy report on trade situation in south Africa.

Schley Court of Inquiry will sit in new gunners' workshop in navy yard.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Shelbyville, Bloomfield, and Ohio railroad sold to the Louisville and Nashville for $150,000.

American Shipbuilding company's net earnings for the last year were $1,968,542.

SPORTING:—

Chicago beat St. Louis in the first match of the annual tournament of the Northwestern Cricket association.

National league: Cincinnati 2, Chicago 0; Boston 11, New York 6; Pittsburg 9, St. Louis 5.

American League: Washington 5, Chicago, 2; Boston 6, Milwaukee 5; Baltimore 4, Detroit 3.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BROWHEAD		Dominion
BREMEN		Barbarossa
BOSTON		Livonian
GLASGOW		Nebraska
	Mongolian.	
GIBRALTAR	Werra	
LIZARD	Georgia	
LIZARD		Statendam
LIVERPOOL	Parisian	Corinthian.
MOVILLE	Astoria	
QUEENSTOWN	Ivernia	
YOKOHAMA		Tacoma.

COLLERAN FACES HIS OWN LETTER AS ACCUSATION.

Note Sent to Iowa Sheriff Saying Harry Featherstone Was Not Wanted in Chicago.

MAN UNDER INDICTMENT.

Now Doing Twenty Years for Crime Detective Chief Denied Called for Punishment.

EXPLANATION IS ASKED.

Captain Seeks to Throw Blame on Lieutenants, Saying He Merely Signed the Message.

TRIAL OF LARKIN MATTER SOON.

Luke P. Colleran, Chief of Detectives, stands accused by one of his own letters of having failed to ask the return from Iowa of Harry Featherstone, one of the noted holdup men and robbers of the country, when the latter was wanted in Chicago last March for robbery.

While Featherstone had been a fugitive from justice for six months, seeking to evade an indictment returned against him here in September, 1900, and while the Chicago detectives were supposed to be searching for him, Captain Colleran sent a letter to Deputy Sheriff R. Thomas of Fayette County, Ia., who had captured the much-wanted criminal, announcing that Featherstone was "not wanted in Chicago," although he would "bear watching. Just sixteen days later Deputy Sheriff Thomas V. Morrison of Cook County, Ill., having received the same information that Colleran had, started for Iowa to bring back the man. Nineteen days after that Featherstone was sentenced to twenty years in the Joliet penitentiary.

Featherstone is now behind the walls of Joliet. Had Captain Colleran's answer to the Iowa Deputy Sheriff closed the incident, it is evident the criminal might still be plying his "black jack" and adding more crimes to his record.

Colleran's Letter on "Feathers."

Captain Colleran's letter to the authorities of Fayette County, Ia., is now in possession of THE TRIBUNE. It was the answer to the notification he had received that the fugitive was under arrest at West Union, Ia. The letter follows:

"Chicago, March 15, 1901.—R. Thomas Esq., Deputy Sheriff, West Union, Ia.—Dear Sir: Relative to Harry Featherstone. He is not wanted in this city at present, and is a man who will bear watching. Yours truly,

"L. P. COLLERAN,
"Chief of Detectives."

Long Record of Crime.

Featherstone, better known as "Feathers," is a familiar character to every police bureau of the country. His picture is in the rogue's gallery. He was arrested in October, 1896, as one of the men concerned in the holdup at the Western Foundry company's offices. On June 8, 1891, he was sent to Joliet for ten years for his share in the South Chicago bank robbery. He was pardoned in May, 1895, but previous to this had served four years in the Indiana State Prison at Michigan City. After his arrest for the North Side robbery last August, he was released on $2,500 bail, and immediately fled. Brought back on April 5 of this year by Deputy Sheriff Morrison after Colleran had written that he was not wanted, his bail was increased to $5,000. His trial was begun on April 17 and on April 19 he was declared guilty and sentenced to serve twenty years in Joliet.

"North Side politicians were instrumental in fixing things up with the police in the hope that 'Feathers' might get away," was the statement made by a prominent police official last night. The detectives knew that Featherstone was wanted here. This, mind you, is not the first case of this kind that has occurred of late years."

Colleran Blames His Lieutenants.

Captain Colleran was asked about the Featherstone letter yesterday.

"How did you come to send this letter when Featherstone was wanted here?"

"Well, when letters of inquiry come to me," the Captain began to explain, "I turn them over to Lieutenants out there in the offices to have them look up the cases. Then usually they have the stenographer strike off an answer, stating whether the man in question is or is not wanted. These letters are then brought to me and I merely affix my signature."

"But you surely know of your own knowledge the criminals who are wanted and for whom your men are looking?" was asserted.

"I have the cases looked up," came the answer. "If it was said that Featherstone wasn't wanted, he wasn't, that's all."

"But the indictment was hanging over him then?"

"Well, our records will show." Further than this he had no comment to make, leaving the charge that his Lieutenants had made the mistake.

Many Charges of "Standing In."

Many cases of this kind, involving charges that criminals who "stood in" have enjoyed immunity have been carried to Chief of Police O'Neill, and this material, if the Civil Service commission carries its charges thus far, may bring startling disclosures.

There is another case that Captain Colleran has little to say about. Charles M. Fiegenbush, under indictment on charge of obtaining money through a confidence game, was a fugitive at the same time Featherstone was dodging the police. Fiegenbush was caught in San Francisco, and Colleran was immediately telegraphed.

"You want him," not "Do you want him?" was the message wired by Chief of Detectives Seymour of the Western city. Three telegrams were sent, and, the San Francisco authorities assert, not one was answered by Captain Colleran.

"O, what did we want him for?" said Captain Colleran yesterday. "He had been taken into court and the witnesses had no evidence against him."

(Continued on third page.)

DETECTIVE CHIEF COLLERAN'S "FEATHERSTONE" LETTER.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE,
CITY OF CHICAGO.

DETECTIVE BUREAU,
L. P. COLLERAN, CHIEF OF DETECTIVES.

March 15th, 1901.

R. Thomas, Esq.,
Deputy Sheriff,
West Union, Iowa.

Dear Sir:-

Relative to Harry Featherstone. He is not wanted in this city at present, and is a man who will bear watching,

Yours truly

L. P. Colleran

Chief of Detectives.

When the West Union, Ia., Sheriff captured the noted criminal last March an indictment by the Cook County grand jury had been hanging over him for six months. Two weeks after Colleran wrote this letter a Deputy Sheriff from Cook County went out there and brought "Feathers" back. Three weeks later "Feathers" was sent to Joliet for twenty years.

PLAYS AS HIS WIFE DIES.

SAMUEL MORRIS, A COMEDIAN, ACTS AS WOMAN TAKES POISON.

While Actor Is in Hopkins' Theater His Newly Reconciled Spouse Drinks Too Much Wood Alcohol—Husband Finds Her Dying at Saratoga Hotel After Matinee, but Returns to Evening Performance, and While He Is on the Stage She Passes Away.

While Samuel Morris, leading comedian at Hopkins' Theater, was compelled by the exigencies of his position to go on with his lines as "Rake, Bertie's Valet," in "Under Two Flags" last night, his wife lay dead at the Saratoga Hotel. She had drank a pint of wood alcohol.

Although notified earlier in the afternoon that she was dying, there was no one to take the actor's part, and he furnished forced amusement for the audience until the curtain fell. News of his wife's death was received just as he finished a to him particularly distressing line, the close of the first act:

"O, Lord, I have put my foot in it."

Unable to control her appetite for the fiery liquid, Mrs. Morris drank enough of it to cause her death. Although it was discovered that she had taken the alcohol and Dr. W. Lewis Tallman was summoned, he was unable to save her life, and she died shortly before 8 o'clock.

Husband Grants Reconciliation.

Mrs. Morris, who had been living apart from her husband for a year, arrived in Chicago Thursday evening and registered at the Saratoga Hotel. She came direct here from Angles Camp, in California, where she had been with her parents. As soon as she arrived in Chicago she sent for her husband. He called to see her and found her despondent over being separated from him.

Mrs. Morris told her husband that she had pawned her diamond ring to come to him. Mr. Morris had been sending her a sum of money each week, but she had not cashed the drafts, having them all in her possession when she arrived in Chicago.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the guests on the fourth floor of the hotel were startled by the cries and wailings of a woman. Mrs. Morris was found in the hall calling for help and crying that she was going insane.

She called for her husband, and he was sent for by the clerk of the hotel. He was playing in the matinée and was unable to come.

Tells Husband of Poison.

When her husband opened the door shortly before 6 o'clock his wife cried out:

"O, Sam, I have done wrong."

"What is it, Maggie?" he exclaimed as he rushed to the bed.

"Behind the trunk," called out the woman.

Mr. Morris looked behind the trunk and found a brown glass bottle almost empty. On the label was:

POISON, WOOD ALCOHOL.

Mr. Morris called down the hall for help, and Dr. Tallman was summoned. He found the woman unable to talk and administered all the known remedies for alcoholic poisbn without effect. She never spoke again. Until the last possible moment Mr. Morris watched by the bedside, and then he called a carriage and rushed to the playhouse to carry out his part.

The woman died almost at the instant that Morris, in the character of Rake, was given the keynote of his part.

The couple had been married thirteen years, and for a time resided in Chicago together, living at 217 Twenty-third street.

TALL, WHITE-ROBED FIGURE TERRIFIES A POLICEMAN.

Patrolman Edward Keating Said to Be Going Out of His Way as Result of Plain Clothes Man's Practical Joke.

Patrolman Edward Keating of the Englewood Station is said to be making a wide detour to a patrol box situated a half-mile beyond the limits of his beat in order to avoid "pulling" the box at Sixty-seventh street and Stewart avenue.

On a dark night lately when he went to his regular patrol box and unlocked the door a white-robed figure burst out upon him. With a shriek the patrolman sprang backward and dashed toward the Englewood Police Station. After his story had been told Detective McMullen agreed to make an inspection of the patrol box and reported that everything was in order.

Yesterday the facts became known. It developed that one of the "plain clothes" men had secreted himself in the patrol box attired in a white sheet to frighten Keating

OHIO RIVER STEAMER LOST

TWENTY PASSENGERS DROWN; NO CHANCE TO ESCAPE.

Storm Strikes the Packet City of Golconda at Crowell's Landing Six Miles from Paducah—Boat Turns Over and Sinks Instantly in Ten Feet of Water—Passengers at Supper and All Compelled to Jump Into the Water.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The steamboat City of Golconda was struck by a squall at Crowell's Landing at 7 o'clock this evening, overturned, and sunk in ten feet of water. Twenty persons were drowned, ten of them women.

The City of Golconda plies between Paducah and Elizabethtown, Ill. It left the latter point at 1 o'clock this afternoon with seventy-five passengers and a cargo of live stock and grain.

The steamer had arrived at Crowell's Landing and the deck hands were preparing to make fast to the wharf when the storm struck without warning.

Little Chance to Escape.

Most of the passengers were in the cabin at supper, and many had no chance to escape. The steamer trembled an instant, then turned over on its side and sank in deep water.

It is declared that the disaster might have been averted but for the action of the engineer, who abandoned his engines when the squall struck and rushed to the cabin to save his wife. With no one at the engines, Captain Bauer was unable to turn the steamboat's head into the wind. The boat in consequence received the full force of the squall broadside.

Those Reported Lost.

Among those reported lost are:
ADAMS, MRS. DAVID, AND NIECE.
BARNETT, LUCY, Smithland.
DAVIS, WATTS, stockman, of Livingston County, Ky.
GRAHAM, LIZZIE, of Paducah, Ky.
GRIMES, TRIXIE, Grahamville, Ky.
HOGAN, MRS. LON, AND THREE CHILDREN, of Paducah, Ky.
SLAYTON, CHARLES, Lola, Ky.
TWO WOMEN, names unknown, Smithland, Ky.
THREE DECK HANDS.
TWO TRAVELING MEN, St. Louis, names unknown.
TWO PEDDLERS, names unknown.

Captain Bauer's Story.

Captain Bauer, who arrived here two hours after the catastrophe, said:

"The boat was getting ready to land when the squall struck it and it listed. Several passengers who were inside jumped overboard and were caught by the boat. The women, all of whom were in the cabin, could not be reached.

"The boat settled down in ten feet of water over a reef and two of the men who were in the cabin—H. E. Worten and H. S. Quartermouse of Hampton—broke through the glass and were saved. The colored deck hands saved a woman and child, and I think she was the only woman saved.

"A yawl that had broken loose was caught by some of those struggling in the water and taken to the bank. We returned to the boat on this, but could find no signs of life and returned to shore."

Bodies Not Yet Recovered.

When the news of the disaster reached Paducah the steamer Mary N. started immediately for Crowell's Landing in the hope of picking up some of the passengers. The Mary N. returned late tonight. No more survivors were picked up and none of the bodies was recovered, as it was impossible to get into the ship's cabin.

JOHN J. JANES DIES AT THE CALUMET CLUB.

One of the Leading Insurance Men in the West and a Promoter of the Fort Sheridan Project Passes Away.

John J. Janes of the fire insurance firm of Moore & Janes, 205 La Salle street, died suddenly at the Calumet club last evening. He was attended by Dr. Bishop. Mr. Janes was a bachelor and had lived at the Calumet club for a number of years.

Mr. Janes was born at Lansingburg, N. Y., on Jan. 10, 1853. He was educated at Troy, N. Y. He came to Chicago in 1864 and entered the insurance field. In 1868 he entered into partnership with S. M. Moore as the company in S. M. Moore & Co. Later the firm was changed to Moore & Janes.

Mr. Janes was the first secretary of the Chicago club, and for many years its secretary and treasurer. But as secretary of the Commercial club for twelve years and as a member of its Executive committee he was best known. He was one of the most enthusiastic promoters of the project fathered by the Commercial club which resulted in the establishment of Fort Sheridan

MAD DOG IN A BEAR'S DEN

MONGREL BITES CHILD IN LINCOLN PARK AND FLEES TO CAGE.

Finds the Polar Animals Full of Fight and After Ten Minutes Head Keeper De Vry Enters Through the Iron Door and Clubs the Rabid Beast to Death—Causes Great Commotion Among Animals in Neighboring Cages—Great Crowds Around "Zoo."

A mad dog, chased by policemen and animal keepers, ran into the den of the polar bears in Lincoln Park yesterday afternoon and fought for ten minutes with the ponderous animals before Head Keeper De Vry entered the cage and clubbed it to death. Before its invasion of the polar bears' den the dog bit the 6-year-old daughter of Mrs. Kate Kane Rossi, 185 Clark street, and frightened the crowds of children that were playing in that part of the park.

The dog was a black mongrel and was not seen by any of the park policemen until 2 o'clock, when it frightened visitors in the vicinity of the old mill by running about wildly, frothing at the mouth. The dog sprang upon the little daughter of Mrs. Rossi who was walking with her mother along the path by the bears' den, fastening its teeth in the little one's hand.

Shot Fails to Kill.

Men who saw the action rushed forward and the dog fled to the den of the bears, squeezing its way between the bars. Head Keeper De Vry had been called in haste. He drew a revolver and shot the dog just as it was entering the den, the bullet inflicting but a slight wound. The crowds that were gathering around the scene appeared to take no cognizance of the possibility of glancing bullets.

Both bears put up a running fight with the dog and were only protected from its snapping teeth by their shaggy coats. The battle continued and the crowd looked on until Keeper De Vry, armed with a club, entered the cage. When he unloosed the gate, the dog, which had crouched in the grotto in the rocks, sprang at him.

Second Blow Just in Time.

The first blow with the club missed aim, but the second struck the dog a fatal blow on the head just as the brute was in the act of springing at the keeper. An examination of the bears, who were nearly frenzied by the fight, showed that neither had been bitten, an escape which De Vry considers little short of marvelous.

The child's hand was nearly bitten through by the teeth of the dog, and her mother immediately took her where she might receive the care of a physician.

"The dog was certainly mad," said De Vry. "He was bent on biting everything within reach, and when he sprang at me I knew it was a case of killing him on the spot or being bitten."

The excitement around the bears' den started a great commotion among the animals in cages near by, and it was not until late in the afternoon that many of them were quieted.

FOUR LITTLE BOYS ARE ACCUSED OF MURDER.

Kokomo Lads, None Over 10 Years Old, Charged with Pelting an Older Companion to Death with Stones.

Kokomo, Ind., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Four Kokomo boys, Roy and Lester McVeta and Ray and Freddie Marvin, all in knickerbockers, ranging in age from 6 to 10 years, were arrested today for stoning another boy, Eddie McKee, to death. Only one of the children was old enough to write his name to the bond.

The children were playing on the railroad, when the McKee boy, who was older, came along, and a fight followed.

McKee, whom the boys accuse of being the bully of the neighborhood, was pelted with stones. He died shortly afterward from his injuries, and his youthful assailants are held for murder.

FIREMAN RESCUES TWO GIRLS.

Runaway Horse Bushes from Side to Side of State Street, but Is Stopped in Time.

But for the prompt action of Frank Stanton of Engine Company 14, Miss Margaret Sinn of 397 Larrabee street and a friend who is visiting her would have been killed last night. The girls were driving down State street, which was crowded, when their horse took fright at a passing trolley car between Illinois and Michigan streets. Stanton, who was off duty and dressed in his best, caught the horse, which rushed from side to side of the road three times in front of trolley cars and wagons, and was finally stopped on the point of crashing into a plate glass window

PRISONER ADMITS DYNAMITE PLOT.

Tells of Blowing Up Stone Yards to Throw Independent Union Men Out of Work.

THREE ARRESTS MADE.

Frank Hardy's Story to the Police Brings Capture of Joe Hayes and Michael Fitzgerald.

MORE SUSPECTS ARE SOUGHT

Edgeworth & Sons' and Ernest Heldmaer's Plants Wrecked on Aug. 12, Much Machinery Being Destroyed.

FEUD FROM BUILDING STRIKE.

Details of an alleged plot by which two Chicago stone yards were wrecked by dynamite on Aug. 12, in order to deprive 200 members of an independent stonecutters' union of employment, are believed by the police to be cleared up in the arrest and confession of Frank Hardy, 412½ State street, formerly an employé of the Chicago Athletic association.

Involved with Hardy in the confession and alleged plot, and also under arrest, are Michael Fitzgerald, a teamster, 2910 Lowe avenue, and Joe Hayes. Hardy is locked up in the County Jail, having been arrested immediately after the explosion at one of the stone yards. Hayes was arrested on Sunday, and is locked up at the Twenty-second Street Police Station. Fitzgerald was arrested on Friday night, and is in the County Jail.

Fight Between the Unions.

The two stone yards which were wrecked early on the morning of Aug. 12, destroying thousands of dollars' worth of machinery, were those of Patrick Edgeworth & Sons, Twenty-seventh street and Stewart avenue, and Ernest Heldmaier, at Bridgeport. Both yards employed stonecutters who broke away from the old Building Trades Council during the strike of last year. These stonecutters belong to an independent union, and are pitted in deadly trade rivalry against seventy-five other stonecutters who still belong to the old union. This rivalry has led to frequent assaults upon members of the independent union, according to the police. Joe Hayes is now under indictment on the charge of stealing the books of the independent stonecutters from the home of their secretary.

The arrest of Hardy, and of Hayes and Fitzgerald has been kept a secret by the police in order to facilitate the capture of other persons. It is on information furnished by Hardy that the other two arrests were made. Hardy has volunteered to go before the September grand jury.

According to Hardy's story to the police, five months ago he fell in with two men, who told him they had a "job" to do for some labor union. They said, according to Hardy, they were to get $200 for blowing up some machinery. Nothing more was said about the matter, Hardy continued, until three weeks ago, when he happened to be in Harry Noonan's saloon, at 3108 State street. There, he says, Hayes and a man, whose name the police are uncertain about, brought up the matter again, the unknown man telling Hardy that he wanted two pieces of machinery blown up, one at Bridgeport and the other at Twenty-seventh street and Stewart avenue. Hardy says he was asked if he and one of his friends could not do the job.

Hardy then hunted up this friend and told him about the "job." There were several more conferences. The night after the last conference, Hardy tells the police, he and his friend went to Bridgeport, but they found that the stonecutters were working nights. They decided to wait till the following Sunday night. On the night of Aug. 7 they went to the Edgeworth yards, but found two couples of young people sitting just outside. They then agreed to meet Sunday night, Aug. 11.

Story of the Explosion.

On that night Hardy told the police he, Fitzgerald, and three others met at Liberty Hall, first going to Fitzgerald's house. The latter there got two sticks of dynamite and fuses, Hardy says, and he and Fitzgerald went to Bridgeport, while the others went to the Edgeworth yards.

Hardy says that both he and Fitzgerald entered the yard, Fitzgerald carrying the dynamite. In running away Hardy sprained his ankle and was caught by a Deering street policeman. The other arrests were made by the Deering street police under Lieutenant Bonfield and the police of the Twenty-second Street Station. It is said that the Mooney & Boland detective agency also is working on the case.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CHILDREN TO REPORT LIQUOR CRIMES.

The Rev. M. M. Parkhurst Inaugurates Plan to Use the Church Classes as an Aid to the Citizens' League.

A plan to cause all Sunday school children in Chicago to act as agents of the Citizens' league in detecting the sale of liquor to minors has been conceived and is being carried out by the Rev. M. M. Parkhurst, the superintendent of the league. His idea is to interest the superintendents of Sunday schools at first, and through them the children in their charge. He believes that there are but few Sunday school children in the city who do not know of some boy or young man to whom liquor is sold by saloonkeepers.

HUSBAND AWAY FIRST TIME.

Mrs. Edgar Richards of Chicago Junction Loses Her Spouse in Grand Central Depot.

For the first time in thirty-five years Mrs. Edgar Richards of Chicago Junction, O., was separated from her husband last night. She spent the night in the waiting-room of the Grand Central Depot, while the police were trying to locate her husband. He had disappeared while the console were waiting for a train.

EXPECT WARRANTS FOR POLICEMEN.

Justice Jerome's Inquiry Likely to Result in Arrest of Three Officials.

STORMY DAY ON SOUND.

Three Steamers Forced to Run for Shelter and Land Their Passengers.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 19.

Warrants for Police Officials Looked For.

Warrants for the arrest of three persons of prominence in the Police department will in all probability be issued tomorrow or next day as a result of the secret inquiry Justice Jerome has been conducting in the case of "the people of the State of New York against Edward G. Glennon and others." Today was occupied with the preparation of the testimony of the witnesses before the justice and the signing of the testimony. Definite action therefore is expected within a short time.

In addition to Glennon, against whom the inquiry was directed originally, those mentioned during the inquiry were Glennon's Captain, John F. Flood; Sergeant John H. Sheils, and "Wardman" John D. Myer, together with Captain Watson Vredenburgh. Captain Gannon, and the latter's "wardman," John J. Turley, who refused to take the oath before Justice Jerome because he was not told who "the others" were until after he had been arrested for contempt.

Three Sound Steamers in Rough Weather.

A southwest gale, which swept Long Island Sound all day, increased to such violence this evening that the three sound steamers, the Shadyside, the Harlem, and the Rosedale, which left New York early in the afternoon for Connecticut cities, had to put into shore for safety. On the way up the sound the boats had a rough experience. The waves dashed about them twenty feet high.

The situation became so threatening that the Captains of the Shadyside and the Harlem decided to land their passengers, numbering about 150, at the City Island pier. The Rosedale, which is a side wheeler, attempted to weather the storm, but was forced to seek shelter in the Hempstead harbor, where it was anchored to ride out the storm.

The passengers who landed at City Island were taken to Bartow and New Rochelle in horse cars, where they boarded trains. The trip from the boats to the railroad stations was made in a driving rain, and the women were drenched.

At Larchmont the storm, besides making the race between the cup defenders impossible, did considerable damage to small yachts.

At a meeting of the Executive council of the International Union of Textile Workers of America it was decided to call a special convention of the International union for Nov. 18 at Washington, when the union will formally disband and surrender its charter to the American Federation of Labor preparatory to the amalgamation of the union with the American Federation of Textile Workers.

Say Syndicate Is Backing Suit Against Estate.

In the action brought by John Stewart Brough Lawyer J. Gale Needham, opening up a new strife over the millions of the late A. T. Stewart, several motions were on before Justice O'Gorman of the Supreme Court today, made in behalf of Horace Russell and Edward D. Harris as executors of the late Henry Hilton. The case has been mapped out in a way to take advantage of the weakness of prior battle suits along the same lines. It affects not only the "Olde London Street" properties at 726, 728, and 730 Broadway, but is intended to be a wedge into the rest of the Stewart realty.

The executors asked that Lawyer Needham be compelled to disclose the residence of his client. In support of the motion an affidavit of Horace Russell was presented, in which he says that a French syndicate, with one Augusta Maria Macescoat at the head, has been formed to strike at the Stewart fortune by means of a suit of an alleged heir, and that he is informed that the present action is put forward by the syndicate.

The first bale of this year's crop of Georgia cotton was put up for sale at the Cotton Exchange today. It brought ten cents a pound, a fancy price.

Field Bric-a-Brac Goes to Museum of Art.

By the death of Mrs. Osgood Field on Friday at Lucerne, Switzerland, the rich collection of bric-a-brac of the late Osgood Field, which by the terms of Mr. Field's will was to remain in the possession of his widow in her lifetime, now goes to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The collection, numbering some 290 pieces, is of great value. It consists chiefly of porcelains, but includes also armor, embroideries, and a tall gilt wood hall clock, with the Doria Pamphilli arms.

There were reports current today that a hotel larger than any in this city will be built on the block bounded by Broadway and Amsterdam avenue and Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh streets. According to the report, "it will be the biggest hotel in the world." The property is at present unimproved. It is owned by Charles T. Barney.

H. O. Havemeyer Recovering From Illness.

Private advices from his Long Island home state that H. O. Havemeyer, President of the American Sugar Refining company, is steadily recovering from his recent illness, It is stated, however, that should his convalescence take too long a time Mr. Havemeyer's place in the American Sugar company will be temporarily filled by Lowell M. Palmer, one of the company's leading directors, or by Vice-President Thomas, whose headquarters are in Boston.

The cut of 10 cents per 100 weight in the price of refined sugar which was announced by the American Sugar Refining company was speedily met by the Arbuckle Brothers today. This cut had no effect on stock exchange transactions in sugar shares. The reduced price makes the market quotation for granulated 5.25 cents a pound.

F. B. Russell of Law and Order League Arrested.

Frederick Bruce Russell of the New York State Law and Order league was arrested this afternoon on a warrant issued in the Yorkville Court by Magistrate Brann at the request of James H. Lawrence, a newspaper reporter. The request was based on affidavits signed by Richard Henry Smith and William C. Wells, both of whom until recently were employed as agents for Russell's society.

In the affidavit Smith declared that on June 9 Russell told him that Benjamin Cohn, keeper of a resort at Fourteenth street and Irving place, was violating the law freely and that he ought to pay something for being let alone. That same evening Russell, Smith, and Wells called on Cohn, who, after some conversation with Russell, turned to Smith with the question: "Will $15 be enough?"

Smith, according to his sworn statement, repeated the question to Russell, who answered that it was all right and told Cohn to hand the money to Smith. That was done, Smith said, and later, outside the place, Smith turned the money over to Russell.

The statue of Liberty on Bedloes Island will be turned over to the War department if the recommendation of General Brooke, commanding the Department of the East, is approved by Congress. The recommendation will, it is said, be indorsed by Secretary Root, with the suggestion that Congress appropriate sufficient funds to complete the base of the statue and the approaches to it.

Islander Disaster Causes Panic Among Italians.

The disastor to the steamship Islander off the coast of Alaska was the cause of a tremendous commotion in Newark, N. J., today. In the morning the Columbian Guards of this city, with 1,200 excursionists, left Newark on the steamer Isabel for a trip up the Hudson. Many of the excursionists were Italians. When the news of the disaster to the Islander was bulletined, a report spread through the Italian settlement that it was the Isabel which had gone down. Hundreds of men, women, and children from the Italian quarter rushed to the docks. There the foreigners wept and prayed. It was necessary to call out the police reserves before any semblance of order could be obtained. In two hours it was learned that the Isabel had reached its destination in safety and the crowd dispersed.

At the Board of Health today it was said that there had not been a single case of smallpox reported there for thirty hours from noon on Saturday. Since last September anywhere from two to twenty cases have been reported each day, but the health authorities now believe that the disease is no longer epidemic.

J. T. Hayden's Accounts Short $15,000.

John Chaplin, auditor of the wholesale butcher company of Swift & Co., said tonight that the shortage of John T. Hayden, the missing secretary and treasurer of the New York corporation, would not amount to more than $15,000. Mr. Chaplin had completed his audit of the books and was confident that he had got everything. Hayden did not attempt to manipulate his books to cover the shortage. As treasurer he drew checks upon the bank deposits of the concern. Checks for large amounts bearing his signature were cashed without question by the bank, and the money which passed through his hands in the course of a year reached a total of fully $25,000,000. All that was necessary, therefore, for Hayden to do to get money was to sign checks.

Albert Frank, head of the advertising firm of Albert Frank & Co., died suddenly yesterday of apoplexy at the Hotel Majestic. He was a native of Prussia and in his 67th year.

Receivers Asked for Corkran's Lumber Concerns.

Application will be made to the courts tomorrow for the appointment of E. F. Perry, Secretary of the National Lumbermen's association, as receiver of the Chequasset Lumber company of 66 Broad street. Charles E. Corkran, President of the Chequasset company, said today that its financial embarrassment had been brought about by the embezzlement by an official of the American Hardwood company of Cincinnati, O., a subsidary concern. Two other subsidary corporations are the Manor and Parkton Lumber companies of Baltimore.

Petitions for receivership in the case of these have also been made in Baltimore, but the applicants have been connected with the companies and are opposed to Mr. Corkran's administrative methods. Dispatches from Baltimore state that the grounds for the petition are that Mr. Corkran issued notes upon the lumber deliveries of the two concerns.

Receivers for the Parkton and Chequasset Lumber companies were apointed at Baltimore today on petition of Mr. Corkran.

Representatives of the German-American anti-Tammany associations at a dinner tonight agreed upon a plan of action to be followed in the coming municipal campaign, and agreed to act in unison for a reform administration.

Supreme Court Stays Trial of Captain Diamond.

When the case of Police Captain Thomas J. Diamond, who is accused of neglect of duty, was called before Recorder Goff today Mr. Henderson, counsel for Captain Diamond, presented an order signed by Supreme Court Justice J. O. Dykeman staying all proceedings until Aug. 29, when a motion for a change of venue will be made. Diamond's counsel contends that he cannot obtain a fair trial for his client in this county owing to the state of public opinion here. Recorder Goff was angry, and styled Mr. Henderson's conduct as unprofessional. He said counsel had asked adjournment on Friday and got it under false pretenses.

Heinrich Conried of the Irving Place Theater has engaged for two years Mme. Helene Odilon, who acted last spring as the star of the Irving Place Theater. She is to act under his management in this country and Berlin and will remain a member of the company at the Deutsches Volks Theater in Vienna for three months every year. She is to act here this season and the following year.

G. Whitehead Claims Successful Flying Machine.

Gustave Whitehead, the mechanical engineer of Bridgeport, Conn., who has been experimenting with flying machines for a decade, has made a final test of his invention. It is said to have flown a distance of half a mile with Whitehead at a height of fifty feet and to have descended safely. The flight was made at 2 o'clock on Wednesday morning in Fairfield, with Andrew Collie and James Dickie, who have been furnishing the inventor with capital for the last year, as spectators. If their versions of the flight are true, Whitehead has a real flying machine. He has been an assistant to Professor Langley of the Smithsonian Institution and of Professor Andree. Whitehead's machine is built on the plan of a ship with large batlike wings.

Erastus H. Lewis, the champion fat man of Jersey City, will be buried from his home at 1002 Summit avenue tomorrow morning. On account of Mr. Lewis' great size the body was lowered from the room in which he died, on the second floor, to the first floor. In order to accomplish this it was placed on a stretcher, which was then slid down the staircase by means of ropes fastened to the ends.

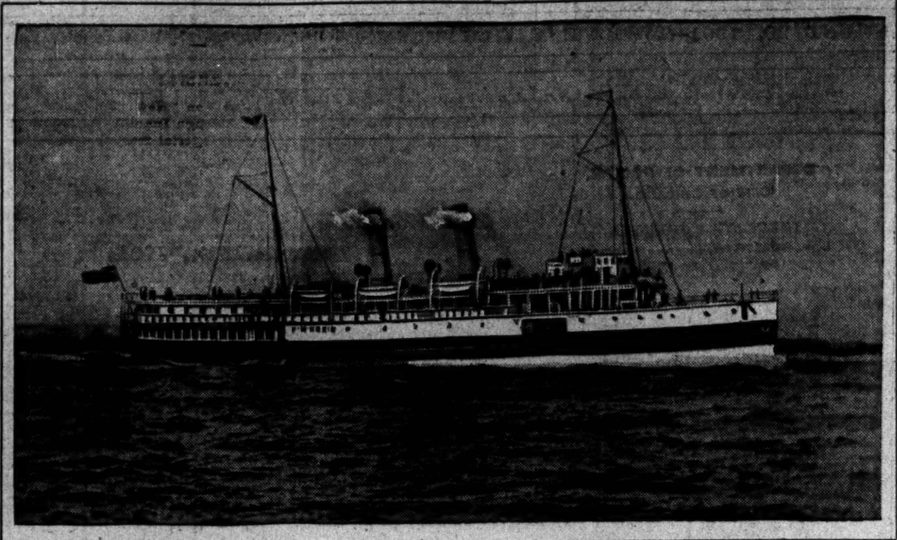
Suit Against Seventh National Stockholder.

Forrest Raynor, as receiver for the Seventh National Bank, began an action in the United States Circuit Court today against Guy T. Major, one of the stockholders. There was no complaint filed in the court. In the summons it is stated that judgment for $50,000 will be taken against Major if answer is not made twenty days from Aug. 19. At the office of counsel for Receiver Raynor it was said that the suit was begun against Major because it was learned that he was about to sail for Europe and because he had not made good the assessment levied by the Controller of the Currency on his stock.

Society Men Fight About a Woman.

On the plazza of a leading hotel at Narragansett Pier shortly after midnight last evening Harry Disston of Philadelphia, a well known society man and a member of the Camden Polo club, had a hand to hand fight with Gross Hortwitz of Baltimore. Mr. Disston, who is a small man, fought desperately and inflicted several terrific blows on the face of his antagonist, so it is said. The fight was caused by a dispute as to who stood first in the affections of a certain Narragansett society woman.

STEAMSHIP ISLANDER, SUNK BY ICEBERG; LOSS OVER SIXTY LIVES.



HEALTH OFFICIALS' PLAN TO CHECK IMPURE ICE SALE.

Likely to Enforce Ordinance Barring the Refrigerator Quality Except on Specific Permits.

Acting Health Commissioner F. W. Reilly and Attorney George H. Kriete of the Health department took a hand in the matter of pure ice yesterday, and have now under consideration a plan whereby it will be impossible to purchase or to sell any refrigerating ice until both the ice company and the consumer have obtained city permits to transact the trade. This, it is hoped, will bar out the guerrilla firms in the river wards and cut off from public sale second-class ice that sometimes is now disposed of in small quantities to families by dishonest wagon men.

The action contemplated could be taken under a provision of the city ordinances that has never before been enforced, and, it is believed, will be accepted by the ice firms without exception.

The provision under which the action may be taken is: "Section 5—This ordinance shall not be construed to prohibit the selling or delivering of impure ice to be used only for packing or cooling purposes. That is to say, for use in refrigerators, refrigerating cars, freezing machines, rooms, and other places where it will not come in contact with articles of food and drink; provided, that a permit be first granted by the Commissioner of Health to sell, deliver, or use for the purpose aforesaid and for any other purpose."

The Chicago Health Department is satisfied with the ice supply now sold, for the large companies have done their duty, and are selling good ice. Of course there are the guerrillas—but they are not connected with the large concerns, who, I repeat, are doing all they can. To handle the guerrillas it may be necessary to prohibit the sale of so-called refrigerating ice except on specific permit, both to the person selling and to the person buying."

OBJECTIONS TO HOOVER TO BE SET FORTH TODAY.

President Gary of Home Finding Association Will Lay Case Before Meeting of Board of Managers.

President Simon P. Gary today will present to the managers of the American Home Finding association his objections to the presence of the Rev. George K. Hoover as General Superintendent. He will ask the board to authorize the appointment of a committee of business-men to investigate fully the affairs of the association and the conduct of Dr. Hoover as its manager.

It is expected that an effort will be made by Dr. Hoover to fill the board membership with his personal friends. The board now lacks three members, having only twenty-four when to be complete it should have twenty-seven members. The Rev. J. P. Brushingham and the Rev. G. A. Hagstrom are out of the city. All the other members of the board are expected to be present.

Mr. Gary declined to say yesterday what course he would pursue when the board convened at 12 o'clock. He and Vice President Linderoth were directed by the board at its last meeting to prepare a statement showing why "they differ from the majority." To carry out this instruction President Gary and Vice President Linderoth probably will make some plain statements concerning the state of affairs and ask for a careful inquiry into the financial condition of the association.

"CHICK" CURRAN, FORMER WARD LEADER, IS DEAD.

One-Time Political Power in the City Democracy of the Old Tenth Ward Dies at County Hospital.

Hugh, or as he was better known, "Chick" Curran, died yesterday at the County Hospital after a lingering illness. He left a widow and two daughters, living at 451 Hastings street, and a son, who is on a ranch in Dakota. Curran has been a familiar figure in Democratic politics in Chicago for many years. He was born at Polk street and Center avenue in 1848, and always had lived on the West Side. In the older days of the Second Congressional District he belonged to the faction led by Aldermen Burke and Sheridan, and first became prominent as a supporter of Frank Lawler at the time he defeated John F. Finerty for Congress in the district. For a time he controlled the old Tenth Ward.

SEASHORE EXCURSION,

Via Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Chicago to New York and return $31, with stop-over privileges. For information address W. W. Picking, General Agent, Passenger department, 244 Clark street. B. N. Austin, General Passenger Agent, Merchants' Loan and Trust Building.

RAID FENCE; MAKE ARREST

POLICE THINK THEY HAVE DARING GANG CAPTURED.

Goods Stolen and Carted Away on Wagons in Down-Town District Found in a Barn at 115 Aberdeen Street—Burglars Enter Riley Darnell's Haberdashery Shop in Great Northern Hotel and Rob the Till.

A gang, supposed to be organized to steal in the down-town district and carry away the plunder in wagons, was raided yesterday. Detective Sergeants Howard and Duffy arrested Henry Daly, Frank Reynolds, and Edward McCullom on suspicion of being members of the gang. They are being held at the Central Station without bail, as it is believed by the police that more arrests will be made.

The police say that the three men are implicated in a robbery amounting to over $8,500 worth of merchandise belonging to the A. Dixon Transfer company, Fifth avenue and Harrison street, and Simon Bros., 252 Monroe street.

In connection with the arrest a fence was found. It was in a barn at 115 Aberdeen street. The barn had been rented from Mrs. Anna Burns on Aug. 5. When the police went to the place after shadowing Reynolds and McCullom they discovered nearly $1,500 worth of dry goods. The property was identified as belonging to Simon Bros.

Reynolds and McCullom denied any knowledge of the dry goods, as well as of several cases which had originally contained about $2,000 worth of silverware owned by the A. Dixon Transfer company. Later the police arrested Daly in his room at Monroe and Halsted streets.

Many other thefts, not of such large values, have been reported to the Central police. In each case the robberies were committed in the same manner. A man would mount the seat of a wagon containing costly goods while the driver was attending to other duties, and drive away. Later the empty wagon would be found.

Burglars in Furnishing Store.

Boring through the tile wall separating Riley Darnell's store at 233 Dearborn street from the vacant building adjoining, burglars reached a cash box secreted on a shelf in the store and made away with $100 which it contained.

Only a door separates the looted store from the office of the Great Northern Hotel, but no one in the latter place was attracted to say, for use in refrigerators, refrigerating cars, freezing machines, rooms, and other places where it will not come in contact with articles of food and drink; provided, that a permit be first granted by the Commissioner of Health to sell, deliver, or use for the purpose aforesaid and for any other purpose."

The Chicago Health Department is satisfied with the ice supply now sold, for the large companies have done their duty, and are selling good ice. Of course there are the guerrillas—but they are not connected with the large concerns, who, I repeat, are doing all they can. To handle the guerrillas it may be necessary to prohibit the sale of so-called refrigerating ice except on specific permit, both to the person selling and to the person buying."

Sad Case of Mrs. Ross.

The case of Mrs. Ross is a peculiarly sad one. She left Victoria a short time ago to join her husband, who was recently appointed Governor of the Yukon Territory. It is only a few days since she left her parents in this city, Mr. and Mrs. John Mackay.

It was for the purpose of carrying out plans for the future that she was on her way to Victoria, it being her intention to purchase furniture and furnishings for the new home of the Governor. She left five of her children in Victoria, but brought the youngest, an infant, with her, together with a niece, the daughter of her brother living in Dawson.

Help Comes from Juneau.

The survivors found themselves on Douglas Island, and when day had fully dawned the mate and ten of his men took one of the boats and started for Juneau for help. They landed twenty-five miles from that point and walked into the town.

As soon as the alarm was given the steamers Flossie and Lucy started for the scene of the disaster. The survivors on Douglas Island were brought to Juneau. Decker's Hall in the meantime had been hastily transformed into a shelter, and when the survivors arrived they found dry clothing, hot coffee, and suitable food waiting for them.

Was a Crack Steamer.

The Islander was the largest passenger vessel of the Canadian Pacific Navigation company. It was built at Glasgow at a cost of over $200,000, and arrived at Victoria on Dec. 9, 1888, and was put on the Victoria and Vancouver route.

Admits Theft of Diamonds.

Samuel Peardon, charged with the theft of $1,500 worth of diamonds from Mrs. Charles McCulloch of Fort Wayne, Ind., admitted to Hugh S. Fullerton, his victim's son-in-law, and to the police, that he took the jewelry, but denied knowledge of its whereabouts. During the examination of the prisoner yesterday a friend called at the Stanton Avenue Station and promised that all the diamonds but one, which could not be found, would be returned to their owner if it was guaranteed there would be no prosecution. This proposal was rejected.

Late in the afternoon Mrs. Genevieve Dairdsen and Alice Kahill, a roomer at Peardon's house, were arrested as accessories.

CRUSADERS AGAINST BEER WAGONS SCORED BY LAWYER.

Arthur Burrage Farwell Called a "Bewhiskered Fanatic" by Attorney Austrian—Twelve Defeats for State.

The Hyde Park Protective association met its twelfth defeat before a jury in Justice Quinn's court yesterday in its efforts to convict drivers of brewery wagons under an old ordinance requiring they shall take out a license. This last hearing was enlivened by Attorney Austrian's attack on the officers of the Protective association. So severe were these the court was appealed to for protection, which was granted.

"All because of a number of fanatics it takes the whole police force of this district to chase beer wagons," said Mr. Austrian in his argument. "I wish to point out to the members of the jury the august representative of this association. There he is (pointing to Secretary Arthur Burrage Farwell)—the bewhiskered fanatic."

Five cases were heard yesterday, and by stipulation Attorney Austrian admitted beer had been delivered in accordance with the charges of the prosecution. Yet the jury returned verdicts of not guilty.

WALKS IN SLEEP, FALLS, DIES.

Somnambulist Is Found Unconscious Under His Bedroom Window and Injuries Result Fatally.

Olaf Moren of 242 Townsend street died yesterday, a victim of somnambulism. Moren early in the morning fell out of a second-story window. He was found unconscious, and physicians were unable to save him. Mrs. Moren stated that her husband had been a somnambulist for several years, and she had often caught him walking in his sleep. It is believed that it was while in this condition he stepped out of the window and fell to the sidewalk twenty-five feet below.

Your credit is good for a diamond. Easy payments. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

STEAMER SINKS; SEVENTY LOST.

Alaskan Ship Islander Strikes Hidden Iceberg and Goes Down.

DISASTER IN THE NIGHT.

Returning Klondikers, Throw Away Gold in Order to Escape with Life.

STORIES OF THE SURVIVORS.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Surviving passengers and members of the crew of the steamer Islander arrived here today and bring additional details of the wreck of that vessel last Thursday morning.

It is known that sixty-five persons were drowned, and members of the crew say there were probably five or six stowaways on the steamer, and that the five children known to have been on board were either drowned or died of exposure.

So the death list will possibly reach seventy and more.

The Islander sailed from Skagway on Wednesday evening, Aug. 14, with 108 passengers on board. The vessel, while running at a rate of fifteen knots, struck a floating iceberg near the head of Douglas Island at 2 o'clock the following morning and sunk in deep water in less than twenty minutes.

Word was soon passed that the vessel was doomed, and a general scramble for the lifeboats ensued, many jumping overboard and attempting to swim to the shore, the distance being short. In the scramble to get into the boats many were buried headlong into the chilly water, which, according to passengers arriving from the scene, seemed alive with human beings.

Before all the passengers had left the vessel it gave a lunge and went down, bow first.

Heroism of the Crew.

The officers and members of the crew, from Captain to coal passer, showed the greatest heroism and presence of mind. Captain Foote remained on the bridge until the last minute, giving orders which the crew faithfully executed. When the vessel began to sink and it was seen there was no earthly expedient could avail the Captain jumped into the life raft which was already too full. Realizing that his weight would sink the frail craft he exclaimed: "I see there are too many here, so good-bye, boys," and swam away. He was shortly afterward seen to sink.

Passengers Abandon Their Gold.

A number of passengers of the wrecked steamer Islander tell of their thrilling experience during the disaster. M. Blumaur of Portland, who was bringing out a satchel containing $14,000 in Klondike gold, rushed up to the upper deck when the boat was settling by the head, and Captain Foote told him there was little danger.

Soon there was a rush for the boats, and when he was boarding the lifeboat he was afraid to throw his satchel of gold down from the deck into the boat for fear that the weight of the gold would stave a hole through the lifeboat, and thus cause the loss of the lives in the boats as well as losing his own chances of safety. He concluded to abandon his gold, and dropping the satchel on the deck he slid down into the water and was hauled to the boat, thankful to have his life saved though he lost his treasure.

San Pariloupe also dropped a satchel laden with $4,000 gold, and a friend lost his portmanteau with $3,000 in gold in it, and each escaped to tell the story.

Was a Crack Steamer.

The Islander was the largest passenger vessel of the Canadian Pacific Navigation company. It was built at Glasgow at a cost of over $200,000, and arrived at Victoria on Dec. 9, 1888, and was put on the Victoria and Vancouver route.

FEAR RUSSIAN BARK IS LOST.

Ship Neptune Believed to Have Been Broken Up During Recent Gulf of Mexico Storm.

Pensacola, Fla., Aug. 19.—It is feared that the Russian bark Neptune, Captain Zettkoff, which sailed from here on Aug. 10 for Montevideo, was lost in the recent storm.

The foundation for this fear is the fact that pieces of the stern of a vessel with the name Neptune were picked up today on the outer beach of Santa Rosa Island, several miles out.

William Idmixen, an ex-pilot of this city, was a passenger on the Neptune.

CHICAGO CAPITAL BOOMING THE ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE.

American Syndicate Makes Proposition to Montreal Officials and if Accepted Will Build Special Fleet of Steamers.

The Harbor Commissioners of Montreal are now considering a proposition laid before them last week by the "Wolvin Syndicate" for the development of the commerce of the St. Lawrence system of canals and the diverting to this route to the seaboard of a considerable amount of the export freight which goes east by way of the great lakes. A delegation composed of A. B. Wolvin of Duluth, W. L. Brown of Chicago, J. H. Hoyt, James C. Wallace, and Robert Wallace of Cleveland visited Montreal last Thursday on the invitation of the Harbor Commissioners, and remained in consultation until Saturday evening.

Mr. Brown, who returned to Chicago yesterday, outlined the plans desired.

"We have been engaged in looking up this matter for the last two years," Mr. Brown said. "The Canadian government has spent $80,000,000 in improving the waterways of the St. Lawrence, and they believe their route has great possibilities for the future. After looking the ground over thoroughly, we made them a proposition, and now we are waiting for their answer. If they accept our terms we are prepared to go ahead at once. All the money necessary for construction of ships and terminals has been pledged, and the American Shipbuilding company could turn out some of the steamers at the opening of navigation next year."

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

RAISE REALTY ONE-FIFTH.

REVIEWERS DECIDE THIS AVERAGE WILL BE NECESSARY.

Increase of 15 Per Cent in Lake View and 10 in Jefferson Indicate Advance of One-third in Hyde Park and Down-Town District—Question of Classifying Railroad Land Referred to County Attorney—More than 1,000 Schedules Considered.

By the latest figures of the Board of Review an average increase for the different towns in Chicago of 20 per cent in real estate assessments will be necessary. That increase will bring the total assessed valuation of all property, real and personal, up to $400,000,000.

Based on these figures an increase in the real estate assessments in Lake View of 15 per cent was made yesterday. This, together with the increase of 10 per cent in Jefferson on Saturday, indicates that some of the towns will be compelled to meet a much larger increase. It has been intimated that Hyde Park values will be advanced 30 or 35 per cent, while almost as large an increase will be made on the property inside of the Union Loop.

The estimate of the Board of Review is as follows:

Necessary assessed valuation	$400,000,000
Real estate assessments returned by assessors	227,191,799
Personal property returned by assessors	74,580,394
Total returned by assessors	$301,772,193
Increase in personal property by Board of Review	15,000,000
Estimated increase to be made by State Board of Equalization	35,000,000
Expected increase in valuations of real and personal property of railroads inside Chicago	4,000,000
Total	$355,772,193

This estimate leaves a deficit of a little less than $45,000,000, which the board contemplates meeting by the increase in the real estate valuations.

The question of the reclassification of railway property was referred to the County Attorney for a legal opinion of the power of the board.

It was a "Monday bargain day" in the board rooms. More than a thousand schedules were considered.

S. W. Allerton has written the Board of Review that their assessment of $500,000 against him is unjust and will force him to be a "tax fighter," a name, he says, "I despise, but I can see no other way to do."

The Lake County Board of Review heard wealthy residents of Highland Park during the day, and in a number of cases increased their assessments. J. McGregor Adams, President of the Adams & Westlake company, had sent a schedule for $840. This the board raised to $1,240. Colonel Davidson pleaded against assessing $3,000 back taxes against the Northwestern Military Academy and the board reserved its decision. Cyrus M. Gillus' assessment was raised from $270 to $1,020 and S. M. Millard's from $1,060 to $2,000.

OBITUARY.

GENERAL JOSEPH F. KNIPE, a hero of two wars, is dead at his home in Harrisburg, Pa. He fought through the Mexican war with General Scott and in the civil war he participated in all the battles in which the Twelfth Corps took part from Chattanooga to Atlanta. He afterwards served as chief of cavalry in the Army of the Tennessee. He was postmaster of Harrisburg during the Johnson administration and at the time of his death was connected with the State department.

LOUIS T. BOETTGER, Chicago, aged 40 years, died last Friday at New Haven, Conn. He was a resident of Chicago and his remains were received in this city yesterday. Boettger went to New Haven on a commercial tour, and while stopping at his hotel was taken suddenly ill. He was removed to the State Hospital, and died in three hours after reaching there.

CAPTAIN ERIC M. GABRIELSON, who retired from the United States revenue marine service in 1895, and who was master of the cutter Dexter that assisted in rescuing passengers of the steamer City of Columbus, wrecked on Devil's Bridge, Vineyard Sound, when 121 persons were drowned, died at his home in Edgewater, Mass., yesterday.

A WEAK STOMACH

will upset every organ in your body. If you are constipated, bilious, nervous, sleepless or easily fatigued try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It quiets the nerves, improves the appetite and makes rich, pure blood. It cures all forms of stomach disorders, such as **indigestion, constipation** and **dyspepsia.** It has been doing this for the past fifty years. A fair trial will convince you.

Be Sure You Get the Genuine HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

GLOBE DESKS

All odd patterns have been marked at SPECIAL NET PRICES to close before September trade begins. Also special values in

CHAIRS, TABLES, FILING CABINETS

THE GLOBE-WERNICKE CO.

224, 226, 228 Wabash-av.

2 Phones—Harrison 1426. Harrison 1445.

Snow-clad Mountains Colorado

Flashing trout streams—
Wild game in primeval forests—
Air like wine—sky-high peaks.

An ideal summer outing.

One fare for round trip, plus $2.00, over the Santa Fe to Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Denver, Glenwood, Salt Lake City.

Lower rates first ten days August and September.

Observation Pullmans on daily fast trains—Harvey meals—Magnificent mountain views.

Ask for booklet—"A Colorado Summer."

Santa Fe

J. M. CONNELL, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept., 109 Adams-st., Chicago.

R·R·R RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For headache, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, pleurisy, swelling of the joints, and pains of all kinds, Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease.

A CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS,

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency, and all Internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious, and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm-st., New York.

BUSINESS BRINGERS.

Tribune advertising will increase your business.

SIX KILLED; 23 MISSING IN FIRE

Explosion of Benzine in Philadelphia Refinery Is Followed by Big Loss of Life.

SCORE MORE INJURED.

Disaster Comes While Department Is Fighting Flames Caused by Lightning Striking Tanks.

WHOLE ENGINE GANG GONE.

Every Member of Company Believed to Be Buried in the Ruins—Blaze Burns for Hours Before the Disaster.

BUILD DIKES TO STOP DESTROYER

Philadelphia, Aug. 20, 8 a. m.—[Special.]—Six firemen are known to have been killed and twenty-three missing as the result of a fire which started during a severe electrical storm this afternoon, when a large tank at the Atlantic Refining company's plant at Point Breeze was struck by lightning. A series of explosions of oil and benzine tanks occurred. The loss is estimated at $650,000. The fire is still burning and all the firemen in the city are fighting to hold back the burning oil.

The dead:
BALLS, JAMES, engine company 49.
M'CULLEN, JOHN, engine company 49.
FOUR EMPLOYES of Atlantic Refining company.

Missing:
ENTIRE HOSE COMPANY of the Atlantic Refining company's force; supposed to be buried in the ruins of tank 88, which exploded at 12:10 a. m.; there are sixteen men in the company.
SEVEN MEMBERS OF ENGINE COMPANY 49, supposed to be in the ruins of the pumphouse.

The injured:
Anderson, Joseph, truckman.
Barrett, Richard, engine company No. 46.
Diser, ——, foreman.
Davis, Frank, truckman.
Doyle, John, truckman.
Flynn, John, employé refining company.
Hurst, Alonzo, company No. 46.
Jennings, George, truckman.
Lewis, Charles, truckman.
McNamee, Joseph, assistant foreman.
McGowan, John, engine company No. 49.
Mason, Samuel.
Neal, Charles.
Peterson, Frank, truckman.
Tinney, Alex., employé of refinery.

The tank contained 12,000 barrels of benzine. When the bolt struck it a hole was made in the top of the tank, and through this a column of burning benzine shot skyward and fell in blazing torrents on the nearby tanks and storehouses, setting fire to the plant in a dozen different places. Before the flames were controlled five large and four small tanks had been destroyed and their contents were feeding the blaze, which lit up the country for miles around.

Blazing Oil Flows.

At midnight, when the flames were thought to be under control, the lake of blazing oil overflowed its banks and poured into the pump house, where the members of Engine Company No. 49 and men from Truck 9 were at work. Escape was cut off and the men were imprisoned by the oil. Three were taken out dead and other dead men are thought to be in the ruins.

The large tanks destroyed were Nos. 80, 81, 82, 83, and 84, and the small receptacles were those for the newly refined oil for commercial use in the city and one for the storage of oil to be shipped.

When tank 82 was struck the mass of burning benzine which was shot up into the air fell on tank 83, which stood alongside of it. Within twenty minutes this tank exploded, and immediately afterwards tank 81 went up. This was blown to pieces by the force of the explosion and several men narrowly escaped death in the fall of the masses of iron of which it had been composed.

Tank 84 caught fire at 6 o'clock, and after burning for about half an hour the top fell in and a column of flame shot out. At 8:30 tank 80 exploded. By hard work at the pumps most of the oil in this tank had been drawn out, there being only 5,000 barrels in it at the time of the explosion.

Fight to Hold Back Oil.

From this time until midnight the firemen battled to keep the pools of burning oil within a restricted space. Despite their efforts a stream of the blazing fluid overran the banks of the improvised lake which had been formed around the ruins of the tanks and spread to one of the small storage tanks in the marshland, near the river banks.

TWELVE MAY BE KILLED.

Five Tons of Dynamite Explode at Herkimer, N. Y., with Fatal Effect.

Herkimer, N. Y., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Five tons of dynamite stored in the old Mohawk and Malone roundhouse, in this village, blew up at 10:15 tonight, instantly killing twelve or thirteen men, all members of the New York Central bridge gang, which was stopping in a car which stood on a side track near by.

Five out of the fifteen men have been accounted for. Three of these are dead and one fatally injured. J. H. Vosburg was foreman of the gang.

Bricks and fragments of iron were blown several blocks away.

BIG SHELL KILLS AND MAIMS.

Two Dead and Seven Injured by Premature Explosion in Practice at Fort Riley, Kas.

Junction City, Kas., Aug. 19.—While at target practice about 9 o'clock this morning on Fort Riley reservation, half a mile north of this city, a seven-inch, 107 pound shell exploded as it was being placed in the breech of the third section gun of siege Battery O, Seventh Artillery, commanded by Captain Vandusen. Private Henry C. Watson was killed instantly and John J. King died later.

The dead:
KING, JOHN J.
WATSON, HENRY C.; killed instantly.

The injured:
Brady, James; wounded slightly.
Buck, Roos; wounded slightly.
Duncan, Charles; wounded fatally.
Lloyd, recruit; wounded seriously.
Scanlon, Henry; wounded seriously.
Mahoney, Dennis; wounded, not dangerously.
Sykes, Murray; wounded fatally.

This morning the usual practice was in progress. The 107-pound shell had been put into the gun and Private Watson was in the act of ramming it home, when there was a terrific explosion, and the headless body of Watson was seen standing perfectly erect for almost fifteen seconds, when it moved as if to step and then fell.

WOMAN TAKES POISON WHILE HUSBAND ACTS.

Wife of leading comedian at Hopkins' Theater, who committed suicide by taking a dose of wood alcohol, of which she was a confirmed drinker.

HEALTH IN RICE AND CORN

CHEMISTS OFFER CHEAP SUBSTITUTE FOR COSTLY POTATOES.

State Analyst Eaton and Dr. Evans of the Columbus Food Laboratories Assert That These Grains Are Better than "Murphies," Which Rapidly Are Passing Beyond the Reach of the Poor—Necessity for Vegetables Said to Be a False Idea.

Throughout the river wards of the city, where poverty dwells and lives of misery are common, there is a famine of vegetables. Even the potato is missing, for it has ceased to be a necessity and has become a luxury—a dish for the rich.

Grocers along South Halsted, West Madison, and Twelfth streets say the sale of vegetables has fallen off 50 per cent within the last month. On South Water street merchants assert that never have such numbers of poor thronged the alleys and stores, asking for castoff potatoes and fruits, as at this time.

"With potatoes at $1.60 a bushel, and everything else in proportion, and not of the first class at that, what are we to do? Will THE TRIBUNE please publish suggestions on the subject and oblige its many readers?

"W."

Following this appeal to THE TRIBUNE an investigation was made, revealing many others asking for a solution of the same problem.

"My husband works for $2.50 a day," said a Mrs. Marquis, West Twelfth and Johnson streets. "We have a family of three, but we cannot afford to live on vegetables, as we once did. Potatoes cost us $1.80, and turnips, peas, beans, and cabbage are 'way beyond our purse. I know of families in this neighborhood who are starving for a good dish of such food."

Rice, Corn, and Hominy as Food.

At the Columbus Building Food Laboratories and at the offices of the State Pure Food commission yesterday it was declared that if the poor would only put aside their false ideas of the necessity of potatoes and vegetables they could have variety and all the good effects of the same with rice, corn, and hominy. These, it was asserted, are cheaper and more nutritious than potatoes.

State Analyst E. N. Eaton and Dr. Evans of the Columbus Food laboratories assert that all that prevents such famines from being a thing of the past is prejudice. They say boiled rice and boiled potatoes are similar in their ingredients, and present the following comparative analysis:

Potatoes have 75½ per cent of water and rice 72½ per cent, potatoes have 2.22 per cent of albuminous matter and rice 2.8 per cent, potatoes have 20 per cent of starch and rice 24.10 per cent, potatoes have .01 per cent of mineral matter and rice three-tenths of 1 per cent.

This, it is claimed, makes the two similar in health-giving powers, but with rice at 10 cents a pound, as it is now, it is over 25 per cent cheaper. The figures of corn and potatoes show even a more marked advantage for corn, as it is but 65 cents a bushel sack.

Better for Muscle and Brain.

"Muscle and brain are built up better by corn and rice than by potatoes," said Dr. Eaton yesterday. "They contain more phosphates and protein, and both are necessary. They can be prepared suitable to the palate in a thousand ways, and there is no need of a cry for potatoes."

"There is a form of red rice," said Dr. Evans, "that can be bought for a song. It is as nutritious as the ordinary rice, but is barred from fancy sale because of the streak of red through it. The poor should buy it, and I cannot understand why they do not. It is palatable, easily cooked, and a great health producer."

TOLEDO SPIDER RECORDS MURDER IN ITS WEB.

Killing of James Lee in a Saloon Brawl Gives a Versatile Ohio Insect Chance to Display Its Erudition.

Toledo, O., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—A Toledo spider has started a panic on Jackson avenue by weaving a web in which it records a murder.

Last Thursday Jim Lee was killed in a saloon on Canton avenue, and the man accused of his murder is now in jail.

The spider makes its home in a chute beside the house from which Jim Lee was buried. Early this morning a woman who lives in the house was panic-stricken to discover that the spider had woven in his web the words "My Jim" on one side and "Murder" on the other. Five thousand people saw the words in the web. The wind finally destroyed it.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT

Bert Thompson, Clerk for a Kenosha, Wis., Firm, Accused of Being $700 Short.

Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 19.—Herbert E. Thompson, commonly known to the bicycle trade in the United States as Bert Thompson, was arrested here this afternoon on a charge of embezzlement. For the last two months Thompson has been employed as a confidential clerk and bookkeeper for the A. D. Meiselbach company, and he is accused of peculating the funds of the firm to the amount of $700.

$8.00 Louisville and Return.

The Big Four on Aug. 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28 will sell tickets to Louisville, good returning until Sept. 2. Can be extended to Sept. 16. City ticket office, 234 Clark street, depots, and hotel ticket offices.

COLLERAN'S PEN HIS FOE.

LETTER DETECTIVE CHIEF WROTE ACCUSES HIM.

Message Sent to Iowa Sheriff Saying Harry Featherstone Was Not Wanted in Chicago, Though in Fact Under Indictment, Now Doing Twenty Years for Same Charge Then Pending—In Explanation Captain Seeks to Throw Blame on Lieutenants.

(Continued from first page.)

"But the records show that the case is still pending and that Fiegenbush forfeited his bail," was asserted.

"Well, we had him in court," came the answer. "The case was finished. Our records will show."

But the case still hangs fire in the Criminal Court, and "recognizance forfeited" is the entry which appears on the records under date of April 24 of this year. Captain Colleran carried one of these telegrams six days before it was placed on file in his office. Then it was marked "Look up," but in the meantime the San Francisco authorities had been unable to hold Figenbush longer, and he was released.

The trial of Lieutenant Peter Joyce and Detective Sergeant Cramer will begin next Monday. Tracy, who is under suspension, is expected to ask that he be tried at the same time. The Civil Service Commissioners determined on hastening the hearing after a consultation with Chief O'Neill and Acting Mayor Walker. The latter advised them that they need not wait for the fifteen days to elapse within which, the law prescribes, a suspended city employé may demand trial. The fact that Joyce has not been suspended is held up as one of the reasons why the hearing may be hastened. Had he been suspended, as was Tracy, it is held that the two might have waited the full fifteen days.

No formal charges have been entered against Colleran as yet, and the cry was raised yesterday that Robert E. Burke would see that the chief of detectives escaped trial. Another phase was given the matter, however, by one of the high officials in the City Hall.

"Charges were not filed against Captain Colleran," he said, "further than Cramer's statement that Colleran got $10 of the $75, because it was feared that witnesses who will now come forward would not give testimony through fear of Burke or Colleran. Now, it is believed, they will testify freely, and it is expected that the results will be such that Colleran will have to explain more of the scandals resting on his office."

Acting Mayor Walker intimated that no charges would be filed against Colleran yet.

"He could ask a trial by the Police Trial board if he wished to vindicate himself," said the acting Mayor. "As it is, there would be just one man's word against any denial Colleran might enter. The problem will work itself out before the Merit board."

Colleran attempted to prove his innocence by an alibi.

"I was in New York attending a national convention of chiefs of police when this thing occurred," he asserted. "I know nothing about any $10."

But Captain Colleran returned to Chicago from New York on June 4 or 5.

"That fictitious expense account was drawn up about June 6," declared Chief O'Neill. "Captain Colleran was in the city then."

The witnesses the Civil Service Commissioners already have cited to appear when the investigation begins on Monday include Chief O'Neill, Lieutenants McWeeney and Joyce, and Detectives Tracy, Gallagher, and Cramer.

Members of the family of the late Detective Frank Stibie asserted that offers of money had been made for Stibie's papers. It is said that Colleran's friends are trying to get their hands on these documents, fearing they may contain much evidence against the Detective bureau and its chief.

Acting Mayor Walker and Chief O'Neill are also investigating charges of levying tribute for "protection" by plain clothes men on the North Side. North Side politicians admit that cases of men being set free through "influence" are becoming numerous.

SAYS SCHWAB IS TO RESIGN.

Philadelphia Story Declares Steel Combine President Will Quit and Take Control of Bethlehem Company.

New York, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—A story from Philadelphia tonight says Charles M. Schwab will soon obtain actual control of the Bethlehem Steel and Iron company and will then resign from the Presidency of the United States Steel corporation.

Mr. Schwab tonight refused to confirm or deny the story.

The Herald this morning says the Bethlehem Steel company has passed from Mr. Schwab into the hands of a syndicate identified with the steel combine, but that the big corporation would not take over the company.

$15.55 Duluth and Return.

Chicago and Northwestern railway, Aug. 15 to 31. Fast train, 10 p. m. daily. Quickest time to head of lakes. Best service. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells street Station.

CUPID A LABOR ORGANIZER

RETAIL CLERKS JOIN UNION AS AID TO MATRIMONY.

Meet at Ashland Avenue and Division Street and Form an Organization After Mrs. Emma Lanphere Tells How Men "Hesitate When Wages Are Low," but with High Pay "They Don't"—Secretary Schroeder Hopes Now to Find Time to Wed.

"I have been a retail clerk for twenty years and I have worked so hard and so late that really I have not had time to get married. Now that we have a union, however, I will get time."

This expression of Al. Schroeder, secretary of the newly organized Retail Clerks' union, at Waswo's Hall, Ashland avenue and Division street, caught the spirit of the meeting last night.

Mrs. Emma Lanphere told the crowd what a glorious thing it is to be a union member. To have a chance to meet and get acquainted with each other, to have secret signs, to have a dance hall and social gatherings.

"Now, girls, don't tell me that you cannot join because you are not going to work long," said Mrs. Lanphere, following Schroeder's lead. "I know you intend to get married, but you never will in many cases unless you join this union and help your future mates along. Get them higher wages so they can support you. Get them shorter hours so they can visit you and make their lives worth living. When wages are low they hesitate, when wages are high they don't. Take advantage of the opportunity and help do a great work for the working people. Above all, if you once join, don't go back on it."

The meeting was presided over by A. H. Mast, who said the object was to organize the outlying department store clerks. When these are thoroughly organized work will begin on the clerks of the down-town stores and a membership of 10,000 is expected within a few months.

Whether it was these arguments or the matrimonial side, over 400, chiefly women, signed the rolls and formally gave their support to the new project. They will meet next week, and when they become stronger will demand Friday and Wednesday evenings off and all day Sunday.

Mrs. Lanphere says there are over 100,000 clerks in Chicago and that they are paid a minimum wage, given long hours and little leisure. She told them that they are to have the backing of the American Federation of Labor and that the hour is not far away when a union man will not buy in a shop unless he is waited upon by union clerks. She claims that the union succeeded in getting the working hours throughout the East cut down and the shops closed at 6 o'clock.

SHOOTS HIMSELF, LEAVES NOTE BEMOANING TOIL.

Unknown Man Commits Suicide and Letter Says That He Still Longs for the Unattainable Luxuries of Life.

An unknown man, probably of San Francisco, Cal., fatally shot himself at the Empress Hotel, 401 North Clark street, yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. He had been a guest of the hotel one day. He was removed to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital unconscious and died there at 4 o'clock. There were no marks of identification on his clothes. On a table near his bed was a letter which was unsigned. This statement was as follows:

After years of toil and striving, after standing on the brink of that which would suffice to bring me heaven and happiness, yet not the goal of my true and ideal ambition, I find myself at this stage of hunger and thirst and yearning for the swell things of this life. Some of those who were unworthy have employed my honest and best efforts in the way of toil. There is to be a great revolution in this blessed land in a few years. Of my landlord I ask a kind and tender forgiveness of this act on his premises. Let there be no excitement. I leave much behind, but go in peace. Many people have been kind to me. God bless them.

The man wore a dark sack suit with the name of Joe Hern in the lining of the coat. In his pocket was a bunch of keys with a tag marked "$1.00 reward if returned to the Columbian Banking company, San Francisco, Cal."

Suicide of Annie McFadden.

Mrs. Annie McFadden committed suicide in the presence of her two sons at 356 Carroll avenue by drinking carbolic acid.

MUTUAL MERCANTILE AGENCY IS COMPELLED TO SUSPEND.

Manager A. R. Martin of Louisville, Ky., Issues a Circular to Subscribers Announcing Financial Difficulties.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—A. R. Martin, local manager of the Mutual Mercantile Agency, today issued a circular to subscribers notifying them of the company's suspension because of financial difficulties. The company was organized in New Jersey in 1899 with $2,000,000 capital. Robert Magruder is President, Maurice L. Muhleman Vice President and Treasurer, and Rose M. Turner Secretary. All the leading cities are represented in the directory, Chicago being represented by Gomer E. Highley and W. F. Astick.

WOMEN FAIL AS CONDUCTORS.

Madison, Ind., Street Railway Company Abandons Plan Because Jealousy of Male Patrons Is Aroused.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—An appeal by the Madison Street Railway company today from the assessment made by the County Board of Review brought out the interesting allegation that the company, which, until recently, employed women as conductors on its lines, disposed with their services because their partiality aroused the jealousy of the majority of the male passengers.

It was explained that women were first employed by the company because they were cheaper than men, and because it was believed they would increase the traffic over the line. In this latter belief the officers say they were seriously disappointed. Instead of attracting male passengers the women conductors invariably showed a preference for some particular man, and the others became jealous.

WINE IN BIBLE IS ALCOHOLIC.

Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews Says the Apostle Paul Was Not Intemperate, but Judicious.

"Temperance" was the theme of Dr. E. Benjamin Andrew's lecture at the University of Chicago yesterday. He cited the injunction of Paul to Timothy: "Take a little wine for thy stomach's sake," and maintained that the advice was good and real wine was meant.

"Many Bible students," said Dr. Andrews, "have tried to prove that the wine of the Bible was not real wine. This is not true. Wine means wine, both in the Old and the New Testaments. Do not regard Paul as intemperate on this account. There was less danger than now from intemperance, because people were in the open air so much. The danger was from impure water. Today there isn't any real necessity of drinking wine to avoid bad water, but in Timothy's time it was different."

As to the general question of drinking, Dr. Andrews asserted that while a little alcohol might not be injurious, total abstinence was the best and safest rule for most people.

SOUTH CHICAGO KEY TO STRIKE.

Center of Great Struggl eIs in Local Mills and Shaffer Is Urged to Come.

DAVIS EXPECTS NEW VOTE

Joliet Men Decide to Be Governed by the Attitude of Employes Here.

MAY AFFECT MANY PLANTS.

South Chicago and the great Federal steel works located there have become the vital center of the steel crisis now hanging over the country. This was shown in two new ways yesterday.

In the first place Organizer and Vice President Davis, who failed nine days ago to influence the steel workers there to strike, sent an urgent telegram to President Theodore Shaffer of the Amalgamated association appealing to him to come here and use his powers to force a reconsideration and a strike.

In the second place, the four lodges of the Amalgamated association in Joliet which voted last week to strike seem now to be wavering on the verge of a return to work. Their action, as they freely avow, is now to let their policy hang on the decision of the South Chicago steel workers. If the latter decide to strike the Joliet men will remain out; if the South Chicago brethren remain at work the Joliet workers will resume their tasks.

South Chicago Strike Center.

Today, then, the center of action is South Chicago, where thus far the conservatives have ruled.

"If South Chicago comes out this week, it will result in tying up every plant of the United States Steel corporation," was the statement made by an important employer last night. "I happen to know," he continued, "that the Amalgamated association will be able to shut down the Carnegie plants in case South Chicago goes out. The situation looks bad."

Appeals to President Shaffer.

The appeal to Shaffer was sent in the afternoon by Vice President Davis, who had received no answer last night. Yet Mr. Davis is confident that nothing save physical inability will prevent the coming of the association's executive.

According to the assertions made during the day by Mr. Davis, an almost complete change of sentiment has been experienced by the men, and it is not alone to the former members of the Amalgamated association that the plea of Shaffer will be directed, but to the non-union steel workers, the helpers and others, whose aid will be asked to effect a complete tieup in the plant.

For this purpose the meeting will be a general one, and should the men appealed to signify their willingness to join with the others the rules of the Amalgamated association, including initiation and other fees, will be suspended, and all the men will be declared members in good standing.

Support for Davis' Statement.

That the statements of Davis contained a measure of truth was supported during the day by the actions of the men who one week ago had declared unequivocally against a strike. Earnest attention was given to his appeals, and during the evening he was waited upon by several delegations. Among those who sought him was Deputy Frederick Fair, who has been considered one of the leaders of the anti-strike element.

Promises a Complete Tieup.

"While a meeting may be called during the week," said Vice President Davis, "that for Sunday is almost a certainty, and I confidently expect it will be the signal for the closing of the plant of the Illinois Steel company. The sentiment of the men has changed entirely since they have viewed the loyalty to union principles of the workers in the plants at Joliet and Bay View, and I believe that were a meeting called tonight they would follow the example of their brethren.

"I have little doubt that President Shaffer will come, and firmly believe that hundreds of other workers in the plant will heed his appeals and join the ranks of the Amalgamated, and that a complete tieup at the South Chicago plant will result."

Call on Davis to Desist.

Many times during his conversation with former fellow-employés at the steel plant, Davis was interrupted by friends and acquaintances and urged to cease his presolyting and to use his efforts to avert, rather than to ask, for the strike which would prove ruinous to the business interests of his home town. To all the same reply was given, that "loyalty to the Amalgamated association" superseded every other interest.

Ex-Alderman George W. Shepard, who is looked on as the leader of the opposition to the proposed strike, is still confident that the men will stand by their first declaration of loyalty to their contracts, and asserts that the supposed new adherents of Vice President Davis comprise only the minority of the lodges who originally voted to strike.

The vacillation of the men has caused a feeling of uneasiness among the merchants and residents of South Chicago, and a meeting is being planned at which the employés will be urged to remain at work. Officials of the steel company display no concern over the situation.

Several of the employés absented themselves from their work yesterday, and the assertion was made that they did not intend to return until the trouble was settled.

Will Follow South Chicago.

The meeting of the four Joliet lodges was held to hear the report of Vice President Davis on the situation in the East. After he had explained that the success of the strike depended on the action at South Chicago the men decided unanimously to postpone further action until a final decision had been reached at those mills. They will meet again tomorrow afternoon to hear further reports from South Chicago, and on these their future action will depend.

There have been persistent rumors in Joliet to the effect that the steel company was planning to start up with non-union men. Superintendent Sheldon, when asked as to what truth there was in these statements, said:

"There is absolutely no truth to it. The mills are closed down, and as to the future I cannot say anything. These reports are put out by some one for the purpose of creating trouble. They do not come either from the officials or the men."

Aside from the posting of a notice telling the strikers they would be paid tomorrow there was no move in the strike at Bay View yesterday. President Redfern and other leading members of the local lodge are going fishing in a few days and let the strike situation care for itself. Everything was quiet at the mills. The blast furnaces were running as usual, as they are not affected by the strike.

The notice posted by the company is as follows:

"Owing to the deliberate violation of their contracts by the Amalgamated association and the unanimous vote to strike these works will be closed down indefinitely in all departments excepting blast furnaces, docks, and yards, and all men will receive their checks for amounts due them up to date on Wednesday, Aug. 21. GEORGE L. REESE,
"General Superintendent."

UNIVERSITY WAITS FOR STEEL.

Work on New Buildings Delayed Through Inability to Secure Material from the Mills.

Inability to secure iron and steel building material, owing to the steel strike, may cause serious delay in the construction of the new buildings at the University of Chicago. For several days no work has been done on the Lexington avenue group, nor Hitchcock Hall. Nothing more can be done until steel material can be obtained, according to Business Manager H. A. Rust's statement yesterday. "The contractors have about exhausted their resources," said Major Rust. "The mills are unable to produce enough to supply the demand. It will cause no loss to the university, but a great deal of annoyance from the delay."

STRIKERS WARN THE MILITIA.

Pennsylvania National Guard Officers Receive Threatening Letters—Both Organizations Make Gains.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 19.—Officers of the second brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, in camp at Somerset, Pa., have received a number of anonymous letters containing threats in connection with possible strike duty by the soldiers. A fair sample is the following:

"Dear sir: In case your command is called upon to do duty against the steel strikers, do not forget that there are many laboring men and union men in your regiment, and watch where you stand when you give the order to fire."

The matter has been placed in the hands of the United States postal authorities and an investigation is said to be in progress.

It is said that when the strike is settled the steel combine will demand that the Amalgamated association be incorporated, in order that it may be sued for breach of contract.

Both Sides Make Gains.

The United States Steel corporation made a series of gains today in the restoration of properties crippled by the strike of the Amalgamated association and its sympathizers. The steel mills at Monessen were partly put in motion by strike breakers, two more mills in the Painter plan were started up, and another large mill at the Clark property was also operated for the first time.

But while the combine was gaining at these points the Pennsylvania works of the National Tube company went over to the strikers and the Frankstown mills may follow.

There was some disorder in the streets of Monessen during the day, but the local police never lost control of the demonstrative crowds.

Fight for Duquesne Mills.

The greatest fight in this district is for mastery of the Duquesne mills of the Carnegie company. Both sides are working secretly, the Amalgamated association to extend its organization and strength among the workers and the steel company to block any plan to get the men out. The association asserts that when the word is given the mills will be shut down.

The Buffalo nut and bolt works at North Tonawanda, N. Y., closed its shop, throwing 400 employés out of work on account of the scarcity of steel owing to the strike.

Assistant Secretary M. F. Tighe returned from the West today and was closeted for several hours with President Shaffer. He was given an enthusiastic reception. Discussing his report Mr. Shaffer said:

"The Chicago mill men who remained at work are no longer members of the organization. They are not entitled to a trial and will have none. The strike is going on well. We are getting out more men every day and will continue to do so. The fight is not hardly begun yet. There will be plenty of trouble for the trust before long if they keep on in their present course. There has been no effort on their part toward peace, and there will be none on our part again."

Thinks South Chicago Will Strike.

Mr. Tighe reviewed his trip to the West, and, discussing the Chicago men, said:

"What the South Chicago men are going to do I do not know. The Building Trades council of Chicago adopted resolutions condemning the action of the South Chicago men. Chicago workmen are wild with unionism. I believe the men will come back and go on strike. It is true their charters have been revoked, but if they should go on strike they no doubt will be taken back into the organization."

The men of the Pennsylvania works of the National Tube company in this city joined the strikers tonight, and it is expected that the force in the Frankstown plant will follow them tomorrow. About 600 men left the Pennsylvania works, and it is almost certain that all of the remaining 600 will join in the movement. There are 600 men in the Frankstown property, and the total number of men added to the army of strikers by the movement will be about 1,800.

DISEASE MAY HELP MACHINISTS

Strikers Assert That Sickness Is Increasing Among Non-Union Men in Allis-Chalmers Camp.

Striking machinists expect disease to do for them what their pickets have found impossible. The number of sick at the Allis-Chalmers plant seems to be increasing. Five men were taken to the Presbyterian Hospital on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, and the strikers said three were taken out in an ambulance yesterday, but these could not be found in any of the hospitals. Vice President Hoyt denied there was an unusual amount of sickness among the men.

Strike for Bi-Weekly Pay Days.

Employés of the Canda Cattle Car company, at Forty-seventh and Morgan streets, quit work yesterday, as the result of the dispute over pay day. The company has been paying monthly, while the employés demand they be paid every two weeks, as is the rule at other Stock-Yards plants.

Soliciting Agents Strike.

Three hundred agents and solicitors for installment houses decided to strike yesterday for an increase in their commissions. They alleged that the exactions of the employers and the interference by collectors, who pick out the best customers, have reduced their average wage to $5 a week. They demand a 10 per cent commission on all installment sales and 50 per cent on cash sales.

PRESSMEN STRIKE AT HAMMOND

Employes of the W. B. Conkey Company Object to Discharge of Officers of Their Union.

Pressmen employed by the W. B. Conkey company in Hammond, Ind., struck yesterday because the management had discharged some of the officers of their union.

As a result the management is looking for new employés, insisting that their old men will not be taken back. The strikers maintain they will not return without the recognition of their organization.

The strike, it is asserted, is the outcome of the formation of a local branch of the pressmen who are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Three officers of the new organization were discharged by the company and sixty of the men struck when they heard of it.

SEES SPAR OF THE CHICORA.

Captain Gordon Reported to Have Discovered Long Lost Wreck North of St. Joseph Harbor.

St. Joseph, Mich., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Captain Gordon of the steamer Gordon is reported to have sighted a stationary spar ten miles north of this harbor, which is believed to be the wreck of the Chicora.

$5 to Charlevoix, Petoskey,

Bay View, Traverse City, and other northern Michigan points and return, via Michigan Central and Pere Marquette railroads. Tickets will be on sale Aug. 23, good to return leaving destination not later than Sept. 3, 1901. City ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

KIND WOMEN CARE FOR THE HOLTONS

Leave Pleasant Homes to Help Children Whose Mother Was Killed in Wreck.

TAKE FOOD AND CLOTHES.

Father Is Helpless in His Affliction, Seeing Only Darkness Ahead.

FUNERAL TO BE HELD TODAY

Sympathetic women from Grand boulevard and other streets on the South Side where there are homes of comfort and plenty, went to the aid of the distressed Holton family at 4735 Fifth avenue yesterday.

Before night every one of the nine children had a mother to take the place, so far as possible, of the one who was dead. Some were "mothered" by the neighbors of the woman who was killed in the collision of Saturday night in Forty-seventh street. Some were taken care of by women from the more favored localities.

Patrick Holton, the father, was apathetic. He was helpless. The women filled his home and took his children where they could be given care. All he knew was that the nine who were dependent on him were in charge of his charitable neighbors and sympathizers whose names he did not know.

Mrs. H. I. Lyons, 3544 Grand boulevard, was one of the first to put together articles of immediate necessity and take a cross-town car for the bereaved family.

Children Cling to Their Father.

If the children could have been coaxed away some of them would have spent the night in surroundings strange to them. Efforts were made to take them out of the neighborhood of Forty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, but they clung to their father.

These things have been done for the temporary comfort of the family, but what is to become of the children after public sympathy has lost its interest in the case is more than Patrick Holton, the father, knows.

"After the mother is buried we will have to see," he said. "I don't know. It's an awful thing."

The women who tried to take the place of the dead mother brought provisions and clothes for the family. Mrs. Gussie Morse, who lives in a cottage at the rear of 6312 Drexel avenue, has taken charge of the 8-months-old baby, caring for it with her own infant of the same age.

Doctor Employs a Nurse.

Annie, the oldest of the family, is but 13 years old. Mary, the next in years, is the one who was with her mother at the time of the accident. It was found she was suffering from injuries received in the collision. Dr. McCleary, Forty-fifth street and Wentworth avenue, was called to attend her, and he sent a nurse, Mrs. A. N. Robinson.

"I don't know where you will get the pay for your services," he said, "but if there's no other way I will pay you."

Under the charge of the nurse and the physician the little girl is recovering rapidly from the injuries she received.

The funeral of the mother will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at St. Cecilia's Church in Forty-fifth street, near Fifth avenue. The burial will be at Mount Olivet beside the grave of one of her children, who died in infancy.

BEGINS INQUIRY INTO WRECK.

Coroner's Jury Views Remains of Victims and Adjourns Till Saturday—Motorman Passes Away.

Preliminary steps to fix the responsibility for the collision of the electric car and the Fort Wayne express in Forty-seventh street were begun yesterday. The Coroner's jury viewed the remains of the victims, adjourned until Saturday. Deputy Coroner Buckley has charge of the inquest.

Following are the members of the jury:
Paul O'Brien, 5907 Indiana avenue, foreman.
Charles Barker, 802 West Forty-fifth street.
Charles Kaber, 804 Forty-third street.
E. J. Betz, 821 Forty-third street.
Edward Smith, 735 Forty-third street.
C. Pacius, 825 Forty-third street.

"It has been a notorious fact for the last three years that the cross-town electric cars on Forty-seventh street have been running at a speed absolutely beyond the control of the motorman," said John A. Heusner, manager of the Heusner Baking company. "I personally have witnessed, on countless occasions, these cars running at a speed that would be alarming on our elevated roads, and have seen many hairbreadth escapes. I have signaled cars on this line and have witnessed with great frequency the inability of the motorman to stop his car within 200 feet of the street crossing."

Captain Lavin of the Stock-Yards police said he complaints he had heard were rather to the effect that the cars ran too slowly. In the absence of any other cause for the disaster thus far found, the police attribute it to the failure of the brake to work.

P. H. Bowman, motorman of the car, died last night at Mercy Hospital.

ESCAPED PRISONER CAUGHT AFTER TWO YEARS' LIBERTY.

John Dross, Who Hid in Garbage Can and Eluded House of Correction Guards, Rearrested in Chicago.

Escaping from the House of Correction in a garbage can, and eluding the police for two years with a $50 reward hanging over him, John Dross, alias John Dunn, alias John Denmark, has been recaptured and will be returned to the reformatory to complete his sentence. He was arrested at Green and Monroe streets last night by Detective Sergeants Howard and Duffy of the Central Station. His sentence was for one year for burglary, and he escaped after serving three months. His original arrest was accomplished only after he had been beaten into insensibility by the police.

PROMISE OF WHIPPING FREES.

Justice Ely Gives Liberty to Boy Accused of Stealing on Condition of Parental Thrashing.

Upon a promise to give it a good whipping Charles Dorland was permitted to take his son from Justice Ely's court yesterday. Charles Dorland Jr., 10 years old, confessed to have stolen several dollars' worth of brass and silver from David Aron, a junk dealer of Evanston. The boy promised that he would not steal again, and said that he was willing that his father should whip him as severely as the justice desired. The justice, seeing that the crowd was curious, told Dorland to take his son home and whip him there. The father paid Aron for the stolen property.

AGAIN APPEAL TO MISS ELY.

Friends of Woman Who Disappeared with Frank Rogers Once More Offer Unlimited Forgiveness.

As a last resort the relatives of Miss Ely and Frank Rogers have determined to issue a circular letter appealing to Miss Ely to return, and stating that the matter will be passed over as if it had not occurred. Further than this, it is promised that the boy shall not be sent away to school unless she desires it.

"CHAMPS" FRET UNDER DEFEAT.

Chicago Loses the First Game at Washington Through Failure to Bat.

ROWS WITH THE UMPIRE.

Mertes Is Fanned in the Last Inning and Tries to Get Back at Haskell.

SCORE AT FINISH IS 5 TO 2.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	60	39	.606	Philadelphia	50	48	.510
Boston	58	40	.592	Cleveland	41	54	.432
Baltimore	54	40	.574	Washington	39	55	.415
Detroit	53	41	.525	Milwaukee	35	60	.347

Yesterday's Results.

Washington, 5; Chicago, 2.
Boston, 6; Milwaukee, 5 (thirteen innings).
Baltimore, 4; Detroit, 3.

Games Today.

Chicago at Washington.
Milwaukee at Boston.
Detroit at Baltimore.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

[Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—In a game filled with rows and incessant bickering between the players of both teams and "Dictator" Haskell, Chicago's champions were defeated by the Senators today by a score of 5 to 2.

From the start it looked like trouble. In the third inning Burke was ordered off the coaching line, on the grounds, for disputing a decision. Later he tried Coughlin out of the game and crippled the Senators. In the final inning the long pent up storm broke. Mertes, the last man at bat, struck out with two men out and two on bases at that time, called the first strike on Mertes, thinking Mertes struck at one. The latter disputed the decision and Sugden crowded around him and looked as if there might be a fight. The umpire warned both the players and the crowd. Mertes stood off the field by an officer while something more serious could happen.

Both the Senators and the champions struggled hard for supremacy and Patterson's men finally won was due to the pitching of Carrick. For seven innings he had the "champs" at his mercy, allowing only three hits.

Scare for the Fans.

But in the eighth the men from Chicago threw a scare into the fans, and four hits, one of which carried a man three-quarters of the circuit, were productive of the only two runs scored by the visitors.

Patterson was not on the "Cruz Cross wonder" by long odds today, and the way the Senators slammed his curves around American park was a caution. Until the eighth inning he got along fairly well. But in the seventh they started a fusillade, and seven hits gave them everything in the game but a single to a homer. This resulted in three more runs, enough to cinch the victory.

The game itself was filled with sensational stops and catches. In the first inning Foster caught Isbell's tall foul away over near the bleachers after a hard run. Then Isbell elicited applause in the eighth when he forestalled Dungan's hot bounder with one hand at great stop, and had it got away two more Senators would have scored.

How Runs Are Made.

The Senators assumed the lead in the second with two runs. Patterson provided the foundation for Grady, who scored on single by Foster and Coughlin. Clingman struck out, and Carrick struck out. Waldron hit, Grady and Foster registered. Chicago then until the seventh it was a pitchers' battle. In this inning Farrell singled, Dungan popped a fly, Clark forced Farrell at second. Then Mike Grady scored the sphere over left field. Clark coming ahead of him. Foster struck out, and Mercer followed with a triple, but died on third.

The champions made their two runs in the eighth, when Hoy fled out, Jones singled and was forced at second by Mertes. Hartman tripled, and Mertes scored. McFarland singled, and the "Dutchman" ambled home.

Washington.	R	B	P	A	E	Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E
Dowd, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Hoy, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Farrell, 2b	0	1	2	2	0	Jones, cf	1	1	2	0	0
Grady, 1b	1	2	11	0	0	Hartman, 3b	1	1	1	2	0
Foster, c	1	2	7	0	0	McFarland, lf	1	1	1	0	0
Clingman, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Isbell, 1b	0	2	8	0	0
Carrick, p	0	0	0	1	0	Dungan, 2b	0	0	1	3	0
Waldron, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Clark, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Mercer, 3b	1	1	0	2	0	Foster, c	0	0	5	1	0
Totals	5	8	27	7	0	Coughlin, p	0	0	0	1	0
						Totals	2	5	27	9	0

Washington ..... 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 1 0—5
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Foster, Mercer. Three-base hit—Hartman. Stolen bases—Foster, Clingman, Carrick, Waldron, Mercer, Hoy, Jones, Hartman, McFarland, Isbell, Dungan, Clark. Double plays—Farrell, Grady, Clingman, Patterson, Foster, Carrick, Grady; Dungan, Clark, Isbell. Bases on balls—By Patterson, 2; by Carrick, 1; by Coughlin, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Patterson, 2; by Carrick, 1. Struck out—By Patterson, 2; by Carrick, 2; by Coughlin, 2. Passed ball—Foster. Time—2:10. Umpire—Haskell.

Notes of the Game.

The champions have won three out of the last ten games played.

Grady's home run was the biggest hit made on the home grounds this season.

A funny thing happened in the second inning. Three Senators were on bases, and Patterson hit the grand stand with a wild pitch. The ball bounded back to the plate and not a man scored.

BOSTON HAS A NARROW ESCAPE.

Beats Milwaukee in Thirteenth Inning of Contest Pulled Out of Fire in the Seventh.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 20.—Boston defeated Milwaukee in the thirteenth inning today. Dowd came in from third base on a passed ball in the thirteenth inning, but some good stick work by Ferris and Schreck and tied the score. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Milwaukee.	R	B	P	A	E
Dowd, lf	1	2	1	0	0	Hogan, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Stahl, cf	2	2	3	0	0	Conroy, ss	0	0	5	5	1
Collins, 3b	1	1	1	2	0	Casey, 1b	0	1	15	0	0
Freeman, rf	0	1	1	0	0	Hoffman, 3b	0	1	1	1	2
Hemphill, cf	2	1	1	0	0	Seisler, 1b	0	2	8	0	0
Ferris, 2b	0	1	2	3	0	Hallman, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Schreck, c	0	1	7	1	0	Weaver, c	0	1	7	0	0
Young, ss	0	0	0	2	0	Price, 2b	0	1	7	0	0
Nichols, p	0	0	0	0	0	Fiene, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Hastings, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	6	11	36	10	1	Totals	1	6	24	6	3

Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Milwaukee ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hits—Dowd, Hemphill. Three-base hit—Freeman. Stolen bases—Ferris, Stahl. Double plays—Ferris, Young and Hall; Hallman, Conroy and Casey. Bases on balls—Off Nichols, 1; off Hastings, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Hemphill. Struck out—By Nichols, 4; by Hastings, 4. Passed ball—Maloney. Time—2:15. Umpire—Cantillon.

Baltimore, 4; Detroit, 3.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 19.—Baltimore won an exciting game from Detroit this afternoon. At no game here this year have demonstrations against the umpire been so pronounced and that official needed police protection after the game closed. The dissatisfaction seemed to be warranted. Bresnahan was put out of the game for kicking and McGinnity was retired from the grounds. Score:

Baltimore.	R	B	P	A	E	Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E
McGraw, 3b	1	1	1	1	0	Barrett, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Keeler, rf	0	1	2	0	0	Thomas, 3b	0	0	1	2	0
Jennings, rf-lf	1	2	1	0	0	Casey, 1b	0	1	12	0	0
Williams, 1b	0	1	8	2	0	Elberfeld, ss	0	0	2	3	0
Jones, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Nance, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Clarke, lf	0	0	2	0	0	Dillon, 1b	0	1	8	0	0
Robinson, c	0	0	6	0	0	Shaw, c	0	0	4	0	0
Kelley, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Yeager, p	0	0	0	0	0
McGinnity, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	4	5	27	7	0	Totals	3	4	33	5	0

Baltimore ..... 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 1 *—4
Detroit ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—3

Two-base hits—Keeler, Jennings, Williams, Dillon. Three-base hit—Thomas. Double plays—Hoy-Sullivan; Clingman-Farrell-Grady; Clingman-Farrell-Grady; Elberfeld-Casey. Bases on balls—Off McGinnity, 1; off Yeager, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Yeager, 1. Struck out—By McGinnity, 2; by Yeager, 2. Time—2:10. Umpire—Sheridan.

No Games at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 19.—Both American and

SHAMROCK II. AS IT LOOKED IN DRY DOCK.

Appearance of the new challenger's hull as it lay in the Erie basin, just after the water had been drawn off.

National league games scheduled for today were postponed on account of rain.

MAGNATES HAVE CLOSE CALL.

Johnson and Comiskey Escape Wetting in Flambeau Rapids—More Rumors of Players Jumping.

Ban Johnson and Charley Comiskey returned from their fishing trip in Wisconsin on Sunday. Johnson appeared at his office yesterday; Comiskey was sick at home, the joint result of hearing the scores of the two Boston games and exposure in shooting the rapids of the Flambeau River.

The party had a narrow escape at the latter end of a forty-eight-mile run through the rapids and for half an hour the boat was stuck against a rock, where the current was the swiftest. Both Johnson and Comiskey prepared for an attempt to swim to shore in case the boat overturned, and it was this exposure which put Comiskey out of commission.

President Johnson took occasion to deny the report that Tom Loftus is seeking a berth in the American league and says there have been absolutely no discussions along that line.

That Griffith is trying to secure Keeler, that Delehanty will be with the American league next season, that Wallace may sport a White Stocking uniform, and that several other National-leaguers have accepted American league contracts he would neither deny nor confirm. Matthewson of New York is not among the number, for he is classed with Hedrick as a contract jumper. There appears little doubt that many National league stars are coquetting with the American-leaguers, but it is largely guesswork thus far to pick out the men, and the American-leaguers naturally refuse to show their hand so long as there is a chance of compromise.

ILLINOIS-INDIANA-IOWA LEAGUE

Cedar Rapids Wins One-Sided Game from Evansville by the Unfortunate Score of 13 to 1.

AT CEDAR RAPIDS.

Haley's curves were pounded all over the lot in a one-sided contest. Fleming led in the hitting. Score:

C. Rapids.	R	B	P	A	E	Evansville.	R	B	P	A	E
A. Ken'y, 2b	2	3	1	1	1	Slafy, lf	0	0	1	1	0
Wolfe, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Myatt, ss	0	0	1	4	0
Norcom, cf	1	1	1	0	0	Hoffman, 3b	0	0	1	1	2
Fleming, c	2	1	1	0	0	Seisler, 1b	0	2	8	0	0
Reid, lf	1	1	2	0	0	Bauer, c	0	1	4	0	0
Hoffman, 1b	0	1	9	0	0	Haley, p	0	0	0	2	0
Weaver, c	0	1	7	0	0	S. Ken'y, 2b	0	1	1	2	0
Price, 3b	0	1	0	2	0	Eberly, ss	0	1	0	1	0
Fiene, ss	0	0	0	2	0	Fields, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Bowser, p	0	0	0	2	0	Haley, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	7	10	21	7	1	Totals	0	5	18	11	2

Cedar Rapids ..... 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 *—3
Evansville ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hits—Reid (2), Fleming, Slafy. Sacrifice hits—Hale, Weaver. Stolen bases—Berle, Norcom, Reid, S. Kennedy. Bases on balls—Off Bowser, 2; off Haley, 2. Hit by pitcher—Gibson, by Haley, 2. Double play—Reid-Ebert. Hit by pitcher—Gibson. Time—1:35. Umpire—Voris.

AT ROCKFORD.

Rockford.	R	B	P	A	E	Bloom'ton.	R	B	P	A	E
Safer, lb	0	1	9	0	0	King, ss	0	1	1	0	0
Conklin, rf	0	1	1	0	0	Conklin, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Jones, lf	0	2	1	0	0	Thomp'n, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Hanford, c	0	1	7	1	1	Conners, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Sears, 2b	0	1	1	2	0	Bauer, c	0	1	9	2	0
Ferris, ss	0	1	2	3	0	Brown, 3b	0	0	0	1	0
Pattison, 3b	0	0	1	1	0	Kiernan, 2b	0	1	3	2	0
Cheney, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Elliott, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Elliott, p	0	0	3	0	0	McGr'vey, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	0	6	27	11	0	Totals	0	1	6	24	6

Bloomington ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Rockford ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Base on balls—Off McGreevey, 2; off Elliott, 1. Two-base hits—Bell, Double play—Brown-Kiernan-Elsey. Hit by pitched ball—Pattison. Struck out—By McGreevey, 6; by Elliott, 4. Stolen base—Jones. Time—1:20. Umpire—Camp.

AT DAVENPORT.

Davenport.	R	B	P	A	E	Terre Haute.	R	B	P	A	E
Miller, 2b	0	0	2	3	0	Wilkins, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Smith, cf	0	0	2	1	0	Carter, lf	0	1	2	0	0
Wilkinson, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Richison, 1b	0	1	10	1	0
Bernt, 3b	1	0	0	2	0	Badger, c	0	1	7	0	0
Lippert, lf	0	2	2	1	1	Baird, 3b	1	2	0	2	0
Shannon, c	0	0	3	0	0	Hogan, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Fig'ueli, rf	0	0	2	0	0	Starnagle, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Moriarity, 1b	1	2	9	1	0	McGrew, ss	1	1	4	2	0
Stauffers, p	0	0	0	0	0	Brown, p	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	2	7	30	14	1	Totals	3	12	30	14	3

Davenport ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
Terre Haute ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3

Two-base hits—Moriarity, Nill, Wilkinson, Starnagle. Home run—Walters. Sacrifice hit—Stauffers. Stolen bases—Miller, Richison, Starnagle, Baird. Double plays—McGrew-Richardson. Bases on balls—Off Stauffers, 4; off Brown, 3. Struck out—By Stauffers, 4; by Brown, 3. Time—1:40. Umpire—Hammer.

AT ROCK ISLAND.

Rock Island.	R	B	P	A	E	Decatur.	R	B	P	A	E
O'Brien, 3b	2	1	2	1	0	Kansler, cf	2	1	2	0	0
Middleton, ss	0	1	1	4	0	Connolly, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Reb'am'n, rf	1	2	2	0	0	Connolly, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Hoy, ss	0	1	3	2	0	Burt, lf	0	1	1	0	0
Cate, lf	0	0	2	0	0	Hoy, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Mullaney, 1b	0	1	12	0	0	Pease, 2b	1	1	4	2	0
Hopkins, cf	0	1	1	0	0	Wilkins'n, 1b	0	1	10	1	0
Arthur, c	0	0	4	4	0	Ferguson, 3b	0	1	1	2	0
Graham, p	0	0	0	1	1	Dorner, p	1	1	0	5	0
Totals	5	6	27	12	2	Totals	5	8	27	12	5

Rock Island ..... 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—5
Decatur ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 *—5

Base hits—Middleton, Mullaney, Dorner, Ferguson, Stolen bases—Rebsamen, Pease. Double play—Arthur-Middleton. Bases on balls—Graham, 4; Dorner, 3. Struck out—Graham, 5; Dorner, 9. Passed balls—Arthur, Badger. Wild pitch—Graham. Time of game—1:40. Umpire—Mauck.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION GAMES.

Wheeling Wins One-Run Contest from Grand Rapids, Scoring in Second Inning—Marion Takes Two.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 19.—Both Killen and Alberts pitched good ball. Wheeling scored the only run in the second inning on a two-bagger, an out, and a long fly. Score:

Wheeling	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
Grand Rapids	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1

Batteries—Killen and Fox; Alberts and Zelusky.

AT MARION—FIRST GAME.

Marion	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	*—4	4	
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	3	4

Batteries—Ames and Quinn; Williams and Locke.

SECOND GAME.

Marion	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3	9	2
Columbus	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1	8	0

Batteries—McPherson and Quinn; McMakin and Locke.

AT TOLEDO.

Toledo	0	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	0—6	8	2
Dayton	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0—4	9	1

Batteries—Joss and Grafius; Jones and Blue.

AT FORT WAYNE.

Fort Wayne	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	*—4	11	0
Matthews	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1—2	8	2

Batteries—Fricken and Fuller; Shepard, Byers, and Williams.

Southern Association.

Little Rock, 4; New Orleans, 1.
Nashville, 5; Chattanooga, 3.
Shreveport, 7; Memphis, 4.

Marquettes Beat Mason Citys.

The Marquettes defeated the Mason City team yesterday afternoon at Clear Lake by a score of 9 to 7. Score:

Marquettes.	R	B	P	A	E	Mason City.	R	B	P	A	E
Brennan, rf	3	2	2	0	0	Dicky, ss	1	2	2	3	
Conner, 2b	2	2	0	3	2	Quigley, 2b	2	2	1	3	
Hendrick, lf	1	2	2	0	0	Tuttle, lf	1	1	0	1	0
Shawbr'ge, c	0	0	8	1	1	Cassidy, ma	2	0	0	0	0
Holmes, ss	0	0	2	3	1	Magoon, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Kenman, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Anderson, c	0	0	4	1	0
Dickey, 1b	2	2	9	1	0	Shafer, p	0	0	0	2	0
Ball, 3b	0	0	2	2	0	Ostich, c	0	0	1	0	0
Munch, p	0	1	2	2	0	Dority, p	1	2	1	2	0
Totals	9	10	24	14	3	Totals	7	7	24	8	3

Marquettes ..... 0 0 3 2 1 2 0 1 0—9
Mason City ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 1—7

Two-base hits—Hendricks, Brennan. Double plays—Cassidine-Dickey-Fitzsimmons. Struck out—By Munch, 9; by Dority, 7. Bases on balls—Off Dority, 6; off Munch, 3. Passed ball—Shawbridge. Hit by pitched ball—Shaffer, Holmes, Shawbridge. Umpire—Brady.

REMNANTS DRAW A BLANK

FOOZLE FEEBLY BEFORE PITCHING OF STIMMEL.

Tom Hughes Pitches Good Ball Against the Reds, but His Team's Failure to Bat Renders His Efforts Fruitless—Loftus' Men Even Fail to Put a Runner at the Third Sack — Captain Doyle's Error at First Costs One Run.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	57	36	.604	Boston	47	50	.485
Philadelphia	57	40	.588	Cincinnati	40	59	.404
St. Louis	50	44	.500	New York	38	64	.373
Brooklyn	48	44	.551	Chicago	39	63	.382

Yesterday's Results.

Cincinnati, 2; Chicago, 0.
Boston, 11; New York, 6.
Pittsburg, 9; St. Louis, 5.

Games Today.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Tom Loftus' aggregation of Chicago ball tossers was treated to a beautiful dose of whitewash today at League Park, where they ran up against Archie Stimmel and his big assortment of twists and curves. Score, 2 to 0.

A small crowd of enthusiasts saw the game, which proved to be one of the best contests played here this season. For five innings Stimmel and Hughes treated the spectators to a rare pitchers' battle, Stimmel being as steady as a skyscraping building, and Hughes making an effort to break the season's strikeout record, now held by Noodles Hahn. Seven Reds punched holes in the atmosphere trying to connect with Hughes' delivery in the first four innings.

Just after the second inning ended the game was delayed for twenty minutes by a sudden downfall of rain, which threatened to cause a double-header to be played tomorrow.

Not a player on the Chicago team was able to reach third base in the face of Stimmel's pitching. The nearest approach was in the ninth. Dexter coaxed Stimmel to give him his base on balls, his first and only pass of the game. Doyle, after two strikes had been called, reached out after a wide one and sent it with the speed of a rifle shot to left field. Harley just managed to reach the sphere with one hand on the first bound. The ball rolled a few yards behind him. Dexter had in the meantime turned second, well on his way to third. Harley, by quick work and a splendid throw to Steinfeldt, nipped Dexter's ambition.

The Reds made their first run in the fifth. Steinfeldt received his base on balls—Hughes' only gift—and Childs muffed Kahoe's perfect throw to head off Steinfeldt on his attempted steal. Fox went out on a little fly to Hughes while trying to sacrifice, Bergen sent an easy one to Doyle. Stimmel sent a scorcher to the Chicago first baseman, who made a mess of it, allowing Steinfeldt to cross the plate. Hughes then threw wild trying to catch Stimmel napping, and Dobbs popped up to Raymer.

In the sixth, after Harley had struck out, Beckley sent the second ball pitched just inside along the left foul lines. Raymer breaking its force by a one-handed stop. Crawford cracked out a single, sending Beckley to third. Magoon then made his third single, sending Beckley home. Steinfeldt struck out and Fox ended the inning. The score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E
Dobbs, cf	0	0	3	0	0	Hartsel, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Harley, 2b	0	0	2	3	0	Davis, ss	0	0	2	2	0
Beckley, 1b	1	2	12	0	0	Dexter, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Crawford, rf	0	1	3	0	0	Doyle, 1b	0	1	15	0	1
Magoon, cf	1	2	1	0	0	Childs, 3b	0	0	1	2	1
Steinf'dt, 3b	0	1	0	1	0	Kling, c	0	0	4	1	0
Fox, 2b	0	0	1	2	0	Hughes, p	0	0	0	1	0
Bergen, ss	0	0	1	2	0	Raymer, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Stimmel, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	2	7	27	13	0	Totals	0	2	24	8	2

Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—2
Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Bergen. Stolen bases—Beckley, Magoon [2]. First base on balls—Off Stimmel, 1; off Hughes, 1. Struck out—By Hughes, 2; by Stimmel, 4. Time—1:40. Umpire—Brown.

NICHOLS BEATS MATTHEWSON.

Boston's Veteran Twirler Outpitches New York's Early Season Phenomenon by the Score of 11 to 6.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 19.—It was Nichols versus Matthewson today, and the veteran outpitched the youngster for the third time this season. New York could do nothing for seven innings, but in the eighth and ninth some good stick work yielded five runs. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Slagle, rf	1	2	3	0	1	Van H'n, cf	0	2	1	1	0
Lowe, lf	2	2	2	0	0	Davis, ss	0	1	2	3	1
Demont, 2b	1	0	1	0	0	McBride, rf	2	1	1	0	0
Cooley, 1f	2	2	0	0	0	Selbach, lf	1	1	3	0	0
Ham'lton, cf	3	1	2	0	0	Hickm'n, 2b	2	2	1	3	0
Lowe, 2b	2	1	3	2	0	Strang, 3b	0	0	0	2	0
Long, ss	0	1	2	5	0	Ganzel, 1b	1	2	10	1	0
Kittridge, c	0	0	6	0	0	Warner, c	0	0	4	0	0
Nichols, p	0	1	1	0	0	Matt'wson, p	2	1	3	3	0
Totals	11	13	27	11	2	Totals	6	10	24	13	5

Boston ..... 0 0 3 0 0 5 0 3 *—11
New York ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 5 2—6

Two-base hits—Hamilton, Hickman, Warner. Home runs—Selbach. Sacrifice hit—Matthewson. Stolen base—Hamilton. Double plays—Kittridge-Lowe; Davis-Vanzel-Strang. Bases on balls—Off Nichols, 2; off Matthewson, 3. Struck out—By Nichols, 2; by Matthewson, 1. Time—1:42. Umpire—Dwyer.

Pittsburg, 9; St. Louis, 5.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 19.—Pittsburg won today's game by heavy hitting in the third inning. Harper was batted out of the box, six hits netting Pittsburg five runs. Doheny was hit frequently in the opening innings and was replaced by Phillippi. Score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E
Clarke, lf	2	2	2	0	0	Burkett, lf	0	2	2	0	0
Beaum't, cf	2	1	2	0	0	Heidrick, cf	1	1	2	0	0
Davis, rf	1	2	1	0	0	Donovan, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Wagner, ss	1	3	5	5	1	Wallace, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Brash'd, 1b	1	1	9	0	0	Kruger, 3b	0	1	0	3	1
Ritchey, 2b	0	1	2	3	0	Padden, 2b	0	0	4	4	0
Leach, 3b	1	2	2	2	0	McGann, 1b	0	1	12	0	0
Zimmer, c	0	1	3	0	0	Ryan, c	0	0	1	0	1
Doheny, p	0	0	0	1	0	Heydan, c	0	0	0	0	0
Phillippi, p	0	0	1	1	0	Harper, p	0	0	0	1	0
Poole, 2b	0	0	0	0	0	Schriver, p	1	1	0	0	0
						Sudhoff, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	9	17	27	14	3	Totals	5	9	27	15	4

*Batted for Harper in third inning.

Pittsburg ..... 0 1 3 1 0 1 0 1 0—9
St. Louis ..... 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 0—5

Two-base hits—Heidrick, Zimmer, Wagner, Clarke. Home runs—Burkett, Leach. Double plays—Harper-Wallace-McGann, Padden-McGann, Wagner-Ritchey-Bransfield. Three-base hit—Leach. Stolen bases—Phillippi, Sudhoff. Bases on balls—Off Sudhoff, 3. Struck out—By Harper, 1; by Phillippi, 2. Stolen bases—Beaumont, 1; Davis, 1. Time—2:10. Umpire—O'Day.

Jake Schaefer to Manage a Room.

Jake Schaefer, the "wizard"; Borutele, the French expert who came to America with Schaefer and young Howison, the Canadian, have left the Green & Catton Academy, and in future will show the beauties of billiards at Bensinger's Hall in Randolph street. Schaefer will act as manager, beginning on Saturday.

Catholic Y. M. C. A. Meet.

The third annual field day of the Catholic Young Men's Diocesan union of the archdiocese of Chicago will be held at World's Fair Park, Sixty-seventh street and Stony Island avenue, on Thursday. All the young men's societies of Chicago will participate.

LEFT AT POST, BUT WINS.

ESPIONAGE MAKES UP LOST GROUND WHEN STARTED.

Ransch's Ride Has Much to Do with Victory of Favorite in Seventh Race at Hawthorne—Ed Austin Shows His Ability by Capturing Test Stakes on a Heavy Track—Driving Finishes Take Place in Five of the Events—Other Track News.

Although Sunday's heavy rains left the Hawthorne track a sea of mud and slush, five of the seven events resulted in driving finishes.

The feature event on the program was the Test Stakes, for 2-year-olds, which was won by the favorite, Ed Austin, after a tussle with Jaubert. It was a crackerjack race from a finish viewpoint, but was overshadowed by the last event, which Espionage won after being practically left at the post.

Espionage was a 5 to 2 favorite, but because of her erratic disposition at the barrier it was that price and better that she would not leave the barrier. Every horse in the race, with the exception of Little Boy Blue, was conceded a chance, and was backed at from 4 to 6 to 1. It was simply a question as to whether Espionage would be left, and, if so, which of the others fancied the going best.

The filly was on her misbehavior, as expected, and, after refusing to break three times, Holtman concluded to leave her at the next good break. Little Ransch, who had the leg up on the obstinate beast, did all in his power to send her along with the rest of the field, and managed to get her over the line when Holtman swished his flag, denoting a start. She propped for an instant, then moved slowly after her field.

Slowly Picks Up Her Field.

A prod of the steel awakened her, and when Ransch got her in her stride she was at least twenty lengths behind the leader, Brownie Anderson. She was practically out of the race, and those that had backed her would gladly have sold their tickets for

AMERICA EXCITES GERMAN DISTRUST

Berlin Press Accuses United States of Aiding Quarrel Over Venezuela.

TALKS TO SECRETARY HAY

Colombian Envoy Gives Assurance That Panama Road Is Safe.

WILL KEEP THE LINE CLEAR

BERLIN, Aug. 19.—The Vossische Zeitung intimates that the United States is seeking a pretext for intervention in the Colombian-Venezuela imbroglio.

Referring to the report circulated in Washington that the trouble is likely to spread to Nicaragua and Ecuador, the paper says:

"It does not look as if the United States was trying to quench the flames, but, on the contrary, as if that country was trying to spread them as much as possible in order, in any case, to have a pretext for military intervention."

The Zeitung points out that a large United States naval force has been sent there, and raises the question whether the "American imperialists" view the present situation as offering a welcome occasion for extending the sphere and power of the United States or whether it is an honest attempt to restore peace. The paper continues:

"If the Americans intend nothing more than to protect the reasonable interests of citizens of the United States, then they should rejoice at the presence of the European vessels having the same object in view. Even the cooperation of various powers would be possible.

"But the fact that the United States Minister at Caracas undertook the business of the congeed Colombian Minister was calculated to arouse distrust of the intentions of the Washington government, which thereby got control of events at one of the most important points."

Confers with Colombian Envoy.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—The Colombian Minister, Dr. Silva, had a conference today with Secretary Hay. It was the first personal exchange between the Secretary and the representative of Colombia since the present disturbance started. Dr. Silva gave Mr. Hay information to the effect that traffic on the isthmus was entirely unobstructed, and also assured him of the ability of Colombia to keep the traffic open.

The assurance given by Minister Silva makes clear three features of the situation:

First—There is no interruption of traffic at the present time.

Second—Both governments are agreed that the United States is not called upon to act until Colombia finds herself unable to fulfil the primary responsibility.

Third—The United States undoubtedly will judge for itself when any occasion arises for exercising its authority on the isthmus.

Squadron Ordered to Hampton Roads.

Nantucket, Mass., Aug. 19.—The North Atlantic squadron has received orders to sail tomorrow for Hampton Roads. All preparations for the continuance of the maneuvers at this place have been countermanded and the vessels of the squadron are already getting up steam, preparatory to their departure.

While the exact reason for the change of plans is not known, it is believed here that the trouble in South America has something to do with it. The vessels were scheduled to be in Newport on Aug. 25 and the camp here was to have remained until Friday next.

Iowa Ready to Sail.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 19.—The battleship Iowa has taken on coal and ammunition and is expected to sail tonight direct for Panama. The Ranger is now en route to the same port, but on account of its slowness will not reach Panama until after the Iowa arrives there. These vessels will protect American interests on the western side of the isthmus.

Situation in Colombia.

New York, Aug. 19.—The following dispatch from the Governor of the Department of Cauca, Republic of Colombia, is an answer to a message sent him several days ago asking for information regarding the situation in Colombia:

"CALI, Colombia, Aug. 17.—Guerrillas display increasing activity, with the hope of assistance from the invasion that threatens Colombia. Important victories obtained by the government at Anapomia and Jombalo."

The news of the battle of Anapomia is of great importance, because it conveys the information that General Uribe's followers have been within a day's horseback ride of Bogota, the national capital.

Rebels Loot Emperador.

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 19.—A force of rebels appeared at Emperador Saturday night. The station happened to be without a garrison at the time and so they looted the Chinese stores.

A mysterious vessel, showing two lights, was observed by residents on the beach last night. According to late advices from Port of Spain, Trinidad, several Venezuelan war vessels are being repaired there. Others are ready for sea, awaiting orders.

Persistent Attacks on Panama.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 19.—The British steamer Rosneath arrived here today from Central American ports and brought advices from Colon of continued and persistent attacks by the rebels on the outskirts of Colon and Panama. The repeated efforts on the part of the government to repulse the rebels have failed, and the belief is gaining ground that the Colombian government is weakening.

Wholesale Arrests at Caracas.

WILLEMSTADT, Curacoa, Aug. 19.—Señor Vellegas Pulido, formerly President of the Venezuelan State of Guarico, and lately President Castro's Minister of Commerce, has been arrested in Caracas, and also thirty-five other politicians. President Castro continues to encourage the Colombian insurrection.

REFUSES TO TURN OUT NEGROES

London Hotel Entertains Afro-American Delegates to International Ecumenical Council.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Some of the American guests are leaving a big London hotel because the management refuses to turn away the Afro-American delegates to the International Ecumenical council. The manager said:

"I could not think of offering an insult to such men as Bishop Derrick of New York, Bishop Janner of Philadelphia, Bishop Gaines of Atlanta, and Bishop Arnett.

"I told the Americans that when the Indian Princes were here no one objected to meet them, and I do not propose to make any distinction at the expense of the Africans."

'LONE MARINER' WHO WAS MARRIED SATURDAY.

Captain William Andrews, who earned the title of "The Lone Mariner" by making several voyages across the Atlantic in a dory, has finally decided to take a companion on all his future trips. The companion was until Saturday last Miss Mary Southern of Pleasantville, N. J., when she and the Captain were married. They will spend their honeymoon on the sea, sailing for the Azores in a twelve-foot boat on Aug. 28. The Captain met his bride by advertising for a girl to accompany him across the Atlantic in a dory.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF TEST.

YELLOW FEVER EXPERIMENTS IN CUBA KILL ONE MORE.

Second Fatality Results from Bite of Infected Mosquito Used in Trying Efficacy of Serum—Merchants' Union Leader Says Commercial and Industrial Interests Desire Modus Vivendi Granting Concessions in Duties—Favor Palma for President.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Aug. 19.—Another of the subjects in the yellow fever experiments conducted by Dr. Caldas, the Brazilian scientist, who is the inventor of a serum, died from the disease last night. He, like the other victim, had been bitten by a mosquito which had previously bitten a patient suffering from yellow fever.

Merchants Want Modus Vivendi.

A prominent member of the Merchants' union says the statement that all the commercial and industrial interests of Cuba want the immediate establishment of a republic in order to make a commercial treaty with the United States is untrue. He adds:

"We represent the bulk of these interests. What we want is a modus vivendi in which the United States will grant to Cuba concessions in the duties on sugar and tobacco which will hold as long as intervention lasts.

"In the reports of the Cigarmakers' union and the union of tobacco buyers on the situation of the tobacco industry no mention is made of a wish on the part of these unions for the establishment of a republic, but only of the granting of concessions. This is because they do not want a republic."

This man claimed that those who are interested in the establishment of a republic say that annexation will shortly follow in order to make it appear that annexation is what they want.

Favor Palma for President.

A number of prominent revolutionists, presided over by General Maximo Gomez, have held a meeting at the house of General Emilio Nunez. The question of candidates for the Presidency was discussed.

The name of Señor Estrada Palma was mentioned, and a majority of those present favored him.

General Sanguilly and Juan Gualberto Gomez contended that, before they could give their support to any candidate, they must know his political program. The former pointed out that Señor Palma's recent letter to Señor Figueredo was brief, and that he ought to be invited to set forth his intentions more clearly.

Ultimately it was decided to appoint a committee empowered to address a communication to Señor Palma asking him to state more fully his intentions and purposes if elected President. General Gomez was appointed chairman of the committee.

SURPRISE A BOER LAAGER.

British Constabulary Force Kills 23 Burghers, but Is Compelled to Retire with 14 Missing.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 20, 3 a. m.—The War office has received the following report from Lord Kitchener, dated at Pretoria Monday:

"Yesterday a party of south African constabulary and Morley's scourts, 150 men, surprised a Boer laager near Middelsburg, killing twenty-three burghers. Owing to the greatly superior strength of the enemy, which was estimated at from 600 to 800, Wood was unable to follow up his success. During his retirement he lost one killed and six wounded, including Captain Morley, who was severely wounded, and fourteen are missing. The enemy must have lost more than the twenty-three that were seen dead on the field."

Miners Refuse to Work.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PRETORIA, Aug. 19.—A number of miners on the May, Chimes, and Robins mines, who had agreed to work for five shillings a day and then refused to do so, have been sent back to the coast.

Cape Town Welcomes the Duke.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CAPE TOWN, Aug. 19.—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York arrived here this morning and were enthusiastically received. They drove to Government House through thronged streets. The Duke held a reception in the afternoon at Parliament House.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

LONDON—The American schooner yacht Endymion, belonging to George J. Lander of Pittsburg, has arrived at Cowes.

ST. PETERSBURG—Dispatches received here from Seoul say that the Corean government has forbidden the exportation of rice on account of the bad crops, and that the Japanese government has instructed its Minister at Seoul to inquire whether the measure is justifiable.

HAMBURG—A North German Lloyd steamer has been chartered to leave Sydney, N. S. W., on Oct. 11 for Kerguelan Land, conveying provisions and dogs for the German antarctic expedition on board the steamer Gauss.

$7 TO MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN.

$5 to Petoskey,

Bay View, Traverse City, and other northern Michigan points and return, via Michigan Central and Grand Rapids and Indiana Ry. Tickets will be on sale Aug. 23, good to return leaving destination not later than Sept. 3, 1901. City ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

BRITISH ROADS DON'T PAY

DIVIDENDS SHRINK AND INVESTORS SEEK REMEDY.

Proposal Advanced for an Increase in the Rates of Fare—Business Methods Said to Be Needed in the Boards of Directors—Plans for Victorian Memorial Approved—Better Feeling Over the Situation in South Africa—Boer Funds Run Low.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 20, 3 a. m.—The question of the position and prospects of British railways as investments is exercising the minds of many people in this country just now. The importance of the matter cannot well be exaggerated, for the capital involved amounts to something like $6,000,000,000.

Investors are naturally dissatisfied with the reduction in their dividends, and one solution of the difficulty which has commended itself to many stockholders is the proposed raising of rates of fare. At a time, however, when cheap transit is admittedly one of the first necessities of commercial progress such a reactionary policy is not likely to be adopted.

Possibly the most urgent reform required in the railway system of the United Kingdom is the replacement of a large proportion of the present Boards of Directors by thoroughly competent business-men.

The Pall Mall Gazette points out that while the average capitalization per mile is now $265,000, for every mile constructed during the last two years $950,000 has been added to the capital. It is impossible to justify such proceedings, but Boards of Directors as at present constituted cannot be expected to draw a rigid distinction between capital and revenue expenditure.

Praise for Victoria Memorial.

The amended design for the Victoria memorial meets with strong approval of a majority of the independent experts who have examined it, and the committee feels confident that the popular verdict will be favorable. There is, however, one detail of the scheme that is certain to be much discussed. The names of the great men of the Victorian reign are to be recorded on tablets around Brock's monumental group of statuary. The selection will be an extremely difficult task and cannot possibly satisfy everybody.

Hopeful Over South Africa.

There is a renewed feeling of hopefulness that the war in south Africa will soon be at an end. The position is different from that obtaining at any time since the outbreak of hostilities in October, 1899. Natal is clear. Cape Colony is rid of Kritzinger. In the Orange River Colony there is practically little opposition, while in the Transvaal there are not many symptoms of Boer activity.

Rumors of important developments are freely current. It is stated that the funds of the Boer leaders in Europe are now absolutely exhausted, and it is certain the rigors of winter have told on the burghers in the field.

Pan-Celtic Congress in Dublin.

Much interest is being taken here in the proceedings of the Pan-Celtic gathering in Dublin. Regarded as a plea for the maintenance of ancient languages and customs and as an exhibition of sympathy between long scattered sections of the Celtic race, it certainly embodies a remarkable idea. The congress opens today with a gay procession, and, apart from its distinctively Celtic character, the display will be a picturesque protest against the dull monotony of twentieth century existence.

GOVERNOR RESIGNS IN DISGUST.

Civil Ruler in Benguet Province in Luzon Thrashes His Secretary, Who Is Removed.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Aug. 19.—Civil Governor H. Pheips Whitmarsh of Benguet Province has tendered his resignation. He is disgusted with the strong influence of his fomer secretary, Scherer.

Scherer is a German who has lived in Benguet Province for a long time. A month ago he declined to act as secretary of a public meeting of the Igorrote tribesmen on account of alleged interference in the meeting by the American authorities. Thereupon Scherer was thrashed by Governor Whitmarsh.

CZAR VISITS FRANCE SEPT. 19.

Russian Emperor and King of Sweden to Be Guests of Loubet at Army Maneuvers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 19.—The Czar has accepted President Loubet's invitation to attend the army maneuvers at Rheims on Sept. 19. King Oscar of Sweden will also be present.

Prince Chun at Port Said.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PORT SAID, Aug. 19.—Prince Chun, brother of the Emperor of China, who is on his way to Berlin to apologize for the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the German Minister at Pekin, arrived here today.

Louisville and Return $8.00.

Via Monon Route. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to 28. Good returning to Sept. 2, with privilege of extension to Sept. 16 on payment of fee of 50 cents. Two trains daily. City ticket office, 232 Clark street. Depot, Dearborn Station

SAVE MEN BURIED IN LAKE TUNNEL.

Two Rescued at Cleveland After Wandering Five and a Half Days in Shaft.

FOREMAN PROVES A HERO

Hearing Signals He Descends and Finds Victims of Last Week's Accident.

BOTH OF THEM MAY GETWELL

Cleveland, O., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—After being buried for five and a half days in a tunnel 200 feet under Lake Erie Adam Kester and Joseph Eugine were rescued this afternoon and both probably will recover.

Since last Wednesday, when fire destroyed crib No. 2, two miles out in the lake, Kester and Eugine have wandered in darkness and foul air, at times up to their shoulders in water, through the tunnel without food.

When the fire destroyed the crib they were in the tunnel with eleven of their fellows, ten of whom were rescued. Of the dozen caught in the trap all were recovered, dead or alive, except Kester, Eugine, and Victor Kaufmann of Canton, who may be dead or still wandering around under the lake.

Rescued by Foreman.

The rescue of the two men was an heroic one. All hope that any of the men imprisoned in the tunnel were alive had been abandoned, but this morning men at work on the crib heard signals being made on the pipes running down under the lake.

Foreman Van Dusen at once determined upon a rescue if possible. Attaching ropes under his arms he descended into the gas-choked tunnel and tried to reach the survivors. Overcome by the gas he was forced to abandon his attempt.

When Foreman Van Dusen heard the signals on the pipes an investigation proved that the gas in the tunnel was too thick for the men who had been working in the open air to attempt the rescue. At noon the foreman went to the bottom of the shaft and signaled the men. He received an answer. He shouted to them and a faint shout was heard in return. An hour later he went down again and shouted and the men seemed to be nearer to him.

"We are behind the lock," shouted the men, and Van Dusen called for them to walk as far as they could and he would try and reach them with a rope.

The tug F. E. Smith, which happened to be in the neighborhood of the crib, was signaled and sent for the life saving crew, and at 1 o'clock Captain Motley and the crew appeared in the tug Chamberlain.

At 2 o'clock Foreman Van Dusen, with a young man who was at work on the crib, went to the bottom of the shaft. The tunnel at that point is waist deep in water.

No More Survivors in Tunnel.

After waiting half an hour the two men who had been imprisoned in the tunnel appeared. There were only two of them, and in answer to Van Dusen's anxious inquiries they said there were no more in the tunnel. The two men were hardly able to walk, but managed to get through the water and to the foot of the iron ladder that runs down the side of the shaft.

A rope was let down the shaft and was attached to one of the men. He was the weaker of the two and was hauled to the surface. The other man seemed to be in good condition. The rope was passed about his body, and while being hauled to the top of the shaft he aided the men by using the ladder as much as he could. Both men were able to talk, but did no more than answer a few questions that were put to them.

After they had been in the open air a short time they became weaker. A little whisky and weak coffee was given them. They were wrapped in blankets and placed on the Tug Chamberlain and brought ashore. Ambulances were in waiting and the men were taken to a hospital.

The hospital doctors say Kester's chances of recovery are good. Eugine is not doing so well.

Men Tell Their Experiences.

The men knew nothing of the catastrophe that killed so many of their comrades and imprisoned them. They knew that something had severed their connection with the crib. They knew that beyond the air lock behind which they had taken refuge the air was too foul to breathe.

When their signal for help tapped on the air pipe was answered from the crib, Kest and Eugine were preparing to eat raw mule meat.

At the hospital tonight Eugine and Kest were permitted to talk for a short time, and they related some of their experiences.

"We gave up more than once," said Kest. "We lost track of the time. I didn't know whether it was six days or three. The gas must have made us sleepy. We slept a lot I know. We didn't know whether it was day or night down there.

"The darkness was awful. We tried to get out several times. Each time the gas drove us back. At last we decided that it was get out or die, and we made a try, tapping on the pipe as we went along."

The first intimation they had of the burning of the crib was the shutting off of the lights. The two men were working far in advance of the gang, and when the latter made their rush for safety Kest and Eugine were sitting down behind the air lock waiting for the lights to be turned on again. They did not hear the shouts and cries of their fellow-prisoners.

BRITISH MENACE TO CHINA.

English Envoy Threatens to Keep Soldiers in Pekin if Boxers Are Not Punished.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 20, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the Times from Pekin says that Sir Ernest Satow, the British Minister, has notified the Chinese Plenipotentiaries that unless the punishments decreed for the authors of the Chu-Chau massacre are forthwith carried out Great Britain will require to reconsider her arrangement for the withdrawal of her troops.

The Times, recalling editorially the circumstances of the Chu-Chau massacre, says:

"The fact that it occured in the British sphere of influence justifies Sir Ernest Satow's demand and menace, the significance of which will be comprehended by the Chinese Plenipotentiaries and the absentee court."

Fixes Date for Return.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Aug. 19.—Li Hung Chang yesterday received a telegram purporting to come from the Emperor, fixing Oct. 6 as the date on which the court will leave Singan Fu.

The Chinese plenipotentiaries have been informed that a settlement of the Manchurian question will not be undertaken until the arrival of the new Russian Minister in October.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Stops Diarrhoea and Stomach Cramps. Dr. Siegert's Genuine Imported Angostura Bitters.

MOB KILLS TWO NEGROES.

RACE WAR STARTED AT PIERCE CITY, MISSOURI.

Whites Attack Jail, Drag Out Men Charged with Murder of Girl, and Riddle Bodies with Bullets—Boy Slain During Firing and Many Wounded—Crowd Seeks Other Victims—Raid Colored Quarters, Firing in All Directions.

Pierce City, Mo., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Will Godley and Gene Carter, suspected of the murder of Miss Caselle Wild on Sunday, were lynched by a mob here tonight.

Godley was lynched first. A mob numbering a thousand persons battered down the jail doors and dragged both Godley and Carter out of the building with ropes around their necks.

The mob dragged the men to the front of the Lawrence Hotel. A man climbed up one of the pillars supporting the balcony and pulled a rope up. A dozen men seized the rope, and in a moment the body of the negro was squirming twenty feet in the air. The body was then riddled with bullets.

Carter was taken back toward the jail, but the crowd seized him again, riddled his body with bullets, and left him dead in the street.

The mob is now searching for Peter Hampton, another negro, whom they swear to lynch.

Boy in Crowd Killed.

There was much shooting at the bodies, and a small boy was killed and several persons wounded.

Carter confessed and charged Joe Clark, a railroad porter, now away on his run, with being the real culprit. The mob has arranged to meet Clark when he arrives at Monett in the morning and hang him.

Twenty-five men armed with guns are now in the negro district, firing indiscriminately.

Stops a Trial to Shoot Negro.

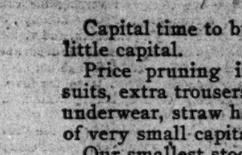
Norwood, W. Va., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Justice of the Peace John Crider was trying Emma Franklin and Anna Taylor, both colored, charged with fighting. While the trial was in progress a courier ran into the court room, almost breathless, and whispered to the court that Phil Franklin, the husband of one of the women, was en route to the trial with a rifle, swearing that he would release his wife or kill the officials.

Justice Crider said nothing, but reaching in his desk secured his revolver and started outside. Just as he left the door he saw Franklin turning the corner of the building. Franklin put his rifle across the window sill and shouted:

"Emma, come out of dar."

Crider then shot a bullet clear through Franklin's body. Franklin is alive, but with little hopes of recovery. The Squire continued the trial as if nothing had occurred.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.



Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Belgium, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.

For Jamaica, 12 p. m.

For Austria, Denmark, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, S. S. Columbia, 12 p. m.

For France, via Havre, 12 p. m., S. S. La Gascogne.

For Japan, China, and Corea, via Tacoma, at 9 p. m., S. S. Olympia.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 19, 8 p. m.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois—Fair Tuesday, warmer in central portion; Wednesday fair, warmer in northeast portion; light to fresh northeasterly winds, becoming southerly.

Wisconsin—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, light easterly winds.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday, Wednesday fair in eastern, showers in southwest portion, warmer in western portion, winds mostly light easterly.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, winds mostly southerly.

North Dakota—Showers Tuesday, cooler in central portion, Wednesday showers, southerly winds, becoming variable.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Generally fair Tuesday, Wednesday showers and cooler, southerly winds, becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Fair Tuesday, Wednesday fair, with warmer in northern portion, light east to south winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, warmer Wednesday in western portion, variable winds, becoming light southeasterly.

Place of observation. Time taken: Aug. 19, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.		Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
		Max.	Min.				
Abilene	29.82	92	64	94	S.E.	....	Clear
Albany	30.12	70	52	82	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Alpena	30.04	72	50	80	S.	.01	Clo'dy
Amarillo	29.90	74	52	82	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Battleford	29.84	72	46	86	N.E.	....	Clear
Bismarck	29.82	80	56	86	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Buffalo	29.94	74	56	86	S.	.10	Clo'dy
Boston	30.22	70	52	80	S.	Tr.	Rain
Cairo	29.92	80	68	88	S.E.	.10	Clo'dy
Calgary	29.70	66	42	72	E.	....	Clear
Charlotte	30.04	72	58	82	N.W.	.08	Rain
Cheyenne	29.90	60	42	82	N.W.	.12	Rain
Chicago	29.96	70	52	74	N.E.	.46	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	29.90	74	58	84	E.	.04	Clo'dy
Cleveland	29.92	74	52	82	N.E.	1.88	Clo'dy
Concordia	29.92	84	58	90	S.	.01	Clear
Davenport	29.92	84	58	88	N.E.	Tr.	Clear
Denver	29.90	70	54	84	S.W.	.06	Clo'dy
Des Moines	29.88	80	58	86	S.	....	Clear
Detroit	29.90	76	52	82	N.	.04	Rain
Dodge	29.88	86	60	90	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Dubuque	29.94	82	56	86	S.E.	....	Clear
Duluth	30.06	70	52	74	N.E.	....	Clear
El Paso	29.76	90	62	92	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Edmonton	29.74	74	46	78	N.W.	....	Clo'dy
Galveston	29.92	82	68	88	S.	....	Clo'dy
Grand Haven	29.96	72	54	74	N.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Green Bay	30.02	72	48	80	N.E.	....	Clear
Havre	29.74	82	52	82	N.E.	Tr.	Clear
Helena	29.82	74	52	78	N.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Huron	29.92	82	52	88	S.E.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	29.86	72	50	80	W.	1.22	Clo'dy
Jacksonville	30.06	78	68	88	S.	Tr.	Clear
Kansas City	29.92	88	62	92	S.W.	....	Clear
Little Rock	29.94	82	60	90	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Marquette	30.06	72	50	80	N.W.	....	Clear
Memphis	29.96	78	64	84	S.W.	1.41	Clear
Medicine Hat	29.64	80	50	80	N.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Minnedosa	29.88	68	50	70	N.	....	Clo'dy
Montgomery	30.02	74	68	88	S.E.	1.50	Clo'dy
Montreal	30.06	70	58	78	E.	....	Clo'dy
Nashville	29.94	78	62	86	S.W.	.50	Clo'dy
New Orleans	30.02	82	70	90	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
New York City	30.10	68	58	76	N.E.	.70	Rain
Norfolk	30.04	82	66	90	S.	....	Clear
North Platte	29.88	84	58	88	S.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	29.92	84	62	90	S.	.02	Clear
Omaha	29.88	84	60	94	S.E.	....	Clear
Oswego	29.98	76	52	82	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Palestine	29.92	84	66	90	N.E.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	29.96	82	56	86	S.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	30.06	72	52	82	N.E.	1.82	Clo'dy
Pittsburg	29.96	82	50	90	S.	.02	Clo'dy
Pueblo	29.90	72	50	80	N.E.	.02	Clo'dy
Qu'Appelle	29.78	62	50	80	Calm	Tr.	Clo'dy
Rapid City	29.74	76	50	90	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	29.92	86	68	88	N.	....	Clo'dy
St. Paul	29.98	84	58	86	N.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	29.98	62	52	78	S.E.	.48	Rain
Ste. Marie	30.02	64	46	76	N.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill.	29.92	76	54	84	N.E.	.12	Clo'dy
Springfield, Mo.	29.82	82	60	92	S.W.	Tr.	Clear
Washington	30.02	80	68	88	S.	Tr.	Clear
Williston	29.76	70	50	82	S.	.06	Clo'dy
Winnipeg	29.98	70	50	80	S.	....	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 E. Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 73 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 74; 10 a. m., 75; 11 a. m., 76; 12 m., 77; 1 p. m., 78; 3 p. m., 79; 6 p. m., 77. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.40; 6 p. m., 29.40.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Adam, Emil, 29; 1774 Hoyne-av., Aug. 19.
Akin, Gordon C., 14; 828 Estes-av., Aug. 19.
Biermann, Robert, 82; 1665 Buckingham-pl., Aug. 18.
Biers, Abraham L., 19; 1427 Michigan-av., Aug. 17.
Brausch, Katherine, 52; Cook County Hospital, Aug. 18.
Burke, Marie E., 13; 110 Washburne-av., Aug. 19.
Broden, Jean L., 14; 3911 Prairie-av., Aug. 18.
Dahlke, Richard, 14; 9045 Green-st., Aug. 18.
Dunraven, Annie, 45; 1512 Indiana-av., Aug. 16.
Davis, Nettie S., 58; 6850 Halsted-st., Aug. 18.
Dohm, Peter, 46; 73 Gothe-st., Aug. 18.
Garner, Walter, 24; 503 W. Madison-st., Aug. 15.
Gauselin, Simon, 68; 753 W. 13th-st., Aug. 18.
Graynert, Wladyslaw, 52; 610 W. 17th-st., Aug. 19.
Haas, John G., 72; 5204 Wentworth-av., Aug. 19.
Hansel, William, 35; 56 Ulsand-st., Aug. 17.
Hoesch, Mary, 44; 865 Halsted-st., Aug. 16.

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OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

Heald, Marie, 34; 29 Elizabeth-st., Aug. 17.
Jaeger, Joseph, 25; 639 N. Halsted-st., Aug. 16.
Jessen, Broder, 37; 1444 N. Harding-av., Aug. 16.
Kelly, Margaret, 38; 6720 May-st., Aug. 16.
Kucza, Josef, 38; 640 W. 16th-st., Aug. 17.
Langan, James, 44; 181 Chicago-av., Aug. 17.
Lottes, John, 64; 1007 W. 22d-st., Aug. 18.
Landes, Lilly, 6; 3315 Hamilton-av., Aug. 19.
Marek, Pauline, 26; 145 Bunker-st., Aug. 18.
McFadden, Ann, 48; 350 Carroll-av., Aug. 18.
Mugrenborg, George, 18; 1007 W. 20th-st., Aug. 18.
Masek, Joseph, 74; 201 20th-pl., Aug. 17.
McHale, Catherine, 88; 865 Blucher-st., Aug. 18.
McGinty, Mary, 8; 3439 Charlton-st., Aug. 16.
Pratt, Margaret, 78; Home for the Aged, Aug. 18.
Pooher, Wilke G., 37; 2628 Union-av., Aug. 17.
Pahlke, Wanell, 19; 12421 Parnell-av., Aug. 18.
Freiberg, Fred, 37; 18 Harrison-st., Aug. 18.
Ragnet, William, 31; 906 N. Francisco-av., Aug. 17.
Schmidt, Lizzie, 54; 458 Wellington-av., Aug. 19.
Solma, Lofia, 17; 84 Front-st., Aug. 19.
Sweeney, Michael, 60; 59 Desplaines-st., Aug. 12.
Schulze, Louise, 43; 43 Burling-st., Aug. 17.
Schoeckel, Martha, 43; 1153 W. Superior-st., Aug. 17.
Skinner, Alice, 62; 153 Emerson-av., Aug. 18.
Spadafora, Elizabeth, 65; 40 Solon-pl., Aug. 17.
Summerwold, Hilda, 41; 281 W. Division-st., Aug. 18.
Swanson, Mabel T., 6; 223 Townsend-st., Aug. 19.
Thompson, Isaac, 71; 517 Carroll-av., Aug. 18.
Vander, Myde H., 65; 10646 Michigan-av., Aug. 18.
White, Frank, 17; 38 Mohawk-st., Aug. 19.
Weet, Gracie, 43; 82 W. 82d-st., Aug. 18.
Wolfe, Michael, 2; 4060 5th-av., Aug. 17.
Wethart, Sophia, 76; 7820 Stony Island-av., Aug. 17.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—Aug. 18, Florence C., beloved wife of N. W. Anderson, aged 24 years. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 20, 2 p. m., from her late home, 670 Jackson-blvd., at 1 o'clock. Interment at Forest Home.

BOLL—Anna E. Boll, née Woellenstein, beloved wife of the late Christian Boll, mother of John, Jacob, and Conrad Boll, Christina Gross, Elizabeth La Cloche, and Anna Schomberg. Monday morning at 9 o'clock, aged 72 years and 3 months. Funeral from her late residence, 297 E. 21st-st., Thursday, Aug. 22, at 1 p. m., to Oakwoods.

BOETTGER—Louis T. Boettger, suddenly, on Aug. 16, at New Haven Hospital, Conn. Interment at Philadelphia, Pa.

CURRAN—Aug. 19, Hugh Curran, aged 43 years. Funeral Wednesday, Aug. 21, from his late residence, 450 Hastings-st., at 9:30 a. m., to St. Charles' Church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

FREIBERG—Fred W., son of the late William and Helene Freiberg, suddenly, Aug. 18, aged 37 years. Funeral services at Freiberg's Hall Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock. Interment at Waldheim Cemetery. Funeral private.

HANLON—Mrs. Mary Hanlon, aged 54 years and 3 months, at her residence, 151 E. Fullerton-av., Sunday, Aug. 18, at 7 p. m. Services at Our Savior's Church, E. Fullerton-av., Wednesday, Aug. 21. Interment at Rose Hill Cemetery.

HAAS—John George, beloved husband of Dorette Haas, father of Frank Haas, father-in-law of Bertha Haas, Aug. 18, aged 71 years 10 months 7 days. Funeral from 6306 Wentworth-av., Wednesday at 10 a. m., to Waldheim.

HUIBRECHT—Van der Myde, aged 65 years, Aug. 18, at his residence, 10646 Michigan-av. Funeral services at 1:30 at First Reformed Church of Roseland, Wednesday, Aug. 21.

JANES—At Calumet club, Monday evening, Aug. 19, John J. Janes. Notice of funeral later.

McDERMID—John J. McDermid Jr., aged 23 years, youngest son of J. J. and Frances E. McDermid, Aug. 19, at his parents' residence, 4052 Ellis-av. Funeral announcement later.

STORMS—Agnes, infant daughter of Albert W. and Winnetta Storms, 1537 Windsor-av., aged 3 months 22 days. Funeral at 2 p. m. Tuesday, to Graceland.

WALSH—Johanna Eugenia Walsh, Aug. 17, 1901, aged 24 years. Interment private, at Calvary, Aug. 20, 1901.

UNDERTAKERS.

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The Tribune.

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Daily, per week.....12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week.....17 cents
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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1901.

Convention of Negro Business-Men.

The national convention of the Negro Business-Men's association, which holds its first session in this city tomorrow, is a most significant gathering. It will be attended by 300 delegates representing almost every State in the union. Many of these delegates were born slaves and practically all the others are the sons of slaves. Their meeting is in effect an appeal to the general public to judge their race rather by the men of character and capacity in its ranks than by "those who are idle on the streets or serving time in the penitentiaries." As negroes who have made their own way in the world and have established or control legitimate businesses they may serve as proof and demonstration of the capabilities of the race. At the head of the association is Booker Washington, who has done as much as any man since the war to assist in the solution of the "negro question." Associated with him are prominent business men from a dozen States, who have shown what negroes can do when inspired by practical education and a business training. The appeal that the negro should be judged by the best he has produced and not by the worst is fair, in view of the fact that he has too often been judged by the worst. The present convention is a happy augury for the future of the negro in the United States.

Dr. Reilly, acting Health commissioner, thinks the **Danger in Drinking** prevalence of **Impure Water.** typhoid fever in Chicago is due entirely to bad lake water. Though the Drainage Canal is open, the drinking water still is contaminated. The records of the Health department show that an increase in typhoid cases always follows a season of heavy rains. Dr. Reilly says the storms of June and the early part of July washed into the lake enough pollution to fill the water with disease germs. The rain and wind of last Sunday reproduced the unhealthful conditions. The only safe course is to boil the water used for drinking. The Health department is giving the usual warning to this effect through the press, and will continue to do so during the danger period. This is fairly effective among people who read the newspapers, but there is a large portion of the community that cannot be reached in this way, and it is the portion most in need of such advice. Dr. Reilly would do well to devise methods for reaching that element. It might be advisable to send officers through the stores and shops in the poorer quarters to warn the people to boil their water. Every available channel for reaching these people, who are the greatest sufferers from typhoid, should be used. The department should ask priests and physicians to cooperate with it in instructing those whom the newspapers do not reach.

The Fall River Manufacturers and Cotton Manufacturers.

The Fall River manufacturers of common print cloths who have given notice of a cut in wages do not take kindly to the suggestion that they cut down their production instead and thus give the market a chance to absorb surplus stocks and open the way for a stiffening of prices. These manufacturers say with some truth that if they were to reduce production while their competitors did not the latter alone would be the gainers. Reduced production to be really effective must be general. There are so many cotton mills and they are so widely distributed that unanimity of action is impossible. At the same time the Textile Manufacturers' Journal has its doubts whether the cut in wages, if made, will add materially to the profits of the Fall River mills. It says that a price reduction may come as a consequence of the wage reduction. Manufacturers seldom retain any benefit from special advantages. The buyer is usually the beneficiary. The fact of the matter is that there is so much competition in the manufacture of common cottons that while mills which have new and improved machinery and are well managed are able to make money mills with inferior machinery cannot do so unless they can beat down their workmen's wages. The employés at Fall River are not ready to submit to the proposed cut, and if it is insisted on there will be an ugly labor war in that city.

MACARTHUR ON THE PHILIPPINES.

General MacArthur, who has arrived in San Francisco after three years' work in the Philippines, sums up the present conditions in the islands by saying that the whole territory is "pacified but not tranquilized." He is hopeful and confident for the future, but he does not close his eyes to the work that still remains to be done. While a few groups of insurgents still are in arms, they are no longer helped by the natives and are insignificant in numbers. The natives have discovered that there is more benefit to be gained by surrendering to the American authorities than by allowing themselves to be tyrannized over by rebel leaders.

General MacArthur's statement of the situation is conservative and accurate. As Governor General of the islands he has had a better opportunity than anybody else to judge the actual conditions, and there is every reason to believe that he has painted them neither brighter nor darker than they really are. "While the conditions are not perfect, they are gratifying," he says. It takes a long time to root out the criminal disorders that follow a war anywhere. The almost total absence of governmental restraint in a half civilized country like the Philippine Islands naturally has caused some districts to relapse into barbarism. It will require a good many months to restore even the former degree of order, but it will be done, and everywhere conditions will be infinitely better than under Spanish rule. General MacArthur will deserve a share of the credit for the success of the new civil government because of the painstaking care with which he attended to the innumerable details of the administrative office during his term as military Governor.

A TALE OF THREE CITIES.

It never rains but it pours. In three cities investigations are in progress, or about to be made, of charges of corruption against the Police department. The Superintendent of Police of Chicago has certified charges of fraud against three officers in the detective department to the Civil Service commission—the charges involving the collection of a fraudulent expense account, conduct unbecoming a policeman, and violation of the regulations governing the department. The chief of detectives, though not accused by the Superintendent, is so far involved that he must clear up his reputation. This is the tale of one city.

In New York the Society for the Prevention of Crime has made charges of collusion between the police and the lawbreakers. It has proved that the Police department has allowed disreputable houses to remain open after complaints have been made against them; that policemen have levied blackmail on these houses; that warnings have been sent to the keepers of these dens and tips to gaming-houses and poolrooms from the police headquarters when the society's agents were about to descend upon them. In a word, extortion, bribery, blackmail, and official corruption are charged upon sufficient evidence. One official has been convicted, others have been indicted. This is the tale of the second city.

The tale from Philadelphia is the worst and most disgraceful of the three. A young girl, lured to that city from New York on the promise of employment as a cook, was forced to engage in a life of shame in a house patronized by policemen in uniform. Two instances of this kind have been discovered, and the Philadelphia Press says there is no reasonable doubt that a foul system exists under which young women seeking an honest livelihood as domestics are engaged in one city, taken to another, and placed in resorts known and protected by members of the police force. The Law and Order society of that city will follow up these cases, and, in the meantime, fifty-five city election officers have been indicted for receiving illegal votes.

These are the tales of three cities. What will be the outcome? There will be investigations by Civil Service commissions and grand juries. A little fellow here and there may be caught, but if he has "pull" enough his penalty will be remitted. The big fellows will go scot-free. The newspapers will make much of the investigations. The public will be excited for a few days. Then the interest will die out, and in a month the whole matter probably will be forgotten. That has been the course these investigations have taken in the past. The only way to reform this condition of things is by political revolution. The system under which such outrages are made possible must be rooted out. In the language of the street, it is "up to the people" whether they will allow it to continue. They are the ones who are responsible, for they elect men who permit Police departments to become corrupt.

HOW FAR UNIONS CAN GO.

The English courts are gradually determining how far a trades union can lawfully go when its members and an employer are at odds. A few years ago it was laid down as the law that where the agent of a union notifies an employer that if he does not discharge men in his service because they do not belong to the organization the union men in his employ will strike and the non-union men are discharged on account of this threat they cannot recover damages. It was admitted that the men thus discharged had been injured, but it was held that since it was lawful for an individual member of a union to tell his employer that he would not work for him unless he discharged certain persons whom he did not wish to work with, it was lawful for the union men to do the same thing collectively through an officer of their organization.

This decision was altogether satisfactory to the trades unions. A final decision recently given in another case does not suit them at all. A butcher got entangled in a controversy with the Journeymen Butchers' Assistants' association. The association induced several of his employés to leave without notice, thus interfering considerably with his business, and finally it notified a second butcher that unless he stopped doing business with the first butcher the association would call out his hands. This threat was effectual and the final result was the ruin of the first butcher. Then he sued the association, which has money, for $1,250 damages and has won his suit.

English courts will not hold that it is unlawful for one union employé to threaten to quit work if his employer does not break off business relations with another employer whom this employé wishes to injure, but they do hold that such a threat when made by the union is unlawful. Apparently, therefore, the law as laid down in the first case is modified somewhat in this second case.

There is, however, a material difference between the two cases. In one the union threatened a strike if the employer did not dismiss some non-union men. In the other it threatened a strike if the employer, against whom it had no cause of offense, did not break off trade relations with an employer with whom it had a quarrel. This was dragging an innocent third party into the controversy and threatening to punish him if he did not help the union.

The tactics of the Journeymen Butchers' Assistants' association have been pursued frequently in this country, but thus far no trades union has been cast in damages for using them. If damages could be recovered here unions would be more careful about their methods.

Independent Democrat for Mayor of New York.

Senator Platt and Governor Odell of New York have had a three days' conference at Manhattan Beach and apparently have agreed that it would be unwise to nominate a Republican candidate for Mayor of New York in opposition to Tammany this fall. In a newspaper interview Senator Platt says the anti-Tammany ticket should be headed by an independent Democrat, and he intimates that he has converted Governor Odell to that view. He is quoted as making the sensible remark that New York is a Democratic city and that an independent member of that party stands a better chance of being elected than a Republican. He is credited further with the statement that any candidate who shall be nominated at a conference of all the reform elements will be acceptable to him. If Senator Platt and Governor Odell will follow this line of action there is every reason to believe that New York can have a reform administration. The city might have been spared its present infliction of Tammany corruption if Senator Platt had been willing to have his party support an independent Democrat at the last municipal election. If the two Republican leaders of the State now combine their efforts on behalf of a candidate who can draw the support of the German voters and of the various reform factions, as well as that of the Republican organization, they can break the power of Tammany and give New York City a decent government again. The recent exposures of police corruption will help to defeat the Croker machine if the decent elements can agree to pull together. If the Republican leaders were to insist on a Republican candidate for Mayor they would play only into the hands of Tammany again.

CONTRACT-BREAKING DEFENDED.

The Chicago Federation of Labor professes to have found out the real nature of the agreement made by the members of the Amalgamated association working in the Chicago district and the Illinois Steel company. To all outward seeming this agreement is a stipulation that for a certain length of time if certain rates of wages are paid and terms and conditions of employment observed members of the association will remain at work for the steel company. To a business-man the advantages of such an agreement as this are manifest. It is in the interest of both labor and capital. Many of the unions represented in the Federation of Labor have similar agreements.

That federation pretends to have discovered that these contracts are snares, set for unwary labor. It says that they were made with the lodges at South Chicago "for the purpose of preventing such organizations from being called on to assist their affiliated organizations," and because the men at South Chicago, having made a contract, will not break it when the head of their organization orders them to do so, they are denounced as "unfit for the recognition or support of union men." They lived up to their bargain, and hence are bad men from the union standpoint.

When the first contracts were entered into between union organizations and employers labor believed that a great victory had been won. The recognition of the unions was absolute. Employers met them as equals and made agreements with them. It is alleged now that these contracts are traps set for labor and that men who have been beguiled into signing them are more than justified in breaking them when their officers order them to do so.

If all labor organizations took this view of the matter there would be no more contracts between employers and employés and much more warring than there is now. Happily, there are organizations where a better code of morals obtains. President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers' association says he knows and approves of cases where officers and members of trade organizations have lived up to contracts they had deliberately entered into where these contracts conflicted with their constitutions and laws. Mr. Mitchell should come to Chicago and lecture to the Federation of Labor on the sacredness of contracts.

A RUINED CRUISER.

After the Navy department had decided to stop using the old Vermont as a receiving ship at the Brooklyn navy-yard it concluded to use the cruiser Columbia for that purpose. The vessel was towed from the League Island navy yard, where it had been laid up for the last two years, to Brooklyn. After its arrival there an officer was quoted as saying that the machinery of the Columbia, which cost $1,300,000, was covered with rust, that not a steam pump would work, and that only the use of hand pumps kept the vessel afloat.

The Columbia was built about ten years ago, its total cost being $5,000,000. It was designed as a commerce destroyer, and was extremely swift, crossing the ocean once at an average speed of 22.8 knots per hour. It cost too much money and was too good a ship to have been allowed to degenerate into its present unserviceable condition. The New York, Texas, Detroit, and Machias, built about the same time, are still in active service.

According to the Washington Post, the Columbia was laid up at the League Island navy yard soon after the close of the war with Spain. At first an engineer was placed aboard to look after its costly machinery and a line officer to look after its equipment, but they were soon ordered away and the vessel was left in the sole charge of a $2 a day watchman. The commandant at the navy yard had no authority to order men to look after the machinery of the Columbia. The Navy department alone had the authority and did not exercise it. So the Columbia is ruined.

The Navy department has not yet investigated this matter to fix the responsibility for the practical destruction of a valuable ship. If the Navy department shall fail to investigate, Congress will be likely to do so. This country has not yet so large a navy that it can view with unconcern the loss of a $5,000,000 ship. It will be advisable for Congress also to find out whether there are any other expensive vessels which are being left to rust away in the custody of watchmen.

THE TEHUANTEPEC RAILWAY.

Mrs. Alec Tweedie's interesting article in the Fortnightly Review on the new railway route across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec calls attention to the fact that the transcontinental railways of the United States soon will have a formidable rival in certain kinds of freight business. This railway from the Gulf of Mexico to the Pacific Ocean was completed by the Mexican government in 1895, but lack of harbors at both terminals has prevented any extensive use of the line for freight transportation. A new era will begin fifteen months hence, when Sir Weetman Pearson will have completed two fine harbors, constructed at a cost of $15,000,000, and will begin operating the railway under a monopoly concession lasting fifty years.

With the opening of this road for heavy freight there is likely to be an extensive change in the ocean-to-ocean traffic. The distance across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec is shorter than that across Nicaragua, while the new route is 800 miles nearer to the United States than Nicaragua and 1,300 miles nearer than Panama. The gain over the Panama route will be 1,265 miles between New York and San Francisco, or 2,010 miles between New Orleans and San Francisco.

The Mexican route also will underbid all others in its rates from ship's side to ship's side. According to Sir Weetman Pearson's contract with the Mexican government, he agrees to carry freight from one ocean to the other for an average charge of about $4 a ton. The railways of the United States charge about $15. The Panama railway demands about $5. The route around the Horn is the most expensive of all except for a few kinds of freight. Thus the Tehuantepec route will be $1 a ton cheaper than the best existing route, while it saves shippers from 1,200 to 2,000 miles in sea freight besides.

Competition of this nature cannot fail to affect the lines of interoceanic traffic somewhat. Contrary-wise, the Atlantic terminus of the Tehuantepec route, is nearer to San Francisco than New Orleans is via the Southern Pacific. Both at this port and at Salina Cruz, on the Pacific, the harbor and transshipping facilities are of the most modern pattern. Until the Nicaragua Canal becomes a reality, and perhaps afterward, it is to be expected that the Tehuantepec railway will be used freely by shippers.

ONCE again is the lesson taught that when a steamship and an iceberg come in collision it doesn't hurt the iceberg.

I'D like to know who got that $10! I didn't!—Captain Colleran.

COMMUNICATION with Mobile having been established again, it is interesting to learn from the esteemed Register of that city that Mobile was as anxious about the outside world as the outside world was about Mobile.

WHILE on a tombstone-selling trip the other day one of the Younger brothers was caught between his wagon box and the wheels and severely hurt. It is possible he was trying, absent-mindedly, to hold up the wagon.

THE effort to establish a Bryanless Democratic party encounters a fierce and a determined opposition on the part of Mr. Bryan.

CANVASSING salesmen for Installment houses have gone on a strike, and some people are unsympathetic enough to hope it will be a perpetual one.

IN A MINOR KEY.

The Main Question.

"I'll have the court understand," arrogantly said the red-nosed man who had offered to go on the prisoner's bail bond, "that my signature at the bottom of a check is good for six figures!"

"I don't doubt it," replied the magistrate, "but would the check be good for anything?"

Insinuation.

Sweet Young Thing—"By the way, Miss Wellalong, do you remember the 'year without a summer?'"

Miss Wellalong—"I don't remember that I ever heard of it. When was it?"

Sweet Young Thing—"It was the year 1816, I think."

Environment.

Mr. Ferguson—"Did you have a good time at Mrs. Highmore's tea, Laura?"

Mrs. Ferguson—"No; I was miserably lonesome."

Mr. Ferguson—"Lonesome?"

Mrs. Ferguson—"Yes; I was the only woman there who hadn't been having trouble with her help."

Had to Run Its Course.

"Good morning, ma'am. May I ask if you are troubled with rats about your premises?" the man at the door said, unslinging his pack.

"We're nearly worried to death with them," replied the woman of the house.

"I am not surprised to hear it," he rejoined, opening his pack. "False delicacy prompts many persons to answer that question in the negative. The rat, like the human race, exists. There is no home, howe'er so well defended, but some live rat is there. Doggerel, madam, being a slight variation of an effort by the late Mr. Longfellow, but applicable to the case. The rat may serve some good purpose, but it doesn't fit in with the general scheme of civilization, and mankind does well to use all honorable means to exterminate it."

Here he took out a curious piece of mechanism, made chiefly of wood and wire.

"Chief among the agencies for the extermination of this universal pest," he resumed, "is the invention I shall now have the honor to show you—"

"Why, that is—"

"You are right, ma'am. It is. It's a rat trap. Not one of the wretchedly inefficient things commonly dignified by that title, but a trap constructed on scientific principles. It takes advantage of a well-known weakness of rat nature, which heretofore has never been—"

"Yes, but we've—"

"Pardon me. I was about to say that this trap approaches the rat on its weak side. A rat, madam, has two of the characteristics of the average human being—vanity and cleverness. Advantage has never been taken of this fact heretofore for commercial purposes, if I may so express it. The operation of this device is exceedingly simple. Here is where you place the bait, preferably a piece of cheese, although anything savory and toothsome will answer the purpose—"

"We've got—"

"Plenty of cheese, doubtless, you would say. It is well. Having placed the bait in position you press back the spring, in this way, and set the trap in a casual manner near the place where the rat usually emerges from its retirement. Not too close, remember. The rat is a suspicious animal and seems to be gifted with a detective instinct—which is more than can be said of the ordinary detective. When the rat comes forth he suspects the trap from a safe distance. Here is where you observe the strong point of this trap. Do you notice this mirror, cunningly set at an upright angle in the rear of the bait? Filled with curiosity, or it may be vanity—for who shall fathom the depths of a rat's mind?—the doomed animal, seeing his reflection in the mirror, advances toward the trap. The rat in the mirror seems to come to meet him. Then the bait attracts his attention. He seizes it, and the spring, released from its tension, at once—"

"Say, now, there isn't a bit of use in your talking to me. We've had a trap exactly like that one in the house for the last three weeks, and—"

"Do you mean to say, ma'am, that—"

"Yes, sir, I do. We've tried that trap, and it's no good. I wouldn't take one as a gift."

"Madam," he said, haughtily, and with the tone of an injured man, as he put away the trap, shouldered his bundle again, and backed down the steps, "why didn't you say so?"

PERSONALS.

Otojiro, the Japanese actor, who is now playing in London, was formerly attached to the embassy of his country in France. He has made many adaptations of European plays for the Japanese theaters.

Dr. Gilbert of Johns Hopkins University, one of the members of the United States eclipse expedition to Sumatra, is to assist Professor W. S. Franklin in the department of physics at Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Pa.

Mayor Tom Johnson of Cleveland started to earn his living by selling newspapers when he was 11 years old. That was at the time of Lee's surrender and news was plenty and in great demand. Johnson made $80 the first five weeks he was in the business by cornering his small town's newspaper market.

The Rev. Albert A. Simnott, D. C. L., who has recently completed his post-graduate course at the Canadian College at Rome with high honors, is one of the youngest doctors of canon law in the world, being only 24 years old. He has been appointed professor at St. Dunstan's College, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

The Pope has read "Quo Vadis," and recently Henryk Sienkiewicz received a letter from the Vatican expressing satisfaction for the Catholic ideas expressed in the novel. The Polish author has also received from Leo XIII. a marble tablet of the time of Constantine, recently found in the Ostraino Cemetery, the scene of some of the incidents of "Quo Vadis."

John D. Elliott, who died in Denver on the 14th, though born in New Hampshire, was an ardent confederate sympathizer during the civil war. Before the war he was a personal friend of Henry Clay, Daniel Webster, and many of the prominent men of antebellum days. At the close of the war he went to Austin, Tex., and edited the Austin State Gazette, at that time the most influential newspaper in the State.

Not Entirely Worthless.

"I see that $50,000 in counterfeit railway tickets was recently found in the possession of some St. Louis ticket brokers."

"They ought to be good for passage one way to the nearest State's prison."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Out of Proportion.

"The King can do no wrong," and it begins to look as if the actions of the Secretary of the Navy would henceforth be above criticism.—Boston Herald.

Tracks of the Book Trust.

One of the chief uses of those South American republics is to make new histories, geographies, and maps necessary every year or two.—Philadelphia Times.

POETS Americas Too Young for Great Ones, Says Professor Lewis.

Professor Charton M. Lewis, who occupies the Emily Sanford chair of English in Yale University, and who is considered in Eastern college circles one of the best informed and most conservative authorities in the country on English language and literature, thinks that Professor Triggs is not far out of the way in many of those ideas which have brought him into public view of late. Professor Lewis was a guest at the Auditorium Hotel a short time yesterday.

When he was told that Professor Triggs placed Longfellow on his list and refused to class him as a poet in the front rank, Professor Lewis said:

"Well, I think I must agree with him there. Longfellow is not a great poet. He is more sound than substance, and has not the inspiration. Whittier, too, I do not think to be a great man of letters. We are a young country yet, and have not produced men of much literary genius for the same reason that south Africa and Australia and New Zealand have not. We are too young. We have not yet got to a point where our higher faculties have had sufficient time to grow.

"We have produced, in my opinion, but one man who is entitled to rank as a literary genius—I mean Edgar Allen Poe. Of course, many of our other poets were harder workers, more diligent, more conscientious, of better moral character—don't misunderstand me on that. I mean as far as genius goes, I think that Poe is the only one of our poets who had it. The greatest American poet of today, it seems to me, is James Whitcomb Riley. He is growing, too."

"It is more than coincidence," continued Professor Lewis, "that the height of a nation's literary glory is simultaneous with or immediately following its period of highest national and political greatness. It appears that the forced draft of living under high pressure is what develops the artistic energies. Art can live under adverse conditions in the individual, but not in the nation. The great Athenian poets lived when the inspiration of Athenian life was exalted. The Roman poets, Virgil, Horace, Catullus, and the other great ones came upon earth when the glories of the empire lighted their path. Dante wrote during the struggle for Florentine independence. The Italian sonneteers wrote during the Renaissance. Goethe and Schiller came during the German struggle for freedom. Shakspeare wrote in the reign of great Queen Elizabeth, when English national life was at flood tide. Hugo and Dumas began after Napoleon's career had darkened, but while his glory was undimmed. France was overthrowing the monarchy which succeeded him.

"No matter how rich a country may be if it is enslaved its artistic radiance vanishes. Literature must breathe freedom. After the Greeks were conquered they ceased to produce great things. Tennyson, Browning, and the other English poets of the early Victorian era had the inspiration, whether they realized it or not, of the passage of the reform bill.

"So with us. Some man is going to arise from the midst of us who will take rank with the great ones of all time. As soon as our national life is developed to its summit we cannot fail to produce poets, novelists, artists, musicians greater than those of Europe. In the past such eras have come suddenly, and I suppose ours will, too. Our men will be less restricted than those of the countries of the old world, and our political greatness will mount higher. Some man should combine all the elements of our heterogeneous population and when he does may we not see a greater than Shakspeare?"

Professor Lewis thought that the Triggs estimate of hymns was in the main right.

"I think that most hymns are certainly doggerel," he said, "but of course a good many are not. 'Lead Kindly Light' is splendid."

A SOLDIER WHO PAINTED.

The other day Richard Harding Davis was asked by a vivacious hostess to tell some story about the Spanish-American war that was funny and not gloomy. "for," said she, "there must have been many amusing incidents also."

"Well," said the young author reflectively, "of course no great tragedy is complete without its element of comedy. I remember particularly one little incident in the crudely fixed up hospital tent in Siboney, which, despite its pathos, was so droll as to bring a smile to even the faces of the boys on the stretchers. There was one young fellow who had been laid up with a bad case of fever. He was a big, raw-boned, overgrown fellow, came from 'Cincy,' he said, and as he tossed about from side to side he kept telling me that he was restless as a wildcat, tired of being chained to a blank cot, sick of being coddled like a baby, the smell of disinfectants made him ill; he was aching not from fever but from a longing to get out into the air with the boys and be in the fight.

"'Can't you get the doctor to let me out, Mr. Davis?' he begged pathetically.

"'I'll do what I can,' I said, and as the doctor happened to be passing I called him over and put the matter before him.

"'Nonsense!' he exclaimed. 'Just look at him. Is he fit—now, is he? Look at that face, will you—red and blotched with fever. He's in no condition to get out.'

"The boy had gradually raised himself eagerly on to his elbow, but as the doctor finished speaking his head fell back hopelessly.

"'Fever! Rot!' he cried querulously; 'I paint, doctor! it's just paint, I tell you.'"—New York Times.

SYMPATHY FOR THE HORSE.

The wife of a clergyman, who has assumed for several months as a matter of accommodation to the parishioners the care of the church at the fashionable country place in which he has his summer home, occasionally tries to interest herself in the affairs of the few country people who, with the New York millionaires, make up the congregation, so she stops at the houses of those she knows when she is driving. The other day she halted at the house of an old woman who devoted herself to the customary account of her troubles. The minister's wife was duly sympathetic. As a matter of fact she had long been an active sympathizer in the S. P. C. A., and her charity went more in that direction than in any other.

"My poor son," the old woman went on, "has to work so hard. He is a driver for a grocery, and he has to drive from 7 in the morning until 7 at night."

The expression on the visitor's face showed plainly she thought such treatment outrageous.

"Tell me where your boy is employed," she said, "and I will do what I can to stop such a dreadful thing. It is intolerable cruelty to drive any horse that long at a stretch. I'll see the grocer tomorrow."

It seemed to the old woman that there was something wrong about the visitor's expression of regret over her son, but it sounded friendly, at all events, and she did not analyze it too deeply.—New York Sun.

Everybody Missed Him

From the Bowersville Clarion—"No visitor to our little city has been more deeply missed than Mr. Able Grafter, who left suddenly last Tuesday. The proprietor of the Bowersville Hotel misses him most of all, but the tailor and the shoe dealer, also ye editor, have considerable interest in him. It is not that we miss Grafter so much, but that we miss our money more, as Shakspeare would have put it."—Baltimore American.

Candid.

"The payple Oi lived wid before," said the new cook, "wor plain, ma'am."

"Well, are we not plain here?" asked the lady.

"Troth, ye are so, ma'am, but in a different way. The others wor plain in their way o' livin', not in their looks, ma'am."—Philadelphia Press.

Power of Woman's Tongue.

"I love you more than tongue can tell," she said.
And in his heart a glad contentment sprung;
For he had lived quite long enough to learn
The telling powers of a woman's tongue.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

NOTES from AN AMATEUR EXPERIMENTAL FARM

GETTING DOWN TO HARD PAN

FOUR months on an amateur experimental farm will teach a man many things. He gets over the idea, for instance, that there is anything occult or mysterious about milking a cow or keeping a couple of horses in good condition. So far as the chickens are concerned, he is certain that any fool could keep them in good laying order, and, as for the garden, that is so far advanced by the middle of August that it is only necessary to keep hands off and let nature take its course. Sooner or later the head of an experimental farm is likely to take the whole burden on his own shoulders. Then things begin to grow interesting.

Frits was the first assistant experimentalist. He remained in the rural districts but a single month. He was offended because the Retired Farmer made fun of the Unter den Linden accent with which he spoke English, and he missed, also, the blood sausage and sauerkraut which were his regular diet in the city. Thirty days was his limit. He was succeeded by an elderly person who admitted, with tears in his voice,

THE AMATEUR FARMER HEARD HIS NAME CALLED.

that he was his own worst enemy, and that the demon rum had been his undoing. At that stage of the game the amateur farmer was uncertain as to whether the pharmacopoeia prescribed oats or bran as the proper thing for milch cows, and was open to conviction on the question of attaching the pullbacks to either the thills or the whiffletree. Therefore the person who admitted that he was a dipsomaniac was promptly engaged. It appeared to be him or nothing.

Preliminary to his employment he wished publicly to sign the pledge, secure a written assurance from the amateur farmer that he would not be expected to wash the dishes, and borrow $2 to apply as an advance payment on his wages, with which sum he would pay for his laundry, which had been accumulating in a local establishment for several weeks. The dipsomaniac kept the $2, but he utterly failed to keep the pledge. He was not seen after his engagement until the amateur farmer, driving down the village one afternoon, heard his name called, and, looking up, saw the emaciated face of the elderly unfortunate looking through the bars of the local lockup. If he could borrow enough to pay his fine he felt sure that thereafter he would be true to his better nature, and would never again fall by the wayside. But the amateur farmer hardened his heart and passed on.

When he got home a man was waiting for him. The newcomer had a waxed gray mustache and a patronizing manner. Did he know how to take care of two horses and a cow? He begged to refer to his monograph on the subject, published in 1863. He was an agricultural scientist. He had studied the subject of agriculture deeply, and knew all about it, from the proper treatment of ensilage to the cross-fertilization of honey bees. The reason most farmers make so little money is because they go about it in the wrong way. All the old methods were wrong. He was an expert. The idea of rubbing the hair off a horse with a currycomb, for instance, was absurd. An application of polishing fluid twice a week was the proper thing, to be supplemented every morning by treatment with a feather duster. On the other points his ideas were equally radical and revolutionary.

All this seemed impressive to the amateur farmer. Besides the case was growing des-

BOTH HORSES BROKE AWAY AND VANISHED DOWN THE LANE.

perate. The scientist started to work the next morning. The feather duster treatment did not prove exactly successful on the first application. Both horses on which it was tried broke away when the feathers tickled their ribs and vanished down the lane in the depths of the wood pasture. The scientist went after them with an up-to-date and scientific method of capture, but he had not returned at 9 o'clock, and the amateur farmer sadly walked the two miles which lay between him and the railroad station.

That evening the scientist presented a little list of tools and appliances, the purchase of which would be absolutely necessary if he was to do his perfect work. The list footed up $870 at the wholesale price, and the scientist was finally bribed to resign in favor of a poor but presumably honest dental student who needed the money.

The dental student knew less about horses and cows than even the amateur farmer. The first time he "put up" the horses he took the harness apart into at least fifty pieces, and he got only three instead of eight quarts of milk when he milked the cow. It early became evident that the dental student "wouldn't do." He wept when he was "released" and his mother came around the next day and upbraided the amateur farmer as a hard-hearted individual who had no sympathy with struggling ambition of impecunious merit.

Lastly came Harold Bowler. Harold was a "cullud puhson." He knew all about horses, cows, chickens, and other farm products. This knowledge he displayed in the early hours of his engagement. The baggage he brought with him to the amateur experimental farm consisted of a small bundle done up in a red bandana and a guitar case. The guitar case, or at least what it contained, proved to be his downfall. For two weeks Harold succeeded in producing the impression that he was the ideal which

THE COOK LADY CONGRATULATED HAROLD ON HIS VOICE.

went out and congratulated Harold on his voice. The amateur farmer and his wife invited Harold to sing for them the next evening on the front piazza. Thereafter he did little else. The garden grew a plentiful crop of weeds, while Harold warbled and cow and horses alike went untended, while billows of music filled the air. Harold's voice was the cause of his downfall. And when Harold packed up his overalls and left the place the amateur farmer decided that the time had come for action.

"We have tried half a dozen men," he said to his wife, "and not one of them has proved to be up to the mark. I don't see why we shouldn't save $20 a month and board. I can do the work just as well as not. Besides I think a little exercise would be good for me. There is nothing so healthy, you know, as working around horses and cows. And I've picked up enough to know what to do, I think."

So it was settled, and the amateur farmer became his own manager. One of the first problems which presented itself for solution was that of making the hens lay "on an average." One day twenty eggs would be found in the nests and the next day but six. The books declared that thirty hens should lay twenty eggs a day "on an average." For part of a week different varieties of egg-making food were tried. Then it was discovered that three times a week a small boy in the neighborhood helped himself to six or eight eggs and the mystery was solved.

Queer things happened when the amateur farmer took hold of the horses and cow. When he unhitched, for instance, he loosened the tugs before the hold-back straps were unbuckled. The horse started to walk out of the shafts, and finding itself held back proceeded to kick part of the dashboard off the surrey. The cow objected to being milked in the wrong side, and after upsetting the pail started on a wild career through the barn and down the front lawn to the road, along which it dashed half a mile, in the full enjoyment of unwonted freedom. The horses also developed a strong and really remarkable objection to taking the bit, and one of them ran down the lane to the woods pasture, scattering pieces of the harness on either side as he ran.

As a compromise a neighbor was finally secured to milk and feed the cow night and morning. For this service he agreed to accept $2 in full compensation. The boy who was responsible for the shortage in the egg

IN THE FULL ENJOYMENT OF UNWONTED FREEDOM.

crop was employed at $1.50 a week to hitch up the horse twice a day. The retired farmer agreed as a great favor to look after the garden for the trifling sum of $2 every seven days. Other scattering expenses brought the total up to a point where it made Harold and the rest look like economy. And now the amateur farmer is offering a premium for the services of an able-bodied man who has no musical or dental aspirations, who is not a scientist or a victim of the demon rum, but who does know something about cows and horses, and who is willing to work an average of six hours a day for an average wage.

All Wanted "Jim Fisks."

A certain well known Democratic politician during the State convention met a lot of his old-time friends from southern Maryland at Ford's Opera-House, and after the convention was over so glad was he to see them that he took the whole crowd around to a nearby restaurant, lined them all up against the bar and requested them to "nominate their drink."

Everybody took whisky except the city man, who had the bartender manufacture him a gin fizz. When the drink had been placed before him one old fellow asked:

"Say, what's that you're drinking?"

"That," said the city man, "is a gin fizz."

"Say, bartender," said the county politician, "take back your whisky and give me a 'Jim Fisk,' too."

The rest of the crowd liked the name, and in a few minutes every man had repudiated whisky and was drinking "Jim Fisks."—Baltimore Sun.

Brother Williams on "Trouble."

Ef dis worl' is a worl' er trouble, I notice dat mighty few people is willin' ter sell out.

De end er de righteous is peace, but he ain't in a hurry ter fin' peace of he got ter leave dis worl' without fust sendin' fer de doctor.

De rich man got ter go ter heaven thoo de eye er a needle, but de po' man hes ter git in wharever he kin fin' a crack in de fence.

"I hearn tell," said the colored deacon, "dat las' night Br'er Johnson let' dis worl' fer de nex' one, but sence he didn't sen' fer me ter wait on him fo' he let' I can't say fer sartin des whar en how he landed."—Atlanta Constitution.

Everybody Knows It.

"Do you know what is the matter with Mr. Bilkins?" asked the woman who was calling.

"Yes," answered the woman who was receiving the call. "Mr. Bilkins is a victim of the cigarette habit."

"Why, I didn't know that he smoked cigarettes."

"He doesn't. He is a victim of the habit of buying cigarettes for his son."—Washington Star.

Not Up to Date.

"Why, Mr. Jones, I thought you were a bachelor."

"I am, Miss Brown."

"Then why do you wear a wedding ring?"

"Because I am not up to date enough to wear a bangle."—Philadelphia Press.

Not Wanted.

"Why don't you get married?" asked the friend.

"Because," answered Mr. Dustin Stax, "I am afraid that the woman I would like to marry wouldn't want me."—Washington Star.

Not Necessary.

"Do you believe in signs?" asked the man who was trying to be sociable.

"No," answered the man who was trying to read the paper. "I believe in dollars."—Washington Star.

VOTE TO BUY TEXT BOOKS.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE ACTS; INJUNCTION SUIT EXPECTED.

Appropriation of $40,699 Made for Benefit of Poor Pupils—German Catholic Societies Ready with Their Bill and Waiting for Chance to File It in Court—High School Hours Made Longer—Mrs. John B. Drake to Establish a Kindergarten.

The School Management committee yesterday afternoon opened a way for a settlement of the free text book question in Chicago. It voted to purchase immediately $40,699 worth of books to be distributed free to the pupils of the first four grades. It is expected that Theodore B. Thiele, representing the German Catholic societies, will file at once a petition for an injunction to restrain the board from spending the money. The courts then will pass upon the question.

Since the School board decided after a lively fight to adopt free text books the German Catholic societies have been waiting for an opportunity to prevent the carrying out of the plan. The petition for an injunction is drawn up.

Superintendent Cooley recommended the purchase of the following books:

	Copies.	Cost.
Lights to Literature, No. 1	26,390	$ 5,015
Lights to Literature, No. 2	19,244	3,156
Lights to Literature, No. 3	10,812	3,243
Lights to Literature, No. 4	8,764	2,629
Speer's Elementary Arithmetic	20,252	6,828
Silver-Burdett's Writing Books	58,337	2,999
Model Music, No. 1	17,805	4,226
Prang's Drawing, Elementary	23,620	2,152
Young People's Physiology	10,836	3,824
Rand-McNally's Elementary Geography	11,772	4,944
Total		$40,699

Superintendent Cooley's recommendation was cut down by the committee $6,826. He had recommended the purchase of 52,512 copies of Speer's arithmetic. Trustee Keating opposed the item vigorously. He said many of the teachers refuse to use this book. Superintendent Cooley said he was powerless to change the book, as the board had adopted it for another year.

Mr. Keating then asked Superintendent Cooley to recommend another arithmetic as "supplementary reading." The suggestion was not adopted, but Superintendent Cooley finally agreed to reduce the order for the book by one-half.

Longer Hours for High Schools.

The committee adopted a plan which will cause a stir among high school pupils and teachers, who from now on will be required to devote longer hours to school sessions. The recitation periods in the high schools were increased from five a day to six. The periods will be fifty minutes each. High school teachers will be required to teach twenty-five hours a week.

New Free Kindergarten Offer.

A proposition was received from Mrs. John B. Drake to establish a kindergarten in the John B. Drake School and maintain it for two years, provided the first money which the board could spare would be given to the maintenance of it. Mr. Cooley called attention to the fact that several delegations from the poorer districts had garten with practically no condition. The offer was then accepted.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"Under Two Flags."

A Play in Five Acts, by Paul M. Potter, Based on Ouida's Novel of That Name. Presented at Powers' Theater by Miss Blanche Bates and Company.

The cast:

Hon. Bertie Cecil	Eugene Ormonde
John, Earl of Rockingham	Claude Gillingwater
Rake, Cecil's servant	Edward S. Abeles
Countess of Warmister	Rose Snyder
Lady Venetia Lyonnesse	Mabel Howard
Marquis of Chateauroy	Campbell Gollan
Pierre Baroni	Albert Bruning
Rosa Baroni	Irma Perry
Marie Sevigné	Frank Browning
General Lamoricière	Matt B. Snyder
Pipo	Madge Weir
Ba-Ta-Maboul (French soldiers)	William H. Leyden
Beau Brunel (French soldiers)	Taft Johnson
Abd-El-Kareen, the Marabout	Albert Bruning
Ali Allam (Bedouins)	William Simons
El Hassan (Bedouins)	W. J. Welsh
Ameuh, the doctress	Mrs. F. M. Bates
Yousef	Malcolm Gunn
Cigarette, Vivandiere	Blanche Bates

After waiting through three acts and divers scenes of a melodrama unique even in a horde of dramatizations for the extent of its useless departure from the incidents and the atmosphere of its book original, the audience at Powers' Theater last night learned the wherefore of the existence of Paul M. Potter and David Belasco's play, "Under Two Flags." An acceptable excuse for it was given before that by the exceptional quality of the acting of Miss Blanche Bates as Cigarette, but it is safe to say that the actress was looked for after the play was made, happy afterthought though she was.

The play was built for the scenic effect of its fourth act, and just where Mr. Potter came into that important crisis it would be hard to say. The amount of dialogue in the situation was so meager in color that even Miss Bates hardly could vitalize it. But for David Belasco, cunning man of stage tools and stage artifices, cut another mark in a memory stick. Even here, however, give Miss Bates some of the credit—for she rode as well as she acted, and if she could not have sat a saddle boldly the Belasco cliffs might as well never have been contrived.

When the picture of the scene came from darkness (Mr. Belasco having taken a lesson from William Gillette) the audience saw a rocky vale shut in by cliffs that seemed to rise straight up. The entire stage, barring a small space at the front, was filled, and the perspective was so good that the idea of distance as well as height was present. White-robed Bedouins clustered about their chief and heard from him instructions for the capture of Cigarette as she rode for Algiers with Cecil's reprieve from death in her keeping. As a witch she was to be shot with a silver bullet, but not until she had been taken alive.

Into the trap rode Cigarette. As Ouida told the tale, Cigarette appealed to the Bedouin honor, bidding the men of the desert take her life, but to send the reprieve on by their fastest rider. The chief gave her both her life and his fleetest horse. In the play, however, the Bedouins scorned her pleading, and the swift approach of the simoon alone gave her the chance of escape. As the wind bent the single palm tree and seemed to throw the sand in blinding volume she sprang into the saddle and urged her horse along an invisible path up the cliffs. The horse went on a run zig-zagging, but keeping upwards until it disappeared.

How much of his sand-storm idea Mr. Belasco got from the opera "The Queen of Sheba" he might not care to say, but some of his means certainly seem his own. For instance, the sand effect was wrought by some system of lights thrown upon a guaze curtain. It must have been a Belasco invention.

The rest of the play was commonplace and trivial, but everywhere that Miss Bates was there was charm. The young actress won her way into the graces of her audience within a few minutes of her entrance in the second act, and she has reason to count the evening as one which will help her onward in her career. It was practically her first coming to Chicago, for few saw her in the short time "Chattanooga" was able to keep the stage at the Columbia in the summer of 1898. Besides her talent has ripened since then.

Fire and power shaded at will by delicacy and humor were the attributes of her impersonation of Cigarette. An attractive voice, a face that told an emotion before the lips described it, and eyes that added to the eloquence of her mute speech were possessions of more general value than for a single character, though they all had a part in helping her rôle dominate the play.

At times, however, something was lacking. Doubtless it was substance to the part, for she seemed frequently to toy with it. She gives it much and it gives her little beyond picturesqueness; the wonder is that she can make it in the least convincing or decidedly sympathetic.

Ouida's romance was wildly extravagant, but it was not without its appeal, particularly in its note of lofty sacrifice in Cigarette's own love story. To have this girl, who loved and concealed her devotion, and who died for the object of it, debased to the level of Cecil's mistress jars roughly. The most ordinary tricks of ordinary melodrama were those Mr. Potter fell back upon when he left Ouida's Colonel Chateaurey—Cecil's cousin, Mr. Potter has him—deprives Cecil of his title and sends him to exile. Marked cards in his enemy's hand hastens Cecil toward ruin. Lady Venetia is transformed into a cold-blooded adventuress, who becomes the wife of Chateauroy. Cecil's attack on Chateauroy comes after a meeting with Venetia planned for an elopement, but ending in Cecil's avowal of loyalty to Cigarette. Cigarette's death comes not in saving Cecil from official murder but in shielding him from Chateauroy's bullet in a duel.

The performance, aside from Miss Bates' part in it, was not good. Eugene Ormonde gave no form of distinction to Cecil. Campbell Gollan, however, depicted Chateauroy as a dark villain needs to be depicted, and Claude Gillingwater and Edward Abeles gave fair character performances as Lord Rockingham and the trusty Rake. A witch was given a somber drawing by Mrs. F. M. Bates. Over the others in the cast charity will have to be heaped.

"Mormon Wife" a Bloodcurdler.

New York, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—First of the new plays of the season is "The Mormon Wife." Howard Hall and Madeline Morli confess themselves responsible for it on the playbill, and Mr. Rosenquest used it to open the season at the Fourteenth Street Theater tonight.

Its general character will be at once evident when it is announced that it is an exploitation of Charles E. Blaney, who has amassed a comfortable fortune in the presentation of hair-raising, heart-rending, blood-curdling plays of the so-called barnstormer type on the remote country circuits.

a threshing over of the old story of the fights between Mormon and Gentile in the early days of Utah, with a lot of pathos and bathos mixed in. For people who like this sort of a combination of religion and horseplay, with sharp contrasts, such as give the gallery gods ample opportunity to applaud religious heroics and hiss Mormon depravities as perceived through the spectacles of a Christian dramatist, the play was just the sort of thing they wanted.

Rogers Brothers' New Farce.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The farce vehicle for Rogers brothers for the coming season had its opening production at the Star Theater tonight. Its title is "Rogers Brothers in Washington." The stage settings and costumes are in good taste.

The first act showed the interior of the Democratic club, with a painting of Richard Croker on the wall and a stuffed tiger near by. The chorus work seemed to give satisfaction to the audience, and the dialect dialogue of the Rogers brothers was up to its standard.

The third act, representing the Court of Fountains at the exposition, is where the specialties are introduced, and the scenery and electrical effects are rich and ingenious.

The song which is expected to win popularity is a sequel to "An Innocent Maid" and "When Reuben Comes to Town." It is called "The Wedding of Reuben and the Maid." Hattie Williams is the leading woman, with Jeanette Bageard and Edith St. Clair to help. The funmakers include Gus Weinberg, William West, and Eugene Jep-

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

A Novel Engagement.

BY C. A. BARLOW-MASSICKS.

NCE upon a time," began Ethel, "two artists, who were sworn friends, loved the same girl. She was partial, we will say, to both. For they were both so clever, so fascinating, and so devoted that the poor girl found it utterly impossible to choose between them.

A tingle of color came into Ethel's rounded cheeks, and her friend laughed.

"I hate a flirt, Ethel," she remarked, half lightly, half seriously, "Change your heroine's character."

"You are rude to interrupt!" Ethel exclaimed. "I have just five minutes in which to tell you this story. But if you won't listen, I shall go away—and you shall never hear it—never."

"I won't interrupt again."

So Ethel, somewhat appeased, continued: "The state of affairs between the trio grew from bad to worse, until there came a day when the two friends said it was unendurable, that she was ruining their careers, and they implored her to consent to a plan which they proposed. Their proposal was that they should each paint her portrait from memory. No names were to be affixed to the pictures, and when they were finished she was to choose between them. The artist whose painting she chose was to be her husband. The girl demurred for a while, but in the end she gave her consent."

Ethel ceased speaking, and glanced questioningly at her friend.

"You don't speak," she said, a little irritably. "What do you think of the arrangement? Don't you consider it a capital way of getting out of the difficulty?"

But her friend shook her head.

"I think it is risky," she answered; "and surely the girl had some idea which of the two men she really preferred. I would never leave to blind chance to choose a husband for me."

Ethel rose to her feet.

"I think she will choose the right one," she said, with a light laugh. "And now I must go and see if my aunt is ready, for she is going with me to the studio."

She walked over to her friend and put her hands on her shoulders.

"I shall be as good as engaged when I return," she said, and there was a trace of nervousness in her voice.

"There is no turning back now. I wish there were no men in the world! Still, it is a novel engagement, isn't it?"

Her friend stooped forward and for answer kissed the girl's saucy face.

. . . . . .

"I wish he had not gone," muttered Jack Steadman. "It's awfully hard waiting here alone."

He rose and paced the length of the studio several times, coming at last to a standstill before the two pictures.

From the canvases a girl's lovely face looked out. In the actual painting there was little, if anything, to choose between them; yet, in looking at the one, you involuntarily waited for the girl to speak; in the other you expected no such thing.

"How on earth did Dick get the soul into his!" exclaimed Steadman, savagely. "It is splendid," he muttered. "Splendid!"

He turned abruptly and fell to pacing the studio again. The girl's eyes seemed to follow him with a half mischievous expression, while the lips, half tender, half scornful, seemed to smile at his discomfiture. He threw himself into a chair with his back to the pictures. But soon, as if against his will, he had moved the chair so as to face them again.

There came a ring from below, followed by the light tread of dainty feet, ascending the stairs.

Jack Steadman pulled himself together with a guilty start, and hurriedly drew a curtain before the two pictures. Then he went to welcome the anxiously awaited visitors.

"O, Dick has bolted," he said, with a somewhat forced laugh, in answer to Ethel's glance of inquiry round the studio.

"Bolted?"

There were surprise, anger, and consternation in the girl's voice.

"There was scarcely necessity for that," she remarked coldly.

"You misunderstand me," interrupted Steadman. "Dick has only run down to Richmond until after your decision."

"Poor Dick!" murmured Ethel to herself.

"Indeed," she said, aloud, with a contemptuous little pout.

Her good humor returned and she chatted gayly.

"Now," said Jack Steadman, going over to the easels and laying his hand on the curtain, "will you choose between these two pictures? Ethel," he said, turning to her aunt, but looking at the girl, "has promised to marry the man whose portrait of herself she chooses."

The old lady bowed, and Ethel murmured an inaudible assent.

Steadman drew aside the curtain with a hand that shook, despite his utmost endeavors.

A simultaneous burst of admiration broke from both ladies.

"They are beautiful," cried the elder lady. "Look at that one, Ethel! My dear child, it is a living likeness of your own sweet self!"

And Steadman's face grew gray, for she pointed to Halston's picture.

"Far too beautiful for me, aunt," whispered the girl, for once abashed.

But Steadman, looking at her, thought bitterly that it was not lovely enough, and his breath came short as the shadowy thoughts of a few moments since took shape.

"Which do you choose?" he asked her in a curious, hard voice.

There was a moment of awful suspense, then Ethel answered, low and hesitatingly:

"I ought to choose that one," pointing to the unhappy artist's own painting, "for it is less beautiful, and, therefore, must be more like me. But, O!" with sudden rapture, "I cannot help but choose this! It is lovely."

"Lovely!" chimed in her aunt. "And look at that rose, dear! Have you ever seen anything so exquisitely painted?"

"It is like the one I gave Dick the other night," faltered the girl.

There was a flush on her cheeks and a light in her eyes.

"Yes, it is the same," said Steadman quietly, "I begged it of Dick to put in my picture. Its color was so perfect."

"Your picture?"

There was a note of despair in the girl's voice.

"Yes, mine."

Had either lady looked they would have observed the ghastly pallor of Steadman's face and the tense set of his mouth.

But the old lady was still lost in admiration of the painting, and Ethel had turned aside to hide the sudden clouding of her eyes.

"Come, Ethel, we must be going," said her aunt, and she shook hands warmly with Steadman, saying, "I congratulate you heartily on your great success and also on winning so sweet a girl. And you, Ethel, are a fortunate girl to have won so gifted a husband!"

Age had dulled her eyes. She did not notice that anything was amiss with the girl, and neither of them noticed the man.

"Good-by, Ethel!"

There was an exultant gleam in his eyes. Mechanically the girl held out her hand to her future husband. Her lips moved, but no sound escaped them, and, with a slight inclination of her head, she followed her aunt.

. . . . . .

"A telegram, sir."

"Thanks."

For a moment Dick Halston held the flimsy envelope in his fingers, turning it this way and that, dreading to open it.

"What a coward I am!" he muttered, and, with sudden resolution, he tore it open.

At first he was only able to grasp the one word: "Yours."

Then he read further:

"Come to the studio at once. Important."

. . . . . .

"Jack, old man! Jack, where are you? Where are you?"

It was Halston's voice calling, as he looked round the empty studio. But he received no answer. Then his eyes fell upon a letter addressed to himself in Steadman's handwriting. He opened it, wondering what it meant.

"Dick," he read, "forgive me! The temptation was too great and I fell. I claimed your picture as mine. Your love for her will make you understand. But, thank heaven! I repented before it was too late. Good-by, and forgive me if you can.

"JACK STEADMAN."

. . . . . .

And Dick Halston did understand.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MIDLOTHIAN CLUB KEEPS OPEN HOUSE THIS WEEK.

Golf Tournament Which Opens Today Will Be Attended by Series of Festivities—Children's Day at Onwentsia to Be Celebrated Saturday—Frank King Clarke, the Singer, Will Marry Miss Pauline Maude Oakley at Lincoln, Neb., on Aug. 29.

The Midlothian club keeps open house this week with the big tournament on today. Society follows the various tournaments as they make the round of the country clubs, and, though the women golfers will not play at Midlothian, they will be interested spectators, and the social festivities will keep pace with the golfing.

Children's day will be celebrated at Onwentsia club, Lake Forest, on Saturday. It will be an outdoor affair, with dancing about a Maypole and many games and prizes. Hand's Orchestra will supply the music, and the hours are from 2:30 until 5 o'clock.

Mr. Frank King Clarke, the singer, will marry Miss Pauline Maude Oakley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Oakley of Lincoln, Neb., on Thursday, Aug. 29, at Holy Trinity Church, Lincoln. Mr. Clarke will take his bride abroad, where he will spend two or three years in study.

Mr. and Mrs. James Thorne have returned from their wedding trip in Europe. Until they go to Kalamazoo, their future home, they are stopping with Mrs. Thorne's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Niblack, in Kenwood, and with Mr. and Mrs. George W. Thorne.

Prince Carl Schwarzenberg of Austria was a guest of the Austrian consulate in Chicago last evening at a dinner given at the Auditorium Annex to celebrate Emperor Francis Joseph's seventy-second birthday. Prince Schwarzenberg is en route to Japan, and is the guest while in the city of the Austro-Hungarian Consul, Dr. Schwegel, at the Hotel Moraine in Highland Park.

Mrs. Wirt Dexter and Miss Katherine Dexter, who returned a week ago from Europe, have taken possession of their cottage at Pride's Crossing, Mass., which, during the summer, was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Winston Churchill.

Mrs. W. J. Chalmers is at Carlsbad, and Miss Joan Chalmers at Weisbaden. They have been traveling abroad for several months.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Strong are visiting General and Mrs. Henry Strong at Lake Geneva.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Bingham and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Hudson Jr. are at Charlevoix.

Mr. Charles L. Hutchinson has bought the A. C. Ducat estate at Lake Geneva and will build a summer home there.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Bosley of 358 Washington boulevard have returned from a three months' trip abroad.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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To the late Hungarian Premier, Szilagyi, whose death has just taken place at Pesth, belongs the credit of having been the first person to make Empress Elizabeth laugh heartily in the years that followed the tragic death of her only son. The physical and moral counterpart of Gambetta, he was a man of a most marvelous mastery of speech and could sway his hearers to laughter or to tears at his will. During the Hungarian millennium celebrations in 1896 he headed a deputation of the National Legislature to the Emperor, and delivered in the throneroom of the palace at Pesth a speech of such superb eloquence that both the Emperor and Empress, besides many others present, were moved to tears.

That same evening there was a grand reception at the palace. Suddenly all the guests present were startled to hear the Empress laugh so loudly and so heartily that every one in the immense room heard it. The Emperor stopped short in his conversation, and, scarcely believing his eyes and ears, exclaimed in amazement: "What, the Queen is laughing?" It was Szilagyi whose remarks had accomplished this wonder, and who by some droll story had moved the Empress to the first display of mirth to which she had given way since the death of her boy seven years previously.

In order to imagine the sensation which this laughter created it is only necessary to bear in mind that to all brought into contact with her, even her husband and children, the Empress had presented the picture of unalterable sadness and of mournful resignation, which, together with her somber robes, and the moral suffering reflected by those windows of the soul, that is, her eyes, were sufficient to awaken sympathy and to silence all laughter at her approach. In fact, Szilagyi was regarded as having accomplished the most extraordinary of miracles, one for which the Emperor and his children were profoundly grateful to him.

The old statesman enjoyed the most phenomenal appetite, which was a constant source of good humored fun in the comic papers. He thought nothing of making four hearty meals in the course of an evening between 6 o'clock and midnight.

There are two points in the discussion with regard to the change of King Edward's title that I have not seen mentioned anywhere, and yet which are of sufficient interest to be placed on record. One is that it was not until the year 1802 that the monarchs of England ceased to style themselves King of France, a title which they had borne ever since the days of King Henry V.—that is to say, for hundreds of years. It was abandoned as the result of the treaty of Amiens between England and France, and a clause to that effect was embodied in the agreement.

The other matter to which I should like to draw attention is to the origin of the word "Queen." How few people who use the word daily have any conception of its pristine meaning. It is nothing more nor less than a modern corruption of the old Saxon word "cwen," the meaning of which is "woman." It may not be amiss to add that few, if any, of the old English titles born by men had a feminine counterpart, the inference being that women were held of little account by the ancestors of modern England. Thus there is no feminine rendering of the titles of Knight, Sheriff, Alderman, and Earl. Indeed, in order to find a suitable title for the wife of an Earl it was necessary to go across the channel and to obtain thence the French title of Countess, which is nowadays borne by the wives of British Earls.

So infinitesimal is the number of members of the reigning house of Prussia who have become converts to Catholicism that the announcement that Princess Ann of Prussia, widow of Landgrave Frederick of Hesse, has gone over to the church of Rome, has created a sensation throughout Germany. The Princess is a sister of the late Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, the famous cavalry General, who used to be known as the "Red Prince" and to whom the French stronghold of Metz capitulated in the war of 1870. Her father was Prince Charles of Prussia, younger brother of old Emporer William, and she is therefore a cousin, or according to German fashion, an aunt of the present Kaiser. Her younger son, Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, is married to the Kaiser's younger sister, and is destined in course of time to inherit the Grand Ducal throne of Hesse, owing to the fact that the present ruler of that tiny sovereign state of Germany is without male issue. The eldest surviving son of the newly converted Princess is the blind Landgrave of Hesse, famous as a composer, as a pianist, and as a violinist, while his eldest brother is that Prince who so mysteriously disappeared forever while on a trip around the world, never having been heard of from the moment when he retired for a nap to his cabin on board the steamer bound from Batavia to Singapore. His disappearance remains unexplained to this day. For he locked himself in his cabin, and when the door was forced on his failure to reappear, there was no trace of him, while the portholes of his cabin were far too small to admit the passage of his head, much less, therefore, that of his body.

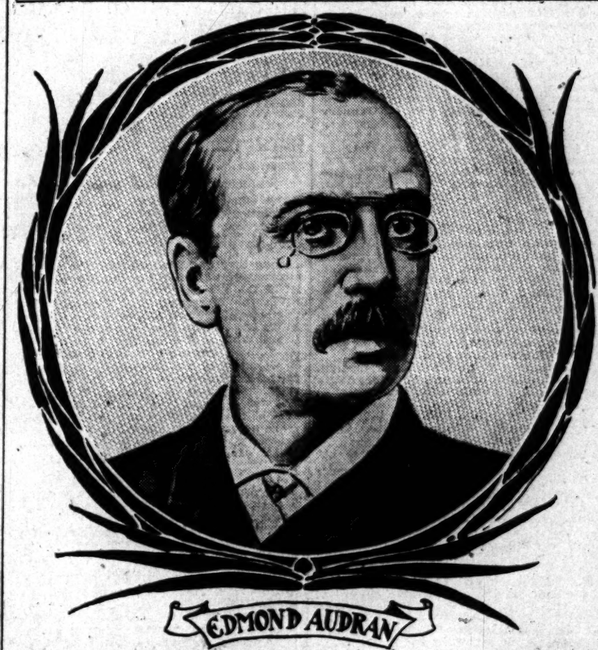
The only other Prussian Princess who openly became a convert to Catholicism was Princess Marie of Prussia, who abandoned Lutheranism on marrying King Maximilian of Bavaria. She was the mother of the late King Louis of Bavaria, and likewise of his unhappy successor, the present lunatic King Otto, who has never had a moment of sanity since he ascended the throne. True, it is reported that Princess Frederick Charles of Prussia, sister-in-law of the new convert, is in reality a Roman Catholic, color being lent to the story by the fact that each year she visits Rome and has a long audience of the Pope, who receives her with royal honors, while she invariably concedes to him the tokens of homage and respect that are accorded to him by foreign Catholic Princes and Princesses of the blood. It is added that the Pope himself has blessed the union which she is said to have secretly contracted with her chamberlain, Baron von Waigenheim. But this is mere gossip, current at the various German courts. For, if there is any morganatic marriage uniting the Princess and her chamberlain, it has not received the official sanction of the Kaiser, and no mention is made of it in the Almanach de Gotha. The Princess but rarely comes to Berlin. She is immensely rich, and, therefore, to a great extent independent of the Kaiser. One of her daughters is married to the Duke of Connaught, younger brother of King Edward.

It has likewise also been asserted that the late Empress Augusta, consort of old Emperor William, was a secret convert to Catholicism, in support of which statement stress was laid on the fact that she was in frequent correspondence with both the late and the present Pontiff, and that she had numbers of sacred images of one kind and another in her private apartments of her palace at Coblenz, on the Rhine. But nothing definite is known about the matter.

It is only the reigning branch of the house of Prussia that is bound by its family statutes, but in no way by the terms of the constitution or by the laws of the land to the Protestant church. For the non-reigning branch of the Hohenzollerns are all Roman Catholics, and have been so for considerably over 100 years past, if not longer.

Emperor William is likely to seriously resent the conversion of his aunt, Princess Ann of Prussia, to Romanism. It may be remembered that when his sister, the Crown Princess of Greece, joined the orthodox Greek Church in order to belong to the same form of faith as her husband and children, as well as of the people of her adopted country, he was so angry that he broke off all relations with her and declined to recognize her in any way until several years later, when, with great difficulty, a reconciliation was brought about.

NOTED COMPOSER WHO DIED YESTERDAY.



Edmond Audran, the French composer who died in Paris yesterday at the age of 59, was best known in America for his opera, "La Mascotte," which he composed in 1881. It was bright and tuneful, and had a long run in New York, Chicago, and all the other large cities of the United States. The most popular air in this opera was called "When I Behold," but it was better known as "The Gobble Duet." It always received numerous encores and was known in every whistling boy in the country.

WILL NOT WED REV. W. HASKELL

Family of Miss Gertrude Stephens of Moline Announce Engagement with Minister Is Broken.

Moline, Ill., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—It is now announced by her family that the engagement of Miss Gertrude Stephens of this city to the Rev. Wesley Haskell of Rockford is broken. Mr. Haskell recently resigned the pastorate of Moline Unitarian Church to accept a call to Rockford, only to resign there to accept a position with the Moline Plow company, of which his fiancée's father is Vice President.

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The Overland Limited — Two Nights to Utah. Leaves 6:30 p. m.

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VIA THE

Chicago Great Western Railway

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THE PARENT INSTITUTE.

WHEAT EXPORTS ARE BIG.

THEY CAUSE RECOVERY OF MARKET FROM EARLY BREAK.

Fear of a Big Movement of New Spring Wheat in the Northwest Still a Depressing Factor, While Cables Are Lower—Rains in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio Start One-Cent Break in Corn—Provisions Sell for Higher Prices.

Sept. Wheat Range.

Biggest clearances of wheat and flour from the Atlantic coast for any single day in the history of the export trade, 1,749,331 bu, were the chief influence in causing a complete recovery in the wheat market from an early break of nearly 1c, and closing prices were only a shade under those of Saturday. Weak cables had most to do with the opening decline. September sold from 71c at the opening down to 70¾c, rallied to 71¼c, and closed at 70¾@¾c, a loss of ¼c. The December range was from 72⅝c to 73¼@74c, and the close at 73⅛@¼c showed a loss a split. There was some pressure on May, which closed at 77c, a loss of ¼c.

The break of 1d at Liverpool, with declines of 1¼c at Paris and ⅝c at Antwerp, brought out a renewal of the September liquidation in a scattered and moderate way, and pit traders took the bear side early. The chief encouragements for those aiming at a lower scale of prices were moderately heavier arrivals at Minneapolis, 628 cars, compared with 401 last year, clear weather for harvesting in the Northwest, and the official government report from Winnipeg on the Manitoba crop, estimating it at 48,000,000 bu, with 10,000,000 bu more to be added for the Northwest province. But there was no pressure at the decline except from the pit, the big clearances faltered up bull ardor anew, and buying for local and outside account, with covering by pit shorts, caused a rally of 1c. At the top there was fair commission selling.

Visible Supply Decreases.

The bulls had the help of a decrease of 1,460,000 bu in the official visible supply, not quite what was expected, but comparing favorably with an increase of 1,543,000 bu a year ago. Total stocks are 26,760,000 bu, compared with 49,761,000 bu, and the big clearances, with some falling off in the primary movement, indicate a still greater difference a week hence. Primary points had 1,635,000 bu; compared with 1,731,563 bu a year ago. Elevator offerings were not heavy, but there was a good deal of changing for elevator account, buying September and selling December at a difference of 2¼c and 2¾-5c. A Moscow cable, via London, reported a third of Russian provinces on the verge of famine because of "insignificant crops," but the weakness of foreign markets counteracted any effect the claim might have had. World's shipments were heavy, 11,545,000 bu, compared with 6,572,000 bu a year ago, possibly a depressing factor on the other side, but 9,080,000 bu, or 80 per cent, of the total came from this continent. There was a moderate increase of 604,000 bu in the amount on ocean passage, to 41,200,000 bu, compared with 29,632,000 bu a year ago. There was no urgent shipping demand in evidence, though bids of red winter were 1½c better than last week's offers. Holders, however, were firmer in their views. There were sales of 100,000 bu here, half for direct export to the continent, and 248,000 bu were taken at the seaboard.

Interest in Corn Local.

There was little more than a scalping interest in corn after some liquidation on an early break caused by the heavy rains in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, where they have long been needed. There was a loss of about 1c, and an almost complete recovery on buying by local bulls, who believe no amount of rain can improve crop prospects much, and some easing off towards the close when the support was withdrawn. September sold between 58½c and 57¾c, closing at 58c, a loss of ½c. December sold from 60¾ to 60⅝c, and stopped at 60¼-⅜c, losing ⅝-½c. May lost ½-⅝c, closing at 62⅝c. As a result of the rains there were fair country consignments in Illinois, 50,000 bu to one commission house in the state of New York, but it took a shade higher, but elevators have been raising their demands, owing to the probable difficulty in replacing their stocks later, and not much business was accomplished. Sales were about 90,000 bu, including 16,000 bu for direct export. Seaboard sales were reported at 24,000 bu. Primary receipts were again ahead of last year, 427,000 bu, compared with 342,000 bu. Clearances were only 65,000 bu. There were some reports of the cutting of corn for fodder in Indiana, and claims from northern Illinois of a poor showing of ears in fields where the prospects seemed brightest. Local stocks increased 219,000 bu to 7,393,000 bu, the total visible decreasing 513,000 bu to 12,783,000 bu, compared with 13,102,000 bu last year. World's shipments were 9,253,000 bu, compared with 4,233,000 bu. There was an increase of 8,000 bu in the amount on passage, which, in spite of the small contributions from this country, are now 15,040,000 bu, compared with 11,624,000 bu last year. Liverpool was ⅛d to ¼d lower.

There was some further shrinkage in the speculative interest in oats, the movement of that market being governed largely by the fluctuations of corn. There was some selling by the country and by hedgers, and some demand for May at 39c, but it seemed to be limited to 39c, which was the bottom figure. September ranged from 36c to 35¾c, and closed at 35¾@¾c. May stopped at 39½c, a loss of ¼-⅜c. Local stocks in public houses increased 353,000 bu to 1,087,000 bu, and the visible supply increased 6,064,000 bu to 5,546,000 bu. Local arrivals were 364 cars, with 107 contract, and 583 are estimated for today. The cash demand was less active. Seaboard clearances were 13,000 bu.

Provisions Advance Sharply.

There was a strong market in provisions under an active demand by packers and shorts for nearby deliveries. A good cash demand for lard and higher prices for hogs at the yards stimulated the advance, which amounted to 22½c to 37½c on pork, 7½c to 10c on lard, and 10c to 15c on ribs. Armour and the Anglo-American bought ribs, and Wright covered a line of lard. Hogs were active and from 5c to 10c higher. Local receipts were 32,000, against 39,000 for the same day last week, and 25,000 last year. Estimated receipts for tomorrow are 18,000. Receipts at the principal Western packing points were 50,000, compared with 59,800 last week, and 34,400 last year. Shipments of cut meats were 9,136,000 lbs, against 2,583,873 lbs a year ago; lard, 2,122,580 lbs, compared with 2,062,393 a year ago. Liverpool market was neglected for bacon, with hams and lard steady.

Rye was quiet and about ½c lower, with light speculative demand and no shipping inquiry. Receipts were 20 cars. September closed at 58¼c. December sold at 60¾c early and closed at 61c. There was an increase in the visible of 206,000 bu.

Barley was steady to firm, with good demand for all offerings of good to choice. The visible supply decreased 68,000 bu. The cash range was from 55c to 65c, Common to good malting was quoted at 53½@56c; good to fancy, 65c.

Timothy was dull and slow, with the market generally easier. Cash offerings were small, and September delivery was entirely neglected. October closed at $5.10 bid and $5.20 asked; September, $5.30. Cash sales ranged from $5.00@5.25. Clover seed for October delivery was quoted nominal at $10.25.

Flaxseed was steady to a trifle easier, with more liberal offerings. No. 1 Northwestern closed at $1.64; No. 1 Southwestern, $1.61, a loss of 1c; September, $1.57, and October, $1.53. Receipts were 24 cars in Chicago, 61 at Minneapolis, and 1 at Duluth.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

	Aug. 17.	High.	Low.	Closed yester-day.	Closed Aug. 20, 1900.
WHEAT.					
Sept	71⅝	72⅛	70¾	71¼	72-⅛
Dec	73⅝	74	73⅛	73⅝	.....
May	77⅞	77⅞	76⅞	77	.....
CORN.					
Sept	59¼	59¼	57¾	58¼	59¾-¾
Dec	60¾	60¾	59¾	60¼-⅜	.....
May	62⅝	62⅝	61¾	62⅝	.....
OATS.					
Sept	36	36	35¼	35¾	28
Dec	32	32	31¾	32	.....
May	39	39	38¾	39	.....
PORK.					
Sept	14.07½	14.45	14.10	14.45	11.07½
Jan	15.50	15.72½	15.32½	15.72½	11.07½
LARD.					
Sept	8.82½-.5	8.92	8.85	8.90	6.67½
Oct	8.90-.5	9.00	8.92½	9.02½	6.72½
Jan	8.87½	8.95	8.87½	8.92½-.5	6.45
SHORT RIBS.					
Sept	8.17½-.20	8.32½	8.20	8.32½	7.00
Oct	8.27½-.30	8.42	8.27½	8.42½	6.92½
Jan	8.00	8.07½-.10	7.97½	8.10	6.82½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	70	71	7	148
Spring wheat	1	23	13	37
Corn	108	200	2	310
Oats	108	234	22	364
Rye	12	8	1	20
Barley	1	17	5	23
Totals	200	557	50	816

Inspected out: 235,400 bu and 23 cars winter wheat, 11 cars No. 1 Northern spring wheat, 24,600 bu and 47 cars corn, 3 cars No. 2 oats, 7 cars No. 2 new rye. From unlicensed elevators: 103,200 bu corn.

The secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

	Aug. 17, 1901.	Aug. 10, 1901.	Aug. 3, 1901.	Aug. 18, 1900.
Wheat	26,760,000	28,219,000	30,369,000	49,761,000
Corn	12,783,000	13,296,000	12,604,000	8,102,000
Oats	5,546,000	4,452,000	4,354,000	7,024,000
Rye	535,000	752,000	656,000	681,000
Barley	252,000	320,000	313,000	388,000

Following are the changes for the week:

	Inc. bu.	Dec. bu.
Wheat	.....	1,459,000
Corn	.....	513,000
Oats	1,094,000	.....
Rye	203,000	.....
Barley	.....	68,000

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in the city on the dates named [bu]:

	Aug. 17, 1901.	Aug. 10, 1901.	Aug. 3, 1901.	Aug. 18, 1900.
Wheat	4,853,000	4,071,000	3,843,000	11,185,000
Corn	1,593,000	7,374,000	6,967,000	603,000
Oats	1,067,000	786,000	741,000	2,673,000
Rye	178,000	140,000	142,000	347,000
Barley	2,000	2,000	1,000	15,000

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts— 1901.	1900.	Shipments— 1901.	1900.
Articles.				
Flour, brls	19,780	17,790	23,150	14,500
Wheat, bu	237,250	370,700	170,380	458,564
Corn, bu	185,650	171,025	271,020	443,926
Oats, bu	372,415	278,123	362,496	378,437
Rye, bu	13,758	3,150	2,250	.....
Barley, bu	28,300	13,500	14,393	6,807
T. seed, lbs	358,240	249,400	146,560	70,933
C. seed, lbs	1,170	3,830	.....	34,902
O. seed, lbs	247,500	1,000	476,322	222,422
F. seed, bu	19,864	339,070	37,100	43,134
C. meats, lbs	483,945	524,902	2,752,380	2,585,873
Can. M'd's	525	.....	16,472	26,580
D. beef, lbs	374,140	469,702	2,595,784	3,483,663
Beef, tcs	16	.....	16	53
Beef, brls	241	1,000	261	277
Pork, brls	14	25	714	2,551
Lard, lbs	201,000	99,870	2,123,580	2,952,393

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

Western points.	Receipts— Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments— Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	237,250	185,650	170,380	171,029
Milwaukee	21,750	5,000	6,000	277
Minneapolis	527,520	11,100	36,080	7,000
Duluth	15,075	.....	9,478	10,337
Toledo	62,000	62,000	11,000	37,000
Detroit	50,968	34,298	20,213	7,000
Kansas City	326,400	55,200	145,800	26,200
Peoria	37,600	71,000	.....	3,000
Totals	1,423,606	427,148	411,133	262,969
Seaboard.				
New York	108,900	37,300	388,151	33,542
Boston	124,855	2,700	196,425	.....
Philadelphia	126,413	1,896	47,822	6,650
Baltimore	220,851	6,351	578,594	.....
New Orleans	83,000	2,000	68,000	25,714
Galveston	147,900	.....	208,313	.....
N'wp. News	.....	.....	43,200	.....
Totals	703,901	51,647	1,528,475	65,906
Grand totals	2,217,507	478,795	1,939,604	328,875
Same days, 1900	2,234,302	793,843	1,166,025	1,754,052

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Dull and steady. Spring, special brands, $4.10@4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter patents, Southern, $3.40@3.50; straights, $3.20@3.30; white rye, brls, $2.70@2.80; dark, $2.50@2.60.

WINTER WHEAT—Steady with fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 red, 71c; No. 2 hard, 70½@70¾c, and 48,000 bu for shipment on p. t. On track: No. 3 red, 71c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 70¾c; No. 2 red, 71¼c; No. 3 hard, 70¾c; No. 2 hard, 70⅞@71¼c. Billed through: No. 3 hard, 70¼c; No. 2 hard, 69¾@70¼c. Mixed wheat f. o. b. No. 3, 70¾c.

SPRING WHEAT—Steady with moderate demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 2,000 bu ¼c over September; No. 3, 69@70¼c; No. 4, 67c, and 50,000 bu of grade not given on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 63@66½c; No. 3, 69¼@70c, and four cars at ¼c under September price. Billed through: No. 3, 70¼c.

CORN—About ¼c to 1c lower, with fair demand and moderate offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 white, 55,000 bu for shipment about 1⅜c over September in store; No. 2 yellow, 58½c; No. 3, 57½@57¾c; No. 3 yellow, 58@58¼c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 3, 57½@59c; No. 3 yellow, 58@58½c; No. 2, 58½c; No. 2 yellow, 58½@58¾c; No. 3 white, 60@60¾c; ears, 56½c. Billed through: No. 4, 54@56¾c; No. 3, 56¾@57c; No. 3 yellow, 56¾@58c; No. 3 white, 60c.

OATS—About ¼c to ½c lower with good demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 4, 34½c; No. 4 white, 38@38¼c; No. 3, 36@36¼c; No. 3 white, 38¼@38½c; No. 2, 36½c; No. 2 white, 38⅝@38¾c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 38@38¼c; No. 3, 36¼@36⅝c; No. 3 white, 38¼@39c; No. 2, 36¾@37c; No. 2 white, 38¾@39c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 37@37¼c; No. 3, 36c; No. 3 white, 37⅝@38¼c; No. 2, 35¾@36c; No. 2 white, 38@38¼c.

RYE—Quiet and about ¼c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 58¾c; No., 3, 58½c. Free on board: 58½c.

BARLEY—Steady to firm, with good demand. Sales free on board: Screenings, 50@52c; barley, 58@65c.

PROVISIONS—Active and from 10c to 22½c higher. Cash lots mess pork were quotable at $14.45@14.50; repacked, 15¢20c discount. Lard, $8.92½@8.95; short ribs, $8.15@8.35, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady, at 82½@85c for ash pork brls and 85@87½c for oak, and $1.02½@1.05 for lard tcs.

WHISKY—Basis for finished goods, $1.30.

HAY—Dull and lower, with large offerings and light demand. Sales, including those on track, were: Choice timothy, new, $13.50@14.00; fancy, $14.50@15.00; old, $14.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.25@13.00; No. 2 timothy, new, $11.50; old, $12.50@13.00; choice prairie, Iowa, $13.00@18.50; No. 2 prairie, State, $9.25.

Estimated receipts for today: 375 cars wheat, 320 cars corn, 585 cars oats, and 18,000 hogs.

A. B. Searing, who has a farm near Lisbon, N. D., fifty miles southeast of Fargo, heard from his manager yesterday that the thrashing had not turned out well. "Grain badly shrunken. Plenty of straw, but little wheat. Grain ripened too quickly."

Some wheat bull in Milwaukee bid $1 yesterday for calls good to April 30, 1902.

Eastern corn buyers are gradually raising their bids, but the people who own the corn here are raising their demands at the same time and business is limited. Holders are influenced by the difficulty of replacing their stocks as long as the country sells sparingly. There was a sale of 55,000 bu No. 2 white at 2¾c over September f. o. b., the highest premium paid so far, and No. 3 corn brought ¼c under September on track. There were sales of 48,000 bu in small lots for direct exports at relatively higher prices than could have been secured last week.

An interesting account of the corn situation in some once promising Illinois fields is given by W. P. Anderson, who says: "I was down in Iroquois County, on the edge of Kankakee, yesterday and examined some corn on a 160-acre farm, the owner of which was cutting part of it for fodder, having already cut about two acres. Of this corn that was cut the average was about one ear on six stalks—many of these ears were merely nubbins. Later I went over to an adjoining field; going well out into the field counted off fifty hills, and my companion and I each counted the cobs in two rows, fifty hills each, which contained about 300 stalks. We counted the ears that we thought would pay to husk at harvest. He counted forty-six in his fifty hills and I forty-four. Each noted there was only about six good average-sized cobs. We had a good opportunity to compare this corn with a field adjoining, which the owner had experimented. He planted sugar beets; they not doing well, he had plowed it up and planted corn as late as July 3. This corn was in direct contrast with the other. The first fields were fired up to about three feet high; this latter field was six or seven feet high—cobs on about every stalk, long and looking in fine shape. We stripped half a dozen of these and found that they were filling splendidly. I have been down in this locality every year for the last six years, except last year, and must say that there is a decided contrast in the look of the corn. Usually the cobs are about half the length of one's arm and heavy, lopping over. To an ordinary observer riding along the road this corn looks as if it would make as good as in ordinary seasons, but when one gets into the fields they find the above result."

PRODUCE IN GOOD DEMAND.

Market Well Supplied with All Lines of Fruits and Vegetables—Potatoes Are Firm.

Receipts of nearly all lines of produce were more liberal yesterday. Prices were generally lower, with brisk trade both locally and for shipping to parts of the country where the fruit and vegetable crops have been damaged or failed. Peaches were steady to easier, with the demand equal to the supply. Bartlett pears from California and Rocky Ford contaloupes from Colorado find a ready market, with prices a trifle easier for all varieties of melons.

The potato market was firm, with light receipts and heavy demand.

Choice creamery butter was steady, with fair receipts. Eggs were firm.

Quotations on round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	14@14½c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned	12@13½c
City recandled	14½@15c
Seconds, cases	12½@13c
Cheese, Y. A	10¼@10½c
Cheese, twins	9¾@10c
Cheese, fancy brick	8¾@9¼c
Butter, creamery, extra	20@20½c
Firsts	18@19½c
Seconds	14@14½c
Dairies	14@14½c
Ladles	13@13½c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded	7@8c
Do, dry picked	7½c
Do, roosters	4½@5c
Iced turkeys	6@8c
Live turkeys, lb	6@8c
Chickens	8c
Do, spring, lb	12@12½c
Geese, doz	$3.00@4.50

FISH.

Black bass, lb	11@12c
Carp	1½@2c
Pike	5@6c
Pickerel	4@5c
Eels	6@8c
Perch	3@4c

VEALS.

50@90 lbs	5@5½c
90@70 lbs	5½@6c
95@100 lbs	6@7½c
100@110 lbs	6@6¼c
70@150 lbs	5@5½c
150@200 lbs	5@6c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$1.50@2.25
Apples, fancy	$2.75@3.50
Lemons, Cal., re-packed	$5.25@5.50
Do, Messina	$5.00@6.00
Pineapples, Fla., crates	$3.50@4.00
Oranges, Valencias	$5.00@5.50
Blueberries, Mich., 16 qts	75c@$1.00
Bananas, bch	$1.25@1.50
Grapes, Malaga, Cal.	$2.00@2.25
Do, Arkansas, 4 bskts, cases	75c
Do, Tex., 5-lb bakt	12@15c
Do, Niagaras, 6-bakt case	$1.00@1.25
Bartlett pears, Cal., box	$2.00@2.45
Cherries, 16 qts, sour, cases	$1.40@1.75
Peaches, Mich., baskets	10@15c
Do, Ill., 4-bakt cases	30@45c
Do, Ky., ¼-bu	75@80c
Do, Ga., 6-bakt cases	$1.50@1.60
Do, Tex., 4-bakt cases, Elberta	$1.35@1.60
Gems, ½-bu	30@50c
Crates, 45-55	75c@$1.25
Rocky Ford, Colo., crates	$3.50@4.00
Watermelons, Georgia, per car	$110@160

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked	$2.80
Medium	$2.70@2.75
Celery, Mich., cases	30@40c
Cucumbers, Ill., ½ bu	20@35c
Cabbage, new, home-grown, crates	$2.50@2.75
Do, per 100	$8.00@9.00
Carrots, new, 100 bunches	$1.00
Onions, 70-lb sacks	$1.10@1.25
Sweet corn, doz	5@6oc
Beets, new, 100	$1.00@1.25
Turnips, new, bu	30@35c
Lettuce, head, home-grown, tubs	50@75c
Do leaf, in cases	30@35c
Squash, bush. bags, new, ½ bu	$1.75@2.00
Green peas, ¼-bu telebaskets	$1.75@2.00
New potatoes, early Ohios, 8t. L., bu	$1.05@1.15
Do, Minn	$1.08@1.15
Do, Burbanks, bu	30@35c
Do, home-grown, early Ohio, 1¼-bu	$1.35@1.50
Tomatoes, Ill., 4-bskt cases	20@35c
Do, Indiana, ¼-bu baskets	$1.25@1.25
Do, home grown, bu	$1.50@1.75

The following table exhibits the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts— 1901.	1900.	Shipments— 1901.	1900.
Articles.				
Apples, brls	1,454	1,922	335	257
Beans, bu	1,200	522	4,140	98
B. corn, bu	85,000	3,900	1,000	2,140
Butter, lbs	1,021,723	839,270	1,237,300	784,210
Cheese, lbs	440,500	325,640	190,052	110,420
D. fruits, lbs	120,745	40,000	16,850	10,000
Furs, packs	5,950	8,385	2,666	2,244
Hay, tons	620	314	10	.....
Hides, lbs	273,460	445,040	391,612	581,441
Hops, lbs	.....	.....	.....	2,000
Potatoes, bu	9,795	15,806	310	511
Provisions, lbs	132,950	39,550	28,488	29,012
Poultry, c'ps	582	167	.....	90
Wool, lbs	756,364	194,858	450,417	126,451

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Leading Trade Centers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Flour—Receipts, 29,411 brls; exports, 16,319 brls; barely steady and dull.

Wheat—Receipts, 109,300 bu; exports, 308,151 bu. Spot quiet; No. 2 red, 78¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 76½c elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 79¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 88c f. o. b. afloat. Options started weak and heavy. Rallied by enormous clearances the afternoon market recovered, helped also by a visible supply decrease and active covering. Closed steady at ⅛@¼c net decline.

Corn—Receipts, 37,300 bu; exports, 33,542 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 62⅝c elevator and 63½c f. o. b. afloat. Option market was weak and lower at first, but eventually rallied, closing about steady at ⅛@¼c net decline; September, 62½@62¾c, closed 62½c; December, 63¼@64½c, closed 63¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 121,500 bu; exports, 330 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 39c; No. 2 white, 43@43½c; No. 3 white, 42½c; track mixed Western, 39@41c; track white, 41½@48c. Option quiet and irregular.

Cottonseed oil—Firm.

Eggs—Receipts, 5,979 pkgs; market strong; State and Pennsylvania, 17c@19c; Western candled, 16@17½c; Western uncandled, 10@16½c.

Sugar—Raw easy; fair refining, 3 7-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4c; molasses sugar, 3 3-16c; refined easy; crushed, 5.75c; powdered, 5.35c; granulated, 5.25c.

Fluctuating Cotton Market.

The market for cotton futures opened steady, with prices 1 point higher to 2 points lower. Weakness supplanted the early stability, and prices broke 8 points. Covering was quietly done on the downturn, and preparations were made for a rally later in the day.

After a lengthy period of hesitation and apathy the market developed bullish tendencies, and worked steadily back to the opening figure. Soon after midday buying in conjunction with fairly active bull support caused prices in some instances to reach new high levels for the day, with the January option leading the rise. The market was finally steady, with prices net 1 point higher to 1 point lower. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8c; middling gulf, 8¼c. Sales, none.

Futures closed steady. August, 7.22c; September, 7.24c; October, 7.34c; November, 7.38c; December, 7.42c; January, 7.44c; February, 7.44c; March, 7.47c; April, 7.48c.

Western Grain Market.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 19.—Close—Wheat—Lower; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 70¾c; track, 71¾@72½c; September, 70¾c; December, 73⅝@73¼c; May, 78c; No. 2 hard, 71c. Corn—Lower; No. 2, cash, 59¾c; track, 59¾c; September, 59¾c; December, 60¾c; May, 63¾@65¾c. Oats—Lower; No. 2, cash, 37½c; track, 38@38¼c; September, 37⅝c; May, 40¼c; No. 2 white, 38¼@39½c. Lead—Firm; $4.30@4.40. Spelter—Quiet; $3.80.

Wool—Steady; with a fair demand; medium grades, 11½@17c; light fine, 11½@14c; heavy fine, 9½@11c; tub washed, 12@24c.

Flour—Quiet; new red winter patents, $3.50@3.65; extra fancy and straights, $3.10@3.25; clear, $2.70@3.00. Receipts—Flour, 14,000 brls; wheat, 21,000 bu; corn, 62,000 bu; oats, 37,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 12,000 bu; wheat, 11,000 bu; corn, 37,000 bu; oats, 51,000 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 19.—Wheat opened with a slump, September opening 1½@¾c lower, and selling to 67¼c. The market turned about later and at noon was back to Saturday's close, at 68⅛@68¾c. The market sold above Saturday's close at the high point, September touching 68¾c and December 70¾@70⅝c, but there was a slight recession at the close, September closing at 68⅝c and December at 70¾c. Elevators were all in the market today. For No. 1 Northern the premium was ¾c over September, No. 2 Northern ranged from ⅜c to 1½c under September, and No. 3, 2½@3c under. No. 1 Northern to arrive sold at 69c for new.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 19.—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73¾c; No. 1 Northern, 71¼c; No. 2 Northern, 68¾c; No. 3 spring, 63¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 73¾c; No. 1 Northern, 70¾c; September, 70¾c; December, 71¾c. Corn, 53½c. Flax—to arrive and cash, $1.62; September, $1.57; October, $1.53. Receipts—Wheat, 15,075 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 9,458 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 19.—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Steady. Close—No. 1 Northern, 71¼@73c; No. 2 Northern, 70@71½c; September, 71½c. Barley—Higher. No. 2, 64@65c; sample, 45@63½c. Corn—September, 58½c.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19.—Wheat—Higher, active; No. 2 cash, 73½c; September, 73½c; December, 75¾c. Clover-seed—Firm; prime cash, $6.35; October, $6.25.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 19.—Corn—Easier; No. 2, 56c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.30 for finished goods.

PROVISIONS—Active and from 10c to 22½c higher. Cash lots mess pork were quotable at $14.45@14.50; repacked, 15¢20c discount. Lard, $8.92½@8.95; short ribs, $8.15@8.35, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady, at 82½@85c for ash pork brls and 85@87½c for oak, and $1.02½@1.05 for lard tcs.

WHISKY—Basis for finished goods, $1.30.

HAY—Dull and lower, with large offerings and light demand. Sales, including those on track, were: Choice timothy, new, $13.50@14.00; fancy, $14.50@15.00; old, $14.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.25@13.00; No. 2 timothy, new, $11.50; old, $12.50@13.00; choice prairie, Iowa, $13.00@18.50; No. 2 prairie, State, $9.25.

Estimated receipts for today: 375 cars wheat, 320 cars corn, 585 cars oats, and 18,000 hogs.

A. B. Searing, who has a farm near Lisbon, N. D., fifty miles southeast of Fargo, heard from his manager yesterday that the thrashing had not turned out well. "Grain badly shrunken. Plenty of straw, but little wheat. Grain ripened too quickly."

Some wheat bull in Milwaukee bid $1 yesterday for calls good to April 30, 1902.

Eastern corn buyers are gradually raising their bids, but the people who own the corn here are raising their demands at the same time and business is limited. Holders are influenced by the difficulty of replacing their stocks as long as the country sells sparingly. There was a sale of 55,000 bu No. 2 white at 2¾c over September f. o. b., the highest premium paid so far, and No. 3 corn brought ¼c under September on track. There were sales of 48,000 bu in small lots for direct exports at relatively higher prices than could have been secured last week.

An interesting account of the corn situation in some once promising Illinois fields is given by W. P. Anderson, who says: "I was down in Iroquois County, on the edge of Kankakee, yesterday and examined some corn on a 160-acre farm, the owner of which was cutting part of it for fodder, having already cut about two acres. Of this corn that was cut the average was about one ear on six stalks—many of these ears were merely nubbins. Later I went over to an adjoining field; going well out into the field counted off fifty hills, and my companion and I each counted the cobs in two rows, fifty hills each, which contained about 300 stalks. We counted the ears that we thought would pay to husk at harvest. He counted forty-six in his fifty hills and I forty-four. Each noted there was only about six good average-sized cobs. We had a good opportunity to compare this corn with a field adjoining, which the owner had experimented. He planted sugar beets; they not doing well, he had plowed it up and planted corn as late as July 3. This corn was in direct contrast with the other. The first fields were fired up to about three feet high; this latter field was six or seven feet high—cobs on about every stalk, long and looking in fine shape. We stripped half a dozen of these and found that they were filling splendidly. I have been down in this locality every year for the last six years, except last year, and must say that there is a decided contrast in the look of the corn. Usually the cobs are about half the length of one's arm and heavy, lopping over. To an ordinary observer riding along the road this corn looks as if it would make as good as in ordinary seasons, but when one gets into the fields they find the above result."

PROFIT IN SHIPBUILDING.

AMERICAN COMPANY SHOWS NET EARNINGS OF $1,998,542.

After Dividends on Preferred Stock and Deductions for Depreciation and Maintenance Surplus Is Equal to 15.44 Per Cent on Common Stock—Local Securities Dull and Lower—British Linseed Mills Lose—Railroad Earnings—Financial Topics.

A good showing is made in the report of the American Shipbuilding company for the year ended on June 30, 1901, which has just been made public, subsequent to the annual stockholders' meeting. Net earnings are $1,998,542. After paying the full 7 per cent dividend on the preferred stock, amounting to $553,000, a balance of $1,445,542 was left applicable to the common stock. This is equivalent to 19 per cent on the outstanding common issue.

From the balance $271,904 was charged off for depreciation and maintenance, which left a surplus of $1,173,637 for the year, equal to 15.44 per cent on the common stock. The directors did not consider it wise to declare dividends on the common stock from the profits of the last year, but preferred to accumulate and add to their working capital. The balance sheet makes the following showing as of June 30, 1901:

RESOURCES.

Plants and property	$14,633,683
Additions and improvements	359,813
Material on hand	548,313
Accounts and bills rec'd and cash	1,976,155
Work under construction; balance due	1,187,544
Total	$18,706,312

LIABILITIES.

Preferred stock	$ 7,900,000
Common stock	7,900,000
Accounts payable	1,214,008
Bills payable (since paid)	250,000
Earnings	$1,998,542
Dividends	553,000
Balance	$1,445,542
Deprec. and maintenance	271,904
Surplus	$1,173,638
Previous surplus	568,665
Surplus June 30, 1901	1,742,303
Total	$18,706,312

Local Stock Market.

Local stocks were dull yesterday, but the most active issues declined a little. American Can common was fairly active, but at lower prices. With transactions in 1,750 shares it sold down to 22⅞ and then recovered to 23¼, which represented a loss of ⅛. The preferred was traded in only for a small lot at a loss of ¼.

National Biscuit common was quiet and lost ⅛. Central Union Telephone was 2¼ higher at 47⅛. South Side Elevated was unchanged at 108. The bond list attracted some buying at unchanged prices.

Northwestern Elevated stocks were "exrights" yesterday but no transactions took place. The settlement prices were 36 for the common and 85 for the preferred. Union Loop shareholders who have deposited their holdings for sale to the Northwestern Elevated will be paid on or before Sept. 5.

British Linseed Also Disappoints.

The British Oil and Coke Mills, the English competitor of the American Linseed company, had a disappointing year for the twelve months ended on June 30, 1901. Its net profits amounted to £73,000, or £79,000 less than the previous year. Expenses of administration and interest charges reduce the sum available for dividend, including interest on investments and the balance of £7,000 brought into the accounts, to £42,000. This pays the preference dividend and leaves a balance of £9,200, and no dividend is paid on the £600,000 of ordinary shares, which received 7 per cent last year.

The directors attribute the diminished profits to the "violent fluctuations which occurred in the linseed oil markets, more particularly between the last week in January and the second week in March, when a state of panic prevailed and values fell with a rapidity and to an extent never before experienced in the trade."

The American Linseed company will hold its annual meeting of stockholders on Sept. 10, and the call announces that no stock can be voted which has been transferred within twenty days preceding the election. Proxies are asked in the names of John D. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller Jr., and E. Parmelee Prentice.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
Second wk. Aug.

RUSH TO SUPPORT STOCKS.

WALL STREET POWERS PROP UP THE MARKET.

Bear News Has Effect Only for a Few Moments, then Attacks Are Met with Great Stubbornness — Dealings for Day on Exceedingly Small Scale, but at Steadily Advancing Prices After First Half Hour—Norfolk and Western Leads.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The tone of the stock market today was a complete surprise to nearly every one interested in it. The decision of the members of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers at Milwaukee to reconsider their action of a week ago, and to join the strikers, together with the unsatisfactory showing by the associated banks on Saturday, led nearly every one to expect a decline in prices.

This view was strengthened by a lower range of prices for American securities in London and moderate selling by foreign arbitrage houses. This last aroused fears that London might sell the stocks which it had bought last week.

The circumstances noted resulted in a lower opening, and professional operators began selling with the expectation that the lower range of prices which they hoped to bring about might induce fresh liquidation, particularly in the steel stocks. In this they were disappointed, for the market disclosed even greater stubbornness under attacks against values than it did last week.

The dealings in stocks were on an exceedingly small scale, but at steadily advancing prices after the first half hour. In the railway list the more important transactions were in Norfolk and Western, in which it is understood a Philadelphia pool is active, basing its operations upon a virtual consolidation of all of the bituminous coal interests, Atchison common, St. Paul, and Union Pacific. The first three enjoyed net gains of more than two points, and the last closed more than a point higher than on Saturday.

Other features were Southern railway, Missouri Pacific, and among the less active issues, Chicago and Eastern Illinois, Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville preferred, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, Hocking Valley, Twin City Rapid Transit, and Wabash issues. The dealings in some of these were light, but all closed materially higher than on Saturday, and the first named enjoyed a net gain of more than 8 points.

The market for the United States Steel stocks was comparatively narrow, but it was firm. The common received more attention than the preferred, and closed fractionally higher than on Saturday.

There was a fair amount of business at advancing prices in Amalgamated Copper and American Locomotive preferred, Consolidated Gas, New York Air Brake, and a number of other industrials that received little attention, scored material net gains.

In the outside market there was moderate trading in Consolidated Tobacco, Gold Fours, American Can common, Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis preferred, and Dominion securities. The last named was advanced to 64c.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Dealings in stocks today were too small to offer a broad basis for generalizations. But it is significant that few stocks were offering for sale, holders apparently being content to retain their holdings.

The market guardians for the steel stocks supported them, but they did not fully share in the later recovery of the market, which carried some of the railroad stocks substantially over Saturday's prices.

Railroad bonds were little dealt in and were irregular. Total sales, par value, $566,000.

Close—Money on call closed steady, 2@3 per cent; last loan, 2. Prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼ @486¾ for demand, and at 484½ for sixty days; posted rates, 485¼ and 488; commercial bills, 483¾@484.

Bar silver, 58¾c; Mexican dollars, 45c. Government bonds steady; State bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Ar.	Ag.
Am. Sugar	5,000	133¾	131¾	133¾	132¾
Am. Tobacco ctfs	1,500	138	135¾	135½	135¾
Am. Locomotive	100	79	78	78	78
Do pfd	400	113	112	112	112
Am. Cotton Oil	400	33	32¾	32¾	32¾
Am. Spirits	1,200	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Am. Smelting	2,300	102	101	101	101
Do pfd	200	101	101	101	101
Atch. Topeka	12,100	113½	112¾	113½	113¾
Atchison	14,700	85	84¾	85	84¾
Do pfd	2,300	97¾	96¾	97¾	96¾
Canadian Pacific	400	144½	144	144½	144
Canada Southern	100	58	58	58	58
Chesapeake & Ohio	1,200	51¾	51¼	51¾	51¼
Chi. & Alton	100	57	57	57	57
Chi. & E. Ill.	1,000	142	140	142	140½
Do pfd	1,300	128	126	128	126
Chi. Great Western	8,500	17¾	17¼	17¾	17¼
Do pfd	200	100	100	100	99
Chi. Indianapolis & Louisville	1,200	61¼	60¾	61¼	60¾
Do pfd	1,000	93	92	93	92
Chi. Milwaukee & St. Paul	14,900	165	161¾	165	163¾
Chi. Terminal	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Chi. Terminal pfd	1,300	143¾	140¾	143¾	140¾
Chi. Union Traction	1,200	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Do pfd	1,200	43	42	43	42
Col. Fuel & Iron	1,000	43¾	43¼	43¾	43¼
Col. Southern	100	25	25	25	25
Do 1st pfd	100	47	47	47	47
Do 2d pfd	100	31	31	31	31
Consolidated Gas	3,700	204¼	203	203½	203½
Del. & Hudson	2,700	173	171½	173	171½
Del., Lack. & West.	1,000	245	243	245	243
Denver & Rio Grande	1,200	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¼
Do pfd	1,000	94¾	93¾	94¾	93¾
Erie	14,700	39¾	38¾	39¾	38¾
Do 1st pfd	1,300	73¾	72¾	73¾	72¾
Do 2d pfd	1,000	63¾	62¾	63¾	62¾
Fort Wayne	100	175	175	175	175
Great Northern pfd	1,000	253	250	253	250
Hocking Valley	1,200	85	84	85	84
Do pfd	100	91	91	91	91
Illinois Central	1,000	144	143	144	143
Iowa Central	100	25	25	25	25
Do pfd	100	51	51	51	51
Kansas & Texas	2,900	34¾	34	34¾	34
Do pfd	700	78¾	78	78¾	78¾
Lake Erie & West.	2,100	43	42¾	43	42¾
Do pfd	100	91	91	91	91
Lake Shore	1,000	224	223	224	223
Long Island	100	70	70	70	70
Louisville & Nashville	1,000	104	103¾	104	103¾
Manhattan	400	117	116¾	117	116¾
Met. St. Ry.	1,200	165	163	165	164
Mexican Central	100	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Mexican National	1,200	11¼	10¾	11¼	11
Minn. & St. Louis	100	103	103	103	
Do pfd	100	153	153	153	153½
Missouri Pacific	31,400	103¾	102¾	103¾	103¾
Mobile & Ohio	100	54	54	54	54
N. Y. C. & St. L.	5,100	34¾	34¼	34¾	33¾
Do 1st pfd	100	99	99	99	99
Do 2d pfd	100	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
New York Central	1,200	161	160	161	160
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	34	34	34	34
Do 1st pfd	100	90	90	90	90
Do 2d pfd	100	70	70	70	70
Norfolk & Western	31,400	68¾	67¾	68¾	67¾
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	93
Northern Pacific	1,200	68¾	67¾	68¾	67¾
Do pfd	400	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
Ontario & Western	1,200	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¼
Oregon Short Line	1,100	85	84¾	85	84¾
Oregon & Trans.	100	80	80	80	80
Pacific Coast	100	97	97	97	97
Do 1st pfd	100	120	120	120	120
Do 2d pfd	100	90	90	90	90
Pacific Mail	1,200	45¾	45¼	45¾	45¼
Pennsylvania	1,200	77¾	77¼	77¾	77¼
Pittsburg	100	214	214	214	214
Reading	2,500	42¾	41¾	42¾	41¾
Do 1st pfd	2,000	82¾	82	82¾	82
Do 2d pfd	100	75	75	75	75
Rock Island	1,200	31¾	31¼	31¾	31¼
Do pfd	100	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾
Southern Ry.	10,000	31¾	30¾	31¾	30¾
Do pfd	1,000	85¾	85¼	85¾	85¼
Southern Pacific	13,600	56¾	55¾	56¾	55¾
St. L. & S. F.	100	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	100	91	91	91	91
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	400	67¾	67¾	67¾	68
St. Louis & San Francisco	1,200	42¾	42¼	42¾	42¼
Do 1st pfd	1,200	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
Do 2d pfd	1,200	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
St. L. & Iron Mt.	1,100	90	89¾	90	89¾
St. L. & Iron Mt. pfd	100	97	97	97	97
St. Louis Southwestern	1,200	28	27¾	28	27¾
Do pfd	1,200	75¾	75¼	75¾	75¼
Texas & Pacific	1,200	47¾	47¼	47¾	47¼
Toledo & Ohio Central	100	81	81	81	81
Union Pacific	24,600	43¾	42¾	43¾	42¾
Do pfd	1,000	91¾	91¼	91¾	91¼
U. S. Leather	500	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Do pfd	500	121¾	120	120	
U. S. Rubber	1,100	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¼
Do pfd	1,100	113	112	113	112
Wabash	700	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¼
Do pfd	1,100	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¼
Wis. Central	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Western Union	1,000	93¾	92¾	93¾	92¾

Total sales, 277,000 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	170	United States	57
American	198	Wells Fargo	150

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 2s, reg.	107¾	U. S. 4s, reg.	139
U. S. 2s, coup.	107¾	U. S. old 4s, coup.	113
U. S. 3s, reg.	107¾	U. S. 5s, reg.	107¾
U. S. 3s, coup.	107¾	U. S. 5s, coup.	107¾
U. S. new 4s, reg.	137	Dis. of Col. 3.65s	124
U. S. new 4s, coup.	137		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$2000 Atch. gen. 4s	104	$10000 Mohawk-Minn.	
1000 Atch. adj. 4s	90	Div. 5s	105½@¾
1000 B-O-S. W.	104	60000 Mex. Cent. 1st	
1000 do reg.	101¾	Inc.	35@¾

7000 B-O-S. W.	86@¾	10000 Met. W. S. Chi.	
2000 Skin. 2d 4s	100¾	4s	101¼
1000 Cent. Ga. con. 5s	104½	1000 M. K. T. 2d 4s	97
2000 do 1st inc.	70@¾	1000 M. K. T. 4s Tex.	100
1000 C. A. 2½s	88	10000 Mut. Fuel Gas 5s	108
6000 C. N. W. deb. 5s	106	1000 N. Y. C. L. 3½s	95
12000 C-O-G. 4½s	107¾@¾	10000 N. Y. G. E. 6s	94¼
15000 do con. 5s	121	5000 N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	106
2000 do R. A. con. 4s	104½	3000 do 4s	104¾
85000 B. & O. gold bonds	97¼@¾	20000 Ont. & W. 1st 4s	95¾@¾
47000 Chi. Term. 4s	84¼@85	20000 St. L. & S. F. 2d 6s	120
20000 C. R. I. P. 4s	100¾	3000 do 4s	97¾
1000 Colo. So. 4s	87¾	4000 St. Ry. 5s	117
2000 do 5s	118	10000 S. R. C. 5s	98
2000 Erie. Penna coll. 4s	98	6000 T. H. & I. W. 4s	84
80000 Erie con. 4s	99¾@¾	1000 U. P. 4s	104¼
3000 Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	116¾	125000 do conv. 4s	106¾@¾
12000 Man. con. 4s	104¾	2000 Wab. 1st 5s	117¾@118

Total sales, $912,000.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Poultry, Butter, Coffee, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Dry goods—Heavy brown sheetings and drills dull and barely steady outside of best brands. Four-yard sheetings firm. Bleached cottons quiet at previous prices and coarse colored cottons dull and irregular. Print cloths inactive and unchanged. Leading lines of indigo blue prints advanced ¼c, other prints unchanged. Ginghams steady. Fine white goods selling freely for spring.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, per lb, 13@14c; fowls, per lb, 10c; roosters, 6c; turkeys, 10c; ducks, Western, per pair, 50@75c; geese, Western, $1.00@1.25. Dressed spring chickens, Philadelphia, 4 lbs and over to pair, per lb, 18@20c; do mixed sizes, 15@17c; do Western, dry picked, large, 13@14c; do scalded, 12½@13c; do small, dry picked or scalded, 10@12c; fowls, Western, dry picked, average best, 9c; do scalded, 8½@9c; do ducks, spring, Western, 7@9c.

Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 20¼c; do, firsts, 19@20c; do, seconds, 17@18c; State, dairy, tubs, fancy, 18½@19c; do, firsts, 17½@18c; do, seconds, 16@17c; do, thirds, 14@15c; Western imitation creamery, fancy, 16½@17¼c; do, firsts, 15@16c; do, lower grades, 14@14½c; Western factory, June packed, fancy, 15¼c; do, fair to choice, 14½@15c; do, current packed, best, 14¼c; do, fair to good, 13¾@14c; do, lower grades, 12½@13¼c; renovated butter, fancy, 17@17½c; do, common to choice, 14@16½c; packing stock, 12@14c.

In the Coffee Market.

Coffee—Spot Rio was steady, at 5⅝@6⅜c for No. 7. Sales, 400 bags Central American, 200 Maracaibo. Futures were advanced 5 points and closed steady, with sales of 10,250 bags. Havre advanced ¼ franc and Hamburg ⅛@⅜ pfg. American warehouse deliveries last week, 85,402 bags, against 70,746 in the previous week and 47,900 last year. Rio firm, at unchanged prices. Exchange, 5-10d (unchanged). Receipts, 23,000 bags. Santos quiet, with 100 reis decline. Receipts, 54,000 bags. Interior receipts, 45,300 bags.

Metal Market Is Dull.

Feature of importance was lacking in local metal circles today. Tin, after a dull day, closed at $26.65 for spot. Copper was nominally unchanged at $16.50@17.00 for Lake Superior and $16.37½@16.62½ for casting and electrolytic. Lead was dull and unchanged here at $4.37½, while prices at London declined 1s 3d. Spelter at New York was 2½ points better. Iron was again dull and nominally 50c unchanged at $20.00@21.00 for pig iron warrants; Northern foundry, $16.00@15.50; No. 2 foundry, Southern, $14.00@14.50; No. 1 foundry, Southern, $14.75@15.25; No. 1 foundry, Southern, soft, $14.75@15.25.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Receipts for Duties on Imported Goods from Bonded Warehouses or New Arrivals.

Receipts for duties at the Chicago Custom-House yesterday amounted to $44,796.45, of which $26,085.96 was paid on direct importations and $18,856.69 was on warehouse withdrawals.

The following merchandise arrived yesterday in bond from foreign ports: Ten cases chinaware, 44 cases porcelain, 95 rolls floor cloth, 1 case gloves, 79 cases earthenware, 7 casks chinaware, 100 cases tea, 100 cases cheese, 3 cases toys, 2 packages effects, 575 kegs herring, 882 pkgs fish, 1,082 chests tea, 2 cases ivory, 1 case photos, 1 case tea, 3 cases colors, 2 cases cylinders, 700 cases cherries, 4 casks cognac, 1 case silk goods, 1 case samples, 1 cask cognac, 7 cases millinery, 28 cases books, 2 cases earthenware, 21 cases millinery, 10 cases statuary, 1 case machinery, 3 cases leather goods, 9 cases wine, 15 chests tea, 1 case silks, 1,674 chests tea, 1 case woolens, 1 case bronze ware, 1 case feathers, 5 cases woolens, 5 bales tobacco, 2 cases cottons, 4 cases cigars, 1 case glassware, 7 cases millinery, 54 cases earthenware, 6,490 bris herring, 2,045 pkgs fish, 25 cases cottons, 30 cases statuary, 9 cases linens, 11 cases firearms, 1 case chromos, 130 bris currants, 50 chests tea, 4 cases linens, 1 case cottons, 16 cases firearms, 11 pkgs jute cloth.

Following are the goods entered at the Custom-House for immediate consumption, and upon which duties were paid yesterday: Eighteen cases manufacturing flax, 2 cases cotton goods, 6 cases cotton hose, 4 cases cotton wearing apparel, 3 cases gloves, 1 case wearing apparel, 10 cases herbs, 36 cases albums and toys, 154 cases earthenware, 105 cases dolls, 10 cases fancy boxes, 1 case fancy feathers, 1 case lacquer, 3 cases church regalia, 264 bags maple sugar, 1 case foreign books, 3 cases metal leaf, 5 cases bronze powder, 1 case books, 3 cases plaster of paris, 12 cases hat trimmings, 1 case silk and wool wearing apparel, 2 cases decorated earthenware, 2 cases feathers, 4 octaves brandy, 3 cases hose and underwear, 200 bris herring, 1 case steel beads, 26 bdls burlaps and jute cloth, 4 cases silks, 104 cases glassware and chinaware, 1 pkg diamonds, 2,445 pkgs herring, 12 cases cheese, 425 bris, pickled herring, 300 half bris pickled herring, 5,550 kegs pickled herring, 1 case printed matter, 240 half kegs pickled herring, 37 pkgs drugs, 11 bales manufacturing flax, 100 cases cheese, 7 cases hats and trimmings, 1 case manufacturing metal case, 3 cases books, 1 case lithographs, 1 case ladies' kid gloves, 7 cases hat trimmings, 3 cases kid gloves, 1 case ornaments and pins, 1 case rubber balloons.

Visible Supplies of Grain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The statement of the visible supply of grain, in store and afloat, on Saturday, Aug. 17, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 28,170,000 bu, decrease 1,449,000 bu; corn, 12,788,000 bu, decrease 613,000 bu; oats, 5,447,000 bu, increase 1,002,000 bu; rye, 935,000 bu, increase 213,000 bu; barley, 252,000 bu, decrease 65,000 bu.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 19.—Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$178,176,880
Gold	102,777,021
Silver	25,356,855
United States notes	13,463,373
Treasury notes of 1890	124,397
National bank notes	8,239,450

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

6315—Frederick Arnold; liabilities $1,368, assets $200; Jesse A. Joseph, attorney.

6316—James Huxtable; liabilities $3,200, assets $782; Fred Whitfield and S. W. Jackson, attorneys.

6317—Creditors of Simon Greenberg; charges, $1,102; Tenney, McConnell, Coffeen & Harding, attorneys.

6318—Vincent S. Boges; liabilities $3,683, assets $42; William B. Bradford, attorney.

6319—Della Campbell; liabilities $778, assets $1,131; Charles S. McNett, attorney.

6320—Frederick C. Wolf; liabilities $641, assets $675; Percival Steele, attorney.

6321—Charles H. Smith; liabilities $636, assets $309; S. E. Winger, attorney.

6322—Warren C. Carpenter; liabilities $8,071, assets $200; David M. Ball, attorney.

6323—John C. Hacker; liabilities $4,328, assets $1,581; M. Ackley, attorney.

6324—Louise Fischer; liabilities $1,966, assets $40; Jesse G. Wells, attorney.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Kavanagh—190808—William H. Stansfield et al., vs. Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; on finding, $200; vs. def. garns., etc., satisfied.—190906—William H. Stansfield et al., vs. use, etc., vs. Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; on finding, $208.60; vs. def. garns., etc., satisfied. The amount as reported before in the above judgment was incorrect.

Decrees.

Judge Kavanagh—215382—Bocker vs. Gottlieb; dec., $1,094—Atwood vs. Atwood; dec. div.—206831—Heinrichs vs. Howe; dec. sale—216458—In re petn. of Puls; dec.

Judge Vail—20141—Dickson vs. Bliss; dec.—4826—Carroll vs. Shorer; dec.—1822—Koebler vs. Koebler; dec.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Kavanagh—Emergency business.

Judge Vail—On trial, 217682.

Judge Gibbons—Emergency business.

Judge Carter—County Court—Motions of course.

LEAVES SOUTHERN PACIFIC

RESIGNATION OF PRESIDENT C. M. HAYS CONFIRMED.

Believed in Railroad Circles That His Successor Will Be A. M. Felton, Now Head of the Chicago and Alton Lines —Action of Retiring Official Entirely Voluntary—Said to Have Received Offer in the East Which He Will Accept.

New York, Aug. 19.—[Special.]—The resignation of Charles M. Hays, heretofore reported, as President of the Southern Pacific railroad, has been officially confirmed. It will be accepted and may be announced at the meeting of the Executive committee of the road on Thursday next.

Who the successor of Mr. Hays will be could not be learned today, but it is believed that S. M. Felton, President of the Chicago and Alton, will become President of the Southern Pacific company. Mr. Felton has worked in close sympathy with E. H. Harriman since his connection with the Alton company.

The resignation of Mr. Hays is entirely voluntary, as he had by contract been guaranteed a tenure of office of at least five years at a salary of $40,000 per annum. It is understood that he has received an offer from an Eastern railroad company to take charge of its administration, which he will accept.

Before Mr. Hays became President of the Southern Pacific company he was General Manager of the Grand Trunk railway system, to which office he was called from the position of Vice President and General Manager of the Wabash railroad.

Excursions for Strikers.

Arrangements have been made to carry large parties of the striking steel workers from Pittsburg to Buffalo on special excursion trains next Saturday and the Saturday following. Extremely low rates have been made for three-day trips. The first of these excursions will start over the Buffalo and Allegheny Valley division of the Pennsylvania railroad next Saturday, and other excursions will follow over the Pittsburg and Lake Erie and the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg.

Locomotive Plants Busy.

President S. R. Callaway of the American Locomotive company says that all of the plants controlled by that company are now working full time, with large orders ahead. The yearly capacity of this company is to be increased from 1,500 to 2,000 locomotives by enlarging the Richmond and the Schenectady works at once. It is the purpose of the American company to lessen the number of types of locomotives by standardizing the most important and desirable patterns.

The New York Central railroad is equipping a vestibuled passenger train experimentally with a system of compressed air fans. The air to operate these fans is obtained by connecting an additional air pump on the locomotive, and from there the air is carried the length of the train by means of the steam-heating pipes, which heretofore have had no services to perform in the summer months.

BAGGAGE CAR RATES UNIFORM.

Central Passenger Association Adopts New Plan—Special Free to Parties of Twenty-five.

Uniform rules for the handling of baggage cars have at last been adopted by the Central Passenger association lines. The new rules follow the same general lines as the old, but with one radical departure which governs the handling of special cars for parties of twenty-five or more for greater or less distances. Parties of twenty-five or more traveling on a party ticket and requiring the use of a special baggage car will have the same furnished without extra cost, provided the fare paid by the party is $25 or more. When the distance traveled is less than would produce a fare of $1 per capita the baggage car is moved at an expense of $10 to the company. In such cases, however, if the party wishes to pay the difference between what fare is paid and the required $25 the car may be moved without further cost.

When ten or more are traveling on one ticket and have no need for a special car, baggage amounting to an average of fifty pounds to each person may be carried free, but all in addition to that will be shipped on the regular trains, charging the regular excess baggage rates. When, however, the party of ten or more, traveling on a single ticket, desires or demands the use of a special baggage car the same is carried, charging 15 cents a mile by the short line mileage. Upon such movements the party of ten is permitted to take advantage of the rule which applies to movements of parties of twenty-five or more persons.

Rates for G. A. R. Are Low.

The Wabash has compiled all the Central Passenger association roads to make a material reduction in Pan-American Exposition rates during the G. A. R. encampment. The following table shows the difference between the present rate and the reduced fare the Wabash has announced and the other roads will meet:

	Present fare.	Reduced fare.
15-day tickets	$19	$17.50
20-day tickets	21	19.25
30-day tickets	21	14.50

The reduced rates will be in effect from Chicago to Buffalo Sept. 8 to 12. The Western roads have been voting on a proposition to make correspondingly low rates during the G. A. R. encampment.

Chicago-St. Paul lines have withdrawn the arrangement for round-trip rate of 90 per cent of one way fare which was to be in effect Sept. 1 to 10 from Chicago and Milwaukee to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and the Superiors. It has been found during the period Aug. 1 to 10, when such rates were in effect, that they do not stimulate traffic and are being manipulated by scalpers, which has the effect of demoralizing regular rates.

New Road to Black Hills.

Financial arrangements have practically been concluded in New York whereby Indianapolis and St. Paul are to be given direct railroad connections with the Black Hills. The company is to be called the Twin City, Pierre and Black Hills. The road is to be built from Aberdeen to Rapid City, in the hills, crossing the Missouri River at Pierre. The plan is to extend the road from Rapid City to a connection with the Union Pacific at Orrin Junction, Wyo.

It is learned from reliable authority that the Sioux City and Pacific railroad, with its new possession, the Moville line, will be formally transferred to the Chicago and Northwestern railway company on Sept. 1, at which time there will be a rearrangement of the Northwestern's Iowa division. The division's headquarters, it is understood, will be at Sioux City.

Alton Earnings Show Increase.

Earnings and expenses of the Chicago and Alton railway company for the month of July were as follows:

	1900.	1901.	Increase.
Gross	$751,596	$827,658	$76,062
Operating expenses and taxes	491,556	509,590	18,048
Net	260,040	318,068	58,018

Wabash earnings for the second week in July increased $42,450. Earnings of the Chicago Great Western for the same week show an increase of $28,718. The Monon route reports an increase for the second week in August of $17,500 and the Chicago Terminal Transfer road of $5,880.

Officials of the Western roads are of the opinion that business will be large for the balance of the year and that the earnings will continue to make a good showing. Merchandise traffic last week increased materially and the last week's grain movement was the largest in over four years. Aggregate receipts here were 6,286,000 bushels, a gain for the week of 555,000 bushels. The comparison with last year shows a gain of 446,000 bushels and over the year 1899 of 806,000.

Each of the two twin steamships now being built for President James J. Hill of the Great Northern railway at Groton, Conn., will be three times the size and displacement of the battleship Indiana. Each exceeds by 5,000 tons the gross displacement of the Great Eastern, and the two ships are identical in measurements and construction.

RAILWAY SOLD FOR $150,000.

Shelbyville, Bloomfield & Ohio, 26 Miles in Length, Is Purchased by the Louisville & Nashville.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 19.—The Shelbyville, Bloomfield and Ohio railroad, which extends from Shelbyville to Bloomfield, Ky., a distance of twenty-six miles, was bought today by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company for $150,000. For some time it has been reported that a syndicate, headed by Peter Arlund of Louisville, was after the road in the interest of the Cumberland and Ohio Valley railroad, of which Mr. Arlund is President; but the deal fell through, and today the Louisville and Nashville railroad company made an offer for the property, which was accepted. The road was formerly operated by the Southern railroad, but was given up by that system a year ago. The Louisville and Nashville will assume control at once.

NEWS FROM INSURANCE WORLD.

Purchase of the Atlas of London by the Phœnix Is Indefinitely Postponed.

Present indications are that the deal for the purchase of the stock of the Atlas of London by the Phœnix of London is indefinitely postponed. J. M. Neuberger, United States manager of the Atlas, yesterday received several letters sent from the home office, and these contain no intimation of the contemplated deal.

Carlos S. Hardy, general counsel of the Endowment Rank of the Knights of Pythias, yesterday began suit in chancery to set aside all the transfers of the Oak Park property known as the Parker claim. Conspiracy is alleged, involving John A. Hinsey, H. B. Stolte, Dr. Bouffleur, C. H. Kessler, and several others of the former officers of the order and their associates. The Parker loan was made by the Endowment Rank on the basis of a master's certificate on some Oak Park land. Various mortgages were executed and complicated deals entered into, all of which have been traced through the abstracts, as a result of which the defendants have got possession of much of the property.

Western managers regard St. Louis as the sore spot in their fields just now. On top of the demoralization caused by the anti-compact law comes an unusually heavy loss ratio. Twenty-four companies have retired this year, and even more serious than this is the shortage caused by marked reductions of lines.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—A few small lots of grain were taken by the lines, but of full cargoes there were none placed. Offers were on the basis of 1¼ cents for corn.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—There was a good inquiry for boats to load coal today, and chartering was lively at established rates. The following engagements were reported: Toltec, Kenosha, 60; Zapotec, Carpenter, Racine, 60; Omaha, Waukegan, 50; Gould, Scranton, Duluth, 35; Canisteo, Fulton, Milwaukee, 50.

CLEVELAND, O.—Boats to move 1,000,000 bushels of wheat between Oct. 15 and Nov. 20 from Port William to Buffalo were chartered today at 3¼ cents. Vessels are going from here to Buffalo to load coal for Lake Michigan, and the indications are that Milwaukee shippers from Ohio ports will be forced to pay 50 cents further the next few days. The ore docks are in bad shape, but there is no change in the freight situation.

Vessel Movements.

WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Arrived—Denver, Elva.

RACINE, Wis.—Arrived—Marquette, Swain.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Nichols. Cleared—Coal—Neshoto, Duluth.

EAST TAWAS, Mich.—Sheltered—Annie Laura and tow, Seattle, Northeaster.

ONTONAWANDA, N. Y.—Arrived—Gillah. Cleared—Toltec, Zapotec, Baldwin, Carpenter, Chicago; Connelly Bros., Coyne, Duluth.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Hesper, Norton. Cleared—Light—Murphy, Duluth.

HARBOR BEACH, Mich.—Sheltered—Folsom, Mitchell, Metropole, Spry, Northeaster.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Rosemount and consorts, Superior; McVittie, Down; Sycamore, Marengo.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived — Chill, Yakima, schooner Senator. Cleared — Light — Thomas Palmer, Ewen, Duluth.

SOUTH CHICAGO.—Cleared—Joliet, Manchester, Escanaba; Corralls, Duluth; I. Sands, Arendal, Manistee; Madonna, Ogontz Bay.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Lagonda, Hackett, Gates, Grecian. Cleared—Coal—Warren, Parry, Soo. Light—Venezuela, Duluth; A. J. Smith, Soo.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Lafayette, Cornell, Manila, Case, Reis, Aurania, Luther, Massasoit. Cleared—Poe, Bryn Mawr, Venus, Lake Erie.

GEORGIAN BAY, Wis.—Down—Normandie, 8 Sunday night; Iowa, 11:30; Georgia, 2 a. m.; Ann Arbor No. 2, 4 p. m. Up—Metzner, 11 a. m.; Smith and consorts, 5 p. m.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Tokio, Havana. Cleared—Fayette Brown, Thomas Wilson, Alfred Mitchell, Ionia, Aurora, Tampa, Pabst, Armenia, Lake Erie ports; Mercur, D. C. Whitney, South Chicago.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived — Oades, Olympia, John Hill, Argonaut, Henry Johnson, Rees, Schuck, J. H. Ketchum. Cleared—Coal—Ella, Boyce, Soo. Light—Frank Peavey, Pathfinder, Duluth; Pope, Escanaba.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Maxwell, Donaldson, Tuttle, Homer, Kingfisher, A. A. Parker. Cleared—Ocracoke, Hundred Thirty-four, Marcia, Hundred Seventeen, Negaunee, Eads, Tower, Carnegie, Cleveland; Grover, Chicago.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Kendall, Barnes, Schooner Troy. Cleared—Coal — Boyce, Toledo; Sheriffs, Racine; Mowatt, Manitowoc; Teutonia, Lake Linden. Light—Ravenscraig, Niagara, Chicago; Wilhelm, Superior; Sachem, Duluth.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR.—Arrived—John Mitchell, Amazonas, Livingstone, Genoa, Devereux, Lindsay, Smith, George Leavey, Emory Owen, Australia, Caledonia, Polynesia, Amboy, Ava, Verona, Troy, Clyde. Cleared—Hudson, Buffalo, mdse.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Russell, Hundred Thirty-three, Michigan, Wallula, Iron Queen, Rockaway, Stewart, Brake, Hanaford. Departed—Coal—Fedora, Iosco, Jeanette, Duluth; Warren, Keith, Soo. Rose, Manitou. Light—Iron Chief, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived — Andaste. Cleared—German, Two Hundred Two, Merida, Crosthwaite, Lansing, Pontiac, Black Rock, Cleveland, Eddy, Pennington, Tonawanda; Cresc

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG, MARRIED man in wholesale house. Address H 250, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—SALESMAN WILL SELL goods at com.; have office, storage, and sign space near 39th and Cottage Grove. Address C 222, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY ADVERTISING man; 15 years' experience, nine with present publication; best references. D 239, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—
TO WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.
A first-class designer and practical foreman will be open for position Sept. 1st; for many years in leading New York houses. First-class references and of well known ability. Address J. M. F., 794 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COLored man, single, as cook, competent in private car or clubhouse. Call 3 days. 3200 Wabash-av.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A MAN AND wife; man to help; city or country. Address E 263, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1380.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—RAPID AND EXPERIenced stenographer desires position where good salary is essential; no agency. W 176, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, young man, bright, beginner; an experienced office help. Address E 281, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS STEnographer; 3 years' experience; rapid and accurate. Address E 247, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — MALE STENOGRAPHer; A1; Rem. or S. P.; very rapid and accurate. Address E 236, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENO., BRIGHT, ACcurate, energetic, rapid; $8. E 232, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WANTS proposition to establish branch house or agency for good line in Seattle and Portland; large experience; wealth, manager; good salesman; well situated; prefer the West. E 222, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — ABOUT 6 HOURS A day, at $7 to $8 per week, in a wholesale house or as salesman; have good clientage; good penman; will understand, easy learned; am willing to work; sober and reliable; city refs. E 216, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN, 27 years of age, in wholesale or office to work as collector; references and bond; start at $12 week. Address E 248, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN; has had no schooling; man that is steady and legit; give good references and security. Address D 96, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST-CLASS MAN, as janitor, shoemaker, solicitor, or watchman. Address E 241, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY INGENIOUS YOUNG man, well up in mathematics and physics. Address E 226, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS DEMonstrator, fine pastry cook, would like a position in city or out; fine refs. Demonstrator, 206 Ewing-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED man to travel in wholesale house; best refs. Address E 206, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN; ANYthing honorable; not afraid of work. Best refs. Address D 240, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED young lady bookkeeper and assistant bookkeeper; best of references. Address L B 152, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — ADDRESSING OR copying; home or office; experienced. Address E 260, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — LADY CASHIER AND bookkeeper; capable; expd.; good refs. Address E 261, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL, general housework. Address K. H., 4730 Ogden-av., 3d flat. Cards only.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GOOD COOK AT once, some club or hospital; first-class ref. COOK, 1 Spring-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD COOK; PRIVATE family; suburbs preferred; wages $6. Address E 7, 454, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COOK; 2 sisters. 1 first-st.

SITUATION WANTED — FOR HOUSEWORK. Call at 4858 Union-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD COOK; A house position. 2958 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPD. COOK IN family. Call 336 Hudson-av.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED GIRL; general housework; city references. 4226 Ellis-av.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED WIDOW lady with girl 4 years as housekeeper for old couple, father and son, or widower; respectable. 1540 Indiana-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN AS housekeeper, with one child. Address N H 148, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE woman as housekeeper. Call 1 Malatt. Address E 262, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY WORKING HOUSEkeeper, 134 Aberdeen-st.

SITUATION WANTED — AS HOUSEKEEPER; first-class references. 1754 La Salle-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSmaker; from Schasinger's; can cut and fit; will work for $1.00 per day. MISS SELDEN, 859 W. Adams-st.

SITUATION WANTED — DRESSMAKER, IN Artesian-av.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSmaker; can fit, cut, and trim; $1.25 a day. 324 44th-st.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—NEAT, TRUSTWORthy girl, with refs. and fond of children, as nurse. Call at 2127 Archer-av. work in small family; 2d floor, second flat.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LAUNDRESS; DAY or week. 3050 State-st. Colored.

SITUATION WANTED — TAKE HOME WASHing; first-class; 3 boys. 31 State-st., rear. Washing and cleaning; $1.10 per day.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED—BEST OF SERVANTS, with references. Woman's Exchange, 3210 Cottage Grove-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, young lady; rapid and accurate; can furnish reference. Write EMILY FLUDE, 594 32d-st., City.

SITUATION WANTED — FEMALE STENographer, $12 per week; good on dictation; $8. Address E 262, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG LADY with some experience; very good penman. Address E 258, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT YOUNG COLored lady stenographer. Address MISS LOCKE, Gormet, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED—NEAT YOUNG LADY stenographer; $8. E 249, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY stenog.; no exp. Address E 218, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, USED 5 MONTHS, LIKE new, without a mark; parlor furniture upholstered in silk tapestry; library furniture, leather couch, easy chairs, old dresser in bird's eye maple, mahogany, and oak; brass and bronze beds, hair mattresses, box springs, massage; Davenport in green silk, odd rockers, parlor tables, Brussels and velvet rugs, bookcase, hallstree, massive oak dining table, magnificent upright piano used 6 months, $150; sell separately, at sacrifice. 653 N. Clark-st.

WILL SELL FOR CASH OR GIVE AS PART payment for house and lot or small farm, furniture, worth $800, consisting of piano, bric-a-brac, pictures, springs, couches, tables, etc.; 1 piano, Windsor-Clifton Hotel, Wabash and Monroe.

SELL THE BLISS CHARCOAL BROILER THIS cool weather; fits any range or stove; bargains in refrigerators, from $4.70 up. Orr & Lockett Hardware Co., 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, IRON BEDS, DRESSERS, washstands, hair mattresses, piano, etc.; must be sold regardless of cost. 2224 Cottage Grove.

KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Offices, 3442 Cottage Grove-av. Tel. Oak 1207. Pianos, safes, ships, store h. h. furniture. Office, 3442 Cottage Grove-av. Tel. Oak 1207. Principal office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPEcial sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 44 W. 21st-st. CHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

CASH PAID FURNITURE HOUSES, flats, etc. WALLACE, 381 W. Madison-st.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
Chicago, Ill., July 31, 1901.
A special meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway company, duly called by the Board of Directors, will be held at the general office of the company in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, on Thursday, the 24th day of October A. D. 1901, at eleven (11) o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to amend Section 2 of Article VI of the Articles of Consolidation of the Company, adopted the second day of June, 1880, so that the same shall read as follows, to wit:
"2. The Board of Directors may appoint an Executive committee, which shall consist of the President and three Directors, and may delegate to it with all of the powers of the board, when not in session, by order of the Board of Directors.
GEORGE H. CROSBY, Secretary. W. G. PURDY, President.

SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDREDGE B 5-THREAD, $20 to $35, or the B ELDREDGE, single thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the highest grade sewing machines made. National Sewing Machine Co., 49 E. Jackson-blvd.; Main Office, 3000 Michigan-av. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or 'phone Harrison 3864.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

ELEGANT BRUNSWICK POOL AND BILLIARD tables, well rest reasonable. Fowler, 612 Van Buren.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—MUST HAVE AT least 6 months' actual experience. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary wanted. E 253, Tribune office.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND CORRESpondent of experience; good prospects; state where formerly employed, age, and salary expected. Address E 270, Tribune office.

BILL CLERK—EXP. JEWELRY; AGE 18-20; $7-$8. BAYNE, 336 Dearborn-st.

BILL CLERK—EXP. IN WHOLESALE HOUSE; $8. K. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—OPENING FOR FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper in office of large jobbing house; must have had some experience in credits and collections and be rapid and correct; state age and past employers; replies confidential. Address E 243, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; MUST WRITE good hand; $65 to start; good opportunity. Address E 223, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; REFS.; $10. PETERSON, 146 State, 4th floor.

BOOKKEEPER—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN; $15 TO start. 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

DRUG ORDER CLERK—ADDRESS E 231, TRIBune office.

EXTENDER—CAPABLE EARNING HIGH SALary. Room 911, Adams Express Bldg.

FURNITURE SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED, BY large, let-class house; permanent positions to competent men. Address, stating experience and salary expected, N H 266, Tribune office.

GEN'L OFFICE MAN—SOME EXP. IN LUMber; $8. FLATT, 608, 154 Monroe-st.

MAN—YOUNG MAN, UNDER 25, GENTS' FURnishings. 5701 Wentworth-av.

OFFICE MAN—GOOD PENMAN AND FIGURer, to leave city; position with rolling mill. For particulars call Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE MAN—EXP. IN LUMBER; SO. SIDE; $8. L. HOWARD, 322 Dearborn-st.

ORDER CLERK—ONE WHO HAS EXPERIence in the paper business preferred, and is competent to take charge of orders and wait on small trade. Address, giving references and salary expected, D 264, Tribune office.

WHEN LOOKING FOR A POSITION FRIENDS help you; but their influence is limited, and they have other work to do. It is our business to find positions. See ad. under "Employment Agencies." EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

YOUNG MAN—WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN amateur photography and a fair education, to work in office and be broken in as correspondent; state age and business experience. Address N H 288, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—BRIGHT, ABOUT 21 YEARS OF age, as clerk in large office; good chance for advancement. Address, stating age, references, and salary, N K 92, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 20, AS CALLER IN A wholesale house; good position for right party; state age, refs., and salary expected. Address N H 294, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—AS COPY CLERK, WITH chance for better work later; salary $12 week. Address E 252, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER WHO CAN FURNISH SATISFACTORY REFERENCES TO LAY BEFORE EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GENERAL AGENCY RENEWAL CONTRACTS WITH THE ILLINOIS LIFE INS. CO. 167 MONROE-ST.

CANVASSING AGENTS—FOR HOTELS AND summer resorts; 100 per cent profit; $5 security. 6318 Greenwood-av.

CAPABLE MEN CAN EARN BIG MONEY BY selling New York Life's match-less 20th century policies and ins. bonds. A. GOLDMAN, general agent, 304, 100 Washington-st.; 1-2; call in person.

INSURANCE SOLICITORS. GENERAL AGTS.—Best contract and compensation. Room 8, 200 Clark-st.

MACHINERY SALESMAN—FOR CITY; ONE acquainted with New York trade preferred; permanent; good wages. A 188, Tribune office.

MEN—TWO EDUCATED YOUNG MEN, ABOUT 23, to learn our business; must begin as solicitors and take responsible position as soon as qualified.
GEO L. SHUMAN & CO.,
315 Dearborn-st.

MEN—PERMANENT AND PAYING POSITIONS for men who have had experience selling savings banks. Address D 437, Tribune office.

MEN—6 EDUCATED, ENERGETIC MEN, CALL from 10 to 12. BODD, MEAD & CO., Studebaker Bldg., 378 Wabash-av.

SALESMAN — HAVE AN OPENING FOR BRIGHT, ENERGETIC MAN WHO CAN FURNISH REFERENCES AND DEVOTE ENTIRE TIME TO WORK. ONE WHO REQUIRES THE BEST QUALITIES AND ABILITY OF A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN. ADDRESS, STATING AGE, TO SECURE A PERMANENT AND PROFITABLE POSITION. S. R. GOODSPEED, E 62, 70 LA SALLE-ST.

SALESMAN — A LIBERAL COMMISSION WILL be paid to a first-class salesman to sell line of cravenette rain garments in Chicago; none but one fully acquainted with the cloak buyers in the best retail houses need be considered. CHAS. DOVE, 25 Franklin-st., Boston. Mass.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED GROCERY TRAVeling salesman for established territory by old, established house; good salary, first-class and reliable salesman and permanent position; state particulars as to exp. and age. A 441, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — RESPONSIBLE MAN OF SOME means to represent financial concern in his own city; we allow district managers $100 per month and an additional commission, dependent on work done. Address, with ref., P 62, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EASTERN FACTORY WANTS EXceptionally strong salesman to call on general store trade in Iowa; prefer man under 35 years; must have clear road record; state salary required; expenses, salary, and comm. B 562, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—RELIABLE, RESIDING OUTSIDE Chicago, to sell entirely new brand of goods; you can average $150 per month; will pay $100 per month salary. M. HARRIS, Mgr., suite 55, 90 Wabash, Chicago.

SALESMAN—CALLING ON CLOTHING TRADE to handle side line of adjustable cuff holders; latest thing out; sell to trade only. Address F B 149, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — $25 WEEKLY, INCLUDING traveling expenses; experience unnecessary; sell dealers only; permanent position; elegant line. Neville Mfg. Co., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN — BY A WHOLESALE GROCERY house to sell teas, coffees, and groceries to farmers; liberal inducements; exclusive territory.
JOHN SEXTON & CO., 20-22 State-st.

SALESMAN CALLING ON DRUG TRADE, fine; pocket side line. Call 10 a. m. Room 1531 Stock Exchange Bldg., La Salle-st.

SALESMAN—TO CALL ON RETAIL DRUGgists in city only. Apply to-day between 10 and 12 a. m. J. D. WARD, 54 Pearce-st.

SALESMAN—ONE ACQUAINTED WITH CITY drug trade preferred. Address E 264, Tribune.

SALESMEN—A NEW, ATTRACTIVE, AND UPto-date review of the 19th century, often with a subscription to Collier's Weekly, THREE profusely illustrated volumes, in water-colors and half-tones. Any bright, wide-awake, intelligent person can earn $50 weekly on the above proposition. We also have a splendid opening for book canvassers. Address Review of the 19th Century, Monadnock Block, Chicago, Illinois.

SALESMEN — A PATENT HAS JUST BEEN OBtained upon cheapest yet best advertising devices. Wanted, an experienced man, place on Chicago market; all necessary selling plans already obtained; salary and commission paid to right party; no one without best references need apply. Address E 7, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—LARGE MANUFACTURING FIRM wants reliable salesman in every State to sell new brand of staple goods to general trade; must be competent, industrious, and sell at least $200 per week regularly; position permanent. THE I. ENOX CO., Suite 34, 182-184 Dearborn, Chicago.

SALESMEN—TO SELL OUR FINE GROCERIES in towns or country; profitable, steady; desirable headquarters for first-class; established 25 years; satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
LOVERIN & BROWNE, Chicago.

SALESMEN—$5 TO $10 GUARANTEED BY SIDE line to man with rig; sell to dry goods, grocery, and general store trade. Address, with references and territory covered, Kawin Mfg. and Importing Co., 90 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 10 a.m. International Society (DAVIS), 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—GOOD SPECIALTY, IN CITY AND country, for The Best Scales; Grocery, Butchers', Computing Scales on Earth. Call 10:00 to 12:00 a. m., or write REID & CO., 17 to 21 Quincy-st., Suite 806, Chicago, Illinois.

SALESMEN — FOR PIN CARBON COPYING books and other office specialties; fine side lines; easy sellers; liberal terms; catalogue free. Model Mfg. Co., Dept. O, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN — ENERGETIC AND EXPERIENCED men only, to sell underwear and hosiery to best trade in Minn., Dak., Mo., Kas., and West; state experience and references. E 254, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—BIG PAYING PROPOSITION IN town; a premium worth $5 free with 100 cigars. MAY & MAY, 354 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—IF YOU CAN SELL FINE GOODS, a splendid side line awaits you; no drones wanted. 407, 87 Washington-st.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CITY CIGAR with trade; apply with references; confidential. Address B 446, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CITY, FOR BONDof whiskies; good proposition to right man. Address B 438, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SELL ALL STOCKS FOR AI company; salary and commission. Western Union Oil Co., R. 400, 167 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN — SUBSCRIPTION BOOK MEN, good address, to represent daily paper; $75 a week to a man of energy. Glass, P. O. Box 1580 La Salle-st.

SALESMEN—CIGAR, TWO, FIRST-CLASS, FOR the road; must be sober and have fine ref. Address E 108, Tribune office.

SALESMEN, SOLICITORS—CITY AND COUNtry; salary and commission. 314, 58 Dearborn.

SOLICITOR—FOR PEERLESS COLLEGE; FINE opportunity for high-grade worker, male or female; refs. Address, in confidence, N C 409 Tribune.

SOLICITOR OR SALESMAN—BY A LARGE Chicago corporation, to present HIGH CLASS proposition (in New York State) to manufacturers and jobbers; demand already established; appearance and ability to secure an audience with ABOVE LINES makes sales sure. STATE AGE, REFERENCES AND REMUNERATION EXPECTED OR DO NOT ANSWER. Address A 196, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—FOR NEW TWENTIETH CENtury edition of Encyclopedia Britannica. Reliable agents, with good references can secure exclusive territory by applying at once. Former experience not necessary, as the Britannica has always sold itself. Thousands of Encyclopedia buyers will be glad to get the Twentieth Century edition of this great work. Address Britannica Book Company, 215 Wabash-av., Chicago, Ill.

SOLICITORS—CAN MAKE GOOD MONEY WITH van order. Room 502, 21 Quincy-st.

Boys.

BOY—14 TO 18, STRONG AND RELIABLE; must be well recommended; some experience in printing office desirable. Perfection Legal Blank Co., 413 Old Inter Ocean Bldg.

BOY—NEAT, BRIGHT; $15; OFFICE, ERRANDS; H. RYE, 405, 154 Monroe-st.

BOY—BRIGHT, AGE 16, FOR OFFICE AND ERrands; $4. 92 La Salle-st., R. 46.

BOY—AGE 19, EXPERIENCED IN SHIPPING room; $6. A. B. NYMAN, 151 Wash.-st., 4th floor.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Boys.

BOY—
PHOTOGRAPHER, 3613 State-st.

BOYS—TO WORK IN STOCK WHOLESALE house, 16-18 years of age; must live at home and come well recommended. Apply between 7 and 8 a. m. Tuesday, 247 E. Monroe-st.

BOYS AND GIRLS—IN EVERY TOWN. WE OFfer you good paying work, selling perfume. To commence you we will send packages worth 40 cts. on receipt of 10 cts. "EDDY," perfumer, Chicago.

BRIGHT BOYS—15 TO 17 YEARS OF AGE, IN large mercantile house, to learn our business and grow up with the house in our offices and merchandise departments. Address N H 280, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—STRONG; MUST DO SOME TYPEwriting. 407 Roanoke Bldg.

Trades.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN—AT ONCE. Only first-class men need apply. American Construction and Supply Co., 401 Atwood Bldg.

BOILERMAKERS—FOR ROUNDHOUSE WORK; out of city; must be competent. Apply Parlor O, Tremont House.

BRADLEY HAMMER MEN—STEADY WORK. Aermotor Co., Chicago Heights.

CABINETMAKER—
Apply 16 Fullerton-av.

CABINETMAKERS—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS, used to piano work or other first-class work; state particulars and whether union or free men. Address, Address D 370, Tribune office.

CARPENTERS—NON-UNION, FOR INTERIOR work; also a few for outside. Give reference. Address D 368, Tribune office.

CUTTER AND DRAFTER—EXPERIENCED, ON ladies' custom suits. SOLMS MARCUS & SON, 220 S. Madison-st.

ENGINEER—FIRST-CLASS; ONE WHO IS FAmiliar with operating ice refrigerating machinery in connection with packing-house work. Apply, stating experience and references. Address E 214, Tribune office.

ENGINEER—FIRST-CLASS GASOLINE. FAIRbanks & Morse preferred; bring references; only good men need apply 10 a. m., Old Mill, Lincoln Park.

FEEDER—PEERLESS PRESS. WHEELER, 3342 S. Halsted-st.

GORDON FEEDERS — STEADY JOB. 183 Clark-st., Room 10. ERNEST L. FANTUS.

JOINERS, CABINETMAKERS, AND COACH carpenters. Room 620, 225 Dearborn.

MACHINE HANDS—EXPERIENCED, ALLaround, for hardwood; non-union; give full particulars. Address D 388, Tribune office.

MACHINISTS — BOTH VISE AND MACHINE hands; good wages and steady jobs are offered to the right men. Address The Bucyrus Company, South Milwaukee, Wis.

SHOEMAKER—CUTTERS AND LASTERS ON women's fine shoes. Apply 12 to 1 o'clock Tuesday. The Ross-Moyer Mfg. Co., 223 E. Wash.-st.

TEMPLATEMAKERS, MACHINISTS, AND LAborers. Chicago Bridge and Iron Co., Washington Heights, Ill.

TINNER—GOOD, EXPERIENCED IN CUTTING after patterns; steady job. ZERO MARX, 160 E. Superior-st.

House Servants.

JAPANESE HOUSEMAN—BRING REFS. CALL 4816 Kenwood-av.

SECOND MAN—ONE WHO IS WILLING TO make himself generally useful in fine country home; only one who is sober and accustomed to handling fine horses and carriages need apply. Supt. THE HUB.

TWO INTELLIGENT JAPANESE—ONE FOR cook, one for second work. Apply Room 408, 6 Madison-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

FURNITURE TEAMSTERS—SOBER; CITY EXperience; wages $15 weekly. N W 505, Tribune.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—WE CAN PROVE THAT YOU CAN earn $25.00 per day; we have the fastest selling summer specialties; you send no expenses, our circulars teach you the business; if you are making less than $300 per month write to us. It won't cost you one cent to try, as we forfeit $50.00 to any person proving we don't send a free outfit of samples on receipt of your application; it will pay you handsomely to write to us at once. The Braham Co., R. 438, Cincinnati, O.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR LIFE; COMpensation $25 to $75 per week; the Policy Holders' National Union, an Illinois corporation, with $600,000 capital, organized January, 1899, desires local representatives in every city and town in the U. S.; our business, new and attractive, and a need; no investment; no bond or investment, but first-class references required. Address Superintendent of Agents, 521-524 Manhattan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS EVERYWHERE GUARANTEED monthly compensation weekly introducing indispensable preparations; position permanent; business permanent; experience unnecessary; particulars, with 500 mourning cards, free. Write at once. WAYVELL-CHAPPELL CO., 53 River-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user pays and like buys it on sight; 200 to 800 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 85, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—SOLICITORS AND AGENTS. CHIcago and Northern Illinois, to sell the best policy contracts registered; for terms and information address CHAS. E. CLARK, manager, 614 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—EITHER SEX, TO HANDLE REGISTRY POLICIES. 189 LA SALLE. ROOM 225. SOMETHING NEW. SELLS AS SIGHT. AGENTS MAKING FROM $25 TO $50 PER WEEK. CALL AT ONCE AND GET BUSY.

TWO GOOD APPEARING MEN TO CALL ON business managers in Chicago; something that appeals to the thinking people when properly worked; only men who can convince and close quick. Call Room 408, 263 Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—TO SELL THE CHARLEY BURGLAR; proof ventilating sash locks; absolute protection for windows. Call and examine. Room 59, 92 La Salle-st.

A HA INVEST FOR FIRST APPLICANTS; LADY and gentlemen agents to sell our new and novelty; exclusive territory given. THE J. A. PETERS CO., 56 Fifth-av., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—GOOD OPENING FOR INtelligent salesmen soliciting for office supplies, to handle a quick selling article; liberal commission. Call between 9 and 11 a. m. Room 1531 Stock Exchange Bldg., La Salle-st.

SALESMAN—TO CALL ON RETAIL DRUGgists in city only. Apply to-day between 10 and 12 a. m. J. D. WARD, 54 Pearce-st.

SALESMEN—A NEW, ATTRACTIVE, AND UPto-date review of the 19th century, often with a subscription to Collier's Weekly, THREE profusely illustrated volumes, in water-colors and half-tones. Any bright, wide-awake, intelligent person can earn $50 weekly on the above proposition. We also have a splendid opening for book canvassers. Address Review of the 19th Century, Monadnock Block, Chicago, Illinois.

A PATENT HAS JUST BEEN OBtained upon cheapest yet best advertising devices. Wanted, an experienced man, place on Chicago market; all necessary selling plans already obtained; salary and commission paid to right party; no one without best references need apply. Address E 7, Tribune office.

$100 MONTHLY—NEW PATENT METALLIC bread boards; sample free. E. K. FORSHEE CO., Cincinnati, O.

Employment Agencies.

MANAGER—EXP. IN STOVES $25.00
Stenographer, Rem., R. R. exp. ..... $12.00 to 15.00
Porter, 2-30, club 12.00
Young man, exp. in grocery 10.00
Stenographer, Rem., exp. ..... $8.00 to 10.00
Office boy, exp. in lumber 8.00
Young man, exp. in shipping and pack'g. $6 to 9.00
Bill clerks, 16-20 ..... 8.00
Office and errand boys ..... $3.00 to 5.00
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
134 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—LAW EXPERIENCE. $75.00
Stenographer, railroad 60.00
Stenographer, mercantile house 50.00
Stenographer, exp. in lumber 50.00
Stenographers, two, young men ..... $8 to 10.00
Asst. bookkeeper, good writer 12.00
Office man, young 12.00
Office man, young 12.00
Bill clerk, good writer 7.00
Office boy, 16 years $3 4.00
Merchants' Clerical Ex., 740, 106 La Salle-st.

AUDITOR, TRAVELING POSITION $1,500
Cashier and bookkeeper 1,200
Bookkeeper, young man 1,200
Bookkeeper, bright young man 800
Bill clerk, rapid worker 800
Entry clerk, from seller 800
Office man, for rolling mill 800
Reporter, young man, mercantile agency 500
Office clerk, 17 to 20 400
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

BRIDGE THE CHASM—
The employment agency is as natural a bridge between employer and employe as is the jobber between manufacturer and retailer. We do not follow old-fashioned lines. Our system is new and offers you the most satisfactory means of securing a position. Our specialty is high-class positions—the kind hardest to get. Call.
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007 Journal Bldg., 160 Washington-st.

MEN— LOOKING FOR POSITIONS.
CALL AT OUR OFFICE TODAY.
THE BARNES AGENCY,
199 AND 201 S. CLARK-ST., SECOND FLOOR, BETWEEN MONROE AND ADAMS-STS.
Employers wanting help, tel. Central 895.

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE. WE teach the work in two months, present complete outfit of tools, pay Saturday wages, and guarantee steady work when competent; special inducements to applicants from distance; board included. Call or write today. Moler Barber Colleges, 435 Wabash.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER — AND CORRESPONDENT, first-class, wide awake, experienced in machinery and metal line, capable of answering mail without dictation; must speak German and English; permanent position; salary $75 per month, with liberal increase if competent. Address, giving full particulars, age, and outline of experience, L S 363, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER — REMINGTON; YOUNG man, for railroad office; $15. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOG.—REM. EXP. YOUNG MAN; $50. SMITH, Room 606 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID REM. OPERATOR; $50. 740, 106 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; MUST BE fair penman. Address E 258, Tribune office.

STENOG.—EXP., RAPID; $60. C. D. BAYNE, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHERS — TWO EXPERIENCED, MARSHALL FIELD & CO., retail.

STENOGRAPHER—REMINGTON; EXP.; $10-$15. BAYNE, Monon Building.

Miscellaneous.

AN INCOME OF $15 WEEK CAN BE EARNED in spare time or evening by any person able to write; good, sure, new way to those sending addressed envelope to Robert Grannan Mfg. Co., Box 227, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER—ONE THOROughly exp. in clothing; no others need apply. Supt. of "THE HUB."

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

ARTIST—FOR COMMERCIAL AND MECHANical work; steady. Also good chance for art student to learn and become practical. 378 Dearborn-st. ROSENOW & CO.

CIVIL SERVICE GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—9,500 appointments made last year; probably 10,000 this year; common school education required for the examination; catalogue of information free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

COLLECTORS AND SOLICITORS—A FEW RELiable men; call a. m., 270 E. North-av., R. 4-5.

COLORED PORTER — 5701 WENTWORTH-av.

DECORATORS—FIRST-CLASS BUNTING DEcorators; about 5 weeks' work. Apply at once with references. W. HINTZE, 327 W. Market-st., Louisville, Ky.

DENTIST—FIRST-CLASS ALL-AROUND MAN; must be licensed. Call at once, 1525 N. Halsted-st.

MAN—TO TRAVEL AND APPOINT AGENTS for our superb line of holiday books; $500 and expenses from now till Christmas; no canvassing. Experience not necessary. Write or call 900, 258 Dearborn-st.

MEN—A LIMITED NUMBER OF ACTIVE MEN to take charge of our interests in this State. An opportunity to make from $1,000 to $3,000 per year. Steady employment. We do not want professional agents and canvassers, but shall select men and bright young men. A strictly high-class business proposition. Write at once. A. F. SHELDEN, care Lord & Thomas, Chicago.

MEN—AND WOMEN, TO DO COPYING AT home; must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago, Ill.

NIGHT WATCHMAN—TEMPORARY POSITION. Address E, 207, Tribune office.

ORGANIZERS — FRATERNAL INSURANCE. SHERRARD, R. 50, 155 Washington-st.

PIANO PLAYER—FOR DRAMATIC SHOW, TO play overtures only; hotel and R. R. expenses paid. State age and salary expected.
NYE & CONNER, Rochelle, Ill.

REAL ESTATE BROKER; FOR NORTH W. Side property; must be a hustler; good wages. Address E 287, Tribune office.

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Diamonds, watches, jewelry, sealskins, musical instruments, guns, revolvers, silverware, pianos, bric-a-brac, and any kind of personal value.
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NO WAITING.
Remember, only 2 per cent per month at
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Southwest corner of Dearborn and Madison-sts.

$12 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG. $12
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Low rates and easy payments to responsible people on household goods, warehouse receipts, etc.
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MRS. YANNE, 2509 WABASH-AV.—PRIVATE home for ladies before and during confinement; best care in all cases; skilled physicians; prices always reasonable; 20 years' exp. Tel. Green 1081.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY, permanently cured; strictest privacy; 20 years' exp. Office, 416 Inter-Ocean Building. 130 Dearborn-st.

DR. W. B. CARROLL—SPECIALTY DISEASES of men only; 25 years' exp. Office, 416 Inter-Ocean Building. 130 Dearborn-st.

LADIES TREATED SUCCESSFULLY. $5. DR. Hasenclever, 970 W. Madison-st. Advice free.

MRS. REB. CONFINEMENT HOME. 25 YEARS' experience. 606 Wells-st., cor. North-av.

MACHINERY.

WANTED—ONE SECOND-HAND PAIR OF rollers 5 feet long and 6 inches in inch to 4 inch diameter; also one heavy wiring machine. Address E 351, Tribune office.

WANT TO BUY SMALL HAND-FEED MILLING machine in good condition; would prefer a "Kempsmith." Address E 208, Tribune office.

WANTED—SECOND-HAND CORLISS ENGINE, 150-horse power; must be good condition. Address N H 293, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—20X48 CORLISS ENGINE, 10X6X10 duplex pump, 12x12 Ball auto. engine. The E. H. Wachs Co., 158 Indiana-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF WITnesses to street car accident on Aug. 7, 1901, about 8:30 p. m., at Madison and Central Park-av.; especially man, who took lady to her home in his buggy. Address MRS. ANNIE DOLAN, 1000 Jackson-blvd.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

AUGUST CLEARING SALES OF PIANOS.
Phenomenal sacrifices; values never offered. Hundreds of bargains, among them:
NEW YORK PIANO CO. UPRIGHT, $85.
Ebonized case, 71-4 octaves, a very satisfactory instrument; good value for the money.
IVERS UPRIGHT, $100.
7-3 octaves, 4 feet 4 inches in height, fret panels, adjustable desk; good condition and excellent tone.
HAZELTON UPRIGHT, $150.
Large size; powerful tone; exceptionally fine value.
SMALL OAK FISCHER, $150.
Returned from renting.
HAINES BROS. UPRIGHT, $175.
Medium size, fret panels, ebonized case; excellent condition.
STERLING UPRIGHT, $140.
Ebonized case, entirely modern.
HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT, $175.
Large size, highly ornamental and in perfect condition.
STEINWAY UPRIGHT, $200.
Small, plain parlor upright that has been thoroughly renovated throughout. Of extraordinary quality for a piano of this price.
LUDWIG UPRIGHT, $215.
Medium size, modern in every respect; would pass for new; a choice bargain.
KRAKAUER UPRIGHT $300.
An artistic upright cabinet grand in mahogany case of style fully abreast of the times. Perfect in every respect; would pass for new.
LARGE FISCHER UPRIGHT, $375.
In genuine San Domingo mahogany. Only the least trifle used; altogether as good as new.
LARGE KNABE UPRIGHT, $450.
Rosewood case, special design, highly ornamented, thoroughly renovated.
CHICKERING UPRIGHT, $950.
Mahogany case, nearly new; largest size. Is without blemish and up to the highest average of this make in touch and tone.
SMALL STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND, $350.
6 feet long, rosewood case, 7 1-3 octaves; has been thoroughly rebuilt. May be depended upon as in good condition. To close, marked at above figure.
ONE HUNDRED OTHER BARGAINS
in special new pianos, slightly used pianos and second-hand pianos. New pianos from $125 up. Second-hand pianos from $3.50 month and upward.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
Handsome scarf and modern stool included with pianos. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and our schedules of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.
Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward purchase of a Steinway or Krakauer. Steinway and Krakauer are sold only by us.
LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.
P. S.—In summer we close Saturdays at 1 p. m.

IT MEANS SOMETHING.

During the past week over 150 people have learned the meaning of the Kimball Company's

AUGUST SALE OF PIANOS.

It means a wonderful saving to them.
It means all goods advertised are here until told.
It means that a child can buy to as good advantage as the shrewdest grown person.
It means "one price to all," which represents but one small factory profit to the largest piano and organ plant in the world.

TO INCREASE THE ENTHUSIASM

a number of NEW SCALE KIMBALL PIANOS—finest styles, but little used, have been added to the list at reduced prices.

All other pianos in our stock of about 300 have been marked down for this grand clearing sale.

This includes all our Eastern made instruments, some of standard high-priced makes; also some new at $125; terms of payment $5 monthly.

SQUARE PIANOS from $12 up, at $2 per month.

SPECIAL PRICES on RENDO, PIANOS.

Mason & Hamlin, former price $125.....$ 50
Estey, with pedals, former price $300.....125
Willcox & White, former price $160.....40
Story & Clark, former price $110.....45
Chicago Cottage, former price $80.....35

Other makes $10 and upwards.
Self-playing organs, former price $150.....$65
Pipe organs, $1,000 and up.

A visit of inspection will pay you if you are interested in buying a piano or organ.

One price. Plain figures. Easy payments.

W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857].
S. w. cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
We close at 1 o'clock Saturdays until September.

CLEARING SALE OF PIANOS CONTINUED!
A few more special sale pianos left.
At 20% REDUCTION FROM REGULAR PRICES and some at even greater reduction.
THIS SALE RUNS TO SEPT. 1 ONLY.

HERE ARE A FEW SAMPLES OF PIANOS that will be on sale this week:
KRANICH & BACH, fancy White Walnut beautiful piano, reg. $450, at $325
KRANICH & BACH, mahogany case, fine tone, reg. price $425, at $300
BAUER, rosewood, reg. $150, at $120
KRELL, ebony, reg. $185, at $148
And others of equal excellence.
Also a few returned rentals—
THE MANY-TONED "CROWN" PIANO, that are especially attractive and
WILL BE SOLD 20% off regular prices.
These pianos are as serviceable as new.
Pianos direct from the factory.
THEY ARE VERY RARE OFFERINGS.

A FULL LINE OF NEW "CROWN" PIANOS from $500 to $700. These instruments are not subject to above sale discount.

EASY PAYMENTS ON EVERYTHING.

Pianos rented, tuned, and repaired.
GEO. P. BENT, Manufacturer.
Salesrooms: 209 Wabash Ave.
Factory: 249 Washington Boul.

A GREAT OFFER—
18 PIANOS—$125 EACH.

On easy payments to make room for our new fall stock arriving. No such pianos ever offered before at the price. They are in a fine variety of styles and almost new. This is a rare opportunity very seldom offered. Steinway, Chickering, Knabe, Decker, Hallet & Davis, and other standard makes from $100 upwards. Call early to get one of these bargains.

J. O. TWICHELL,
231 Wabash-av.

VOSE PIANOS— VOSE PIANOS.

AUGUST BARGAINS.

ONLY
TWO
WEEKS
MORE.

OF THE GREAT AUGUST SALE.

BUY THIS MONTH AND SAVE MONEY.

SEVERAL SPECIALS THIS WEEK.

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, 246 WABASH-AV.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.
We are offering a number of bargains in used pianos at the following prices:
1 Cabinet grand, walnut finish, like new.....$250
1 Sohmer, medium size, rosewood case..... 200
1 Marshall & Wendell, mahogany finish (sample)..... 175
1 Bradford, large size, walnut case..... 175
1 Adam Schaaf, largest size, walnut case..... 160
Also a number of new Bauers that we have dropped from our catalogue at greatly reduced prices.
Sold on easy monthly payments if desired. Correspondence solicited.
JULIUS BAUER & CO.,
250-252 Wabash-av.

AUGUST PIANO BARGAINS—
Oak upright, fine order.....$110
Mahogany upright, slightly used..... 125
Walnut upright, large size..... 90
Ebony upright, good tone..... 75
Walnut upright, like new..... 170
Oak upright, largest size..... 155

OTHER UPRIGHTS, $20, $65, $80.
SQUARE PIANOS, $12, $20, $35, $40.
ORGANS, $5, $15, $25.
STORY & CLARK PIANO, $350 TO $1,000.
STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

150 PIANOS FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS; Wegman, Haines & Co., Foster, Bryant, Holmes, and others; easy payments $5, $6, and $7 per month; rent, $3 and $4 month; second-hand pianos, $90 and up.
J. A. BRYANT, 144 and 146 Wabash-av., 2d floor, near Madison.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A fine stock of used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

$145. $155 EACH—FINE TONE NEW UPRIGHT pianos, slightly marred on varnish only; latest improved lichtwood cases; warranted for 10 years; call and select one; we sell on monthly payments. Established 1878. ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

SEE THOSE BEAUTIFUL CHASE BROTHERS, HACKLEY, and CARLISLE PIANOS, then think before you buy your new piano. We have some bargains that will interest you. Chickering-Chase Bros. Co., 239 Wabash-av.

UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT AT LOWEST possible terms, with privilege of applying one year's rent to purchase of an "EVERETT" piano.
THE JOHN CHURCH CO.,
266 to 268 Wabash-av.

A VERY EXCELLENT KRAKAUER UPRIGHT piano for $145; fully guaranteed; time payments. Steger & Sons Piano Mfg. Co., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

GOOD SQUARE PIANOS, $25, $35, $45 TO $75 each. ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

CLAYTON F. SUMMY CO., 220 WABASH-AV.—Chickering and Gabler pianos. Send for second-hand list. Compare prices before buying.

A FINE ELECTRICAL SELF-PLAYING PIANO, very cheap; easy payments; fully guaranteed. 257 Wabash-av.

THOMPSON PIANOS, KRANICH & BACH pianos, Bhoninger Pianos, and Estey organs. Sold only by THOMPSON & CO., 299 Wabash-av.

BOARDMAN & GRAY PIANOS; EST. 1837; THE highest grade; sold only by NELSON & CHANE, 268 Wabash-av.

A BEAUTIFUL NEW UPRIGHT PIANO, $125. In mahogany; special bargain. Melville Clark Piano Co., 396-405 W. Madison-st.

AN APOLLO PIANO PLAYER; GOOD AS NEW; cheap; easy terms. 257 Wabash-av.

EVERETT UPRIGHT PIANO, GUARANTEED; $125; easy pay

SCHLEY MAY ASK HOWISON TO QUIT

Requests Explanation of an Alleged Interview Expressing Opinion.

MIGHT DELAY THE CASE.

Member of Inquiry Board Would Be Hard to Find Should Vacancy Be Created Now.

GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.

Rear Admiral Schley's attorneys may object to the presence of Rear Admiral Howison on the court of inquiry, detailed to convene in Washington next month. At the conference held this morning between Schley, Judge Wilson, and Attorney General Harper of Maryland it was decided to make some inquiry in regard to Howison's eligibility for service on the court, and late this afternoon the two attorneys called on Assistant Secretary Hackett and filed a letter asking that Howison's attention be called to a statement published in the Boston Record accrediting that officer with pronounced opinions in regard to the Sampson-Schley controversy.

May Ask Removal of Howison from Schley Court.

The statement in the Boston paper alleged that Howison had said that there was no question of Sampson's right to the glory of the Santiago conflict and that the absence of that officer from the scene of the conflict did not lessen his right to full and complete credit for the engagement.

The attorney asked that Howison be invited to inform the department as to the authenticity of the statement, and they requested Assistant Secretary Hackett to furnish them with a copy of Howison's reply.

It would be a serious embarrassment to the Navy department if Howison, at this late day, is relieved from duty with the court. While none of the members is supposed to prepare himself in any way for the inquiry, the Navy department has found it difficult to secure officers of the required impartial views. When Howison was selected it was supposed he was friendly to Schley, and, in fact, Howison's name was on the list of officers prepared by Captain James Parker of Schley's counsel, who selected a number of officers whom he believed would be sufficiently fair to his client in the inquiry. Schley's action today was taken on the advice of his attorneys.

The interview to which Schley's lawyers object and on which they may base their protest against Howison as a member of the court of inquiry, is alleged to have been given by Howison at the Boston Navy Yard just after the receipt of the news of the battle of Santiago. When the news was brought to him Howison is alleged to have said: "To Sampson belongs the credit for the victory."

Statements Schley Wants to Have Explained

"But the people and the press are lauding Schley" ventured the man to whom the Rear Admiral was talking.

"Schley is not respected as Sampson is," Howison is alleged to have replied. "Sampson is a brave, cool, intelligent officer. Schley had the reputation of being a nervous and hot-headed in the Naval Academy, and he does not stand as high in the estimation of naval officers as Sampson does. Of the two Sampson is respected far more."

Assistant Secretary Hackett this morning refused to hold the Schley court of inquiry in the new gunners' workshop at the Washington navy yard. When Secretary Long issued the precept he thought it would be well to hold the sittings of the court in the reception room of the Navy department, and it was so announced. It has since been found, however, that this room is entirely inadequate to accommodate the members of the court, the officers of the navy, and the many correspondents who desire to be present, to say nothing of the general public.

Court Will Sit at Navy Yard.

The courtroom will be on the second floor of the building, which is situated in the northwestern section of the yard, in what is referred to as "the new yard." It is in Isaac Hull avenue, between the tool shop and the shell warehouse, and across from the chemical laboratory. It is not far from the northwest gate.

The private room probably will be partitioned off into which the court may retire for consultation. Telegraph and telephone instruments will be installed for the use of the press and the officers interested in the proceedings of the court. The building is not quite completed, and is as yet unoccupied. It will not be used as a workshop until after the court of inquiry has concluded its sitting.

Consul Stowe, at Cape Town, has sent to the State department a gloomy report on the trade situation in South Africa. "The war drags along," he says. "Trade in the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony languishes. The fields are bare, and practically no planting has been attempted. Several thousand Kaffirdrs have returned to Johannesburg to prepare the mines for future operation. A number of these mines are at present engaged in working up the ore mined before the outbreak of the war, but they cannot be run at full capacity until the return of the native refugees, which will probably not be until after the cessation of hostilities."

Makes Gloomy Report on South Africa.

"It was hoped that the vast amount of merchandise, mining machinery and supplies awaiting transportation at the coast ports could be entrained, and a considerable number of freight cars and engines had been secured for that purpose (twenty of these locomotives were purchased in the United States); but with the liberation of orders came the bubonic plague, which checked business, prevented the moving of trains, caused an exodus of the population, and upset values.

"The plague appeared among the dock laborers, who, through fear, stopped work. Aside from the dread of the natives of the disease the compulsory inoculation of all persons employed at the docks added to their terror. As a result vessels were often obliged to remain in the bay for weeks. Several American ships have been delayed for as long as two or three months. The discharging of cargo was slow enough, and the plague only added to the confusion.

"At one time there were in the harbor no fewer than 100 steamships and quite as many sailing vessels, with cargoes valued at nearly $35,000,000. Government and military supplies are always discharged first."

Director of the Mint Roberts has just returned from a trip across the continent. He indorses the action of the Iowa convention in the heartiest manner; but the Director of the Mint is peculiarly impressed with the fact that the prosperity of the West has not been affected either by the poor corn outlook or the strikes.

Mint Director Talks of Crops in West.

"The corn crop," he says, "has been hard hit, and it would be a serious matter were it not that the West has so much money in the wheat. It has the greatest wheat crop ever raised, and, with short crops abroad, it is bringing a great deal of money. Kansas and Nebraska have done so well on wheat that they are in position to stand the loss on corn. Minnesota and the Dakotas are better off than last year. But the loss on corn will be felt all through the great cattle and hog producing States. It means dearer feed and more costly meats.

"The encouraging feature of the situation is the cheerful manner in which it is accepted. Nobody seems discouraged, improvements are going on, trade is good, and everybody seems able to stand it without making sacrifices. It is convincing proof of the fact that the farmers of the West are on easy street financially. Farm lands are everywhere advancing in value, and there is an active movement in them.

"The country is under such a tremendous momentum of prosperity that neither the injury to corn nor the strikes seems to make any impression on it. There is a crying demand for men everywhere, and business seems to be in a thoroughly healthy condition. The activity is that of industry and legitimate trade. There is little speculation; there is no town booming; there is no great amount of railway building. There seems to be no good reason why that kind of prosperity should not run on indefinitely."

WOMAN DEMANDS DAMAGES FOR BEING IMPRISONED.

Mrs. Margaret L. Becklenberg Sentenced to the House of Correction on a Fine and Taken to Refuge Instead.

Mrs. Margaret L. Becklenberg, who served 152 days in the Erring Woman's Refuge at Fifty-first street and Indiana avenue, has brought suit for $50,000 damages for the imprisonment.

The defendants are her former husband, Frederick Becklenberg, proprietor of Becklenberg's Express; Justice Rhoades, Constable Lewis Claus, Helen M. Woods, superintendent of the refuge, and others.

She was fined $75 for disorderly conduct in her former husband's place of business, and the mittimus of committal issued by Justice Rhoades directed that the woman be kept at the House of Correction till the fine was served out. The only mention of the refuge was a verbal recommendation that she be taken to that institution.

Mrs. Becklenberg now lives at 4215 St. Lawrence avenue. To add to the complications the judgment committing her to the House of Correction stands unsatisfied, and she is in danger of being compelled to work out the fine there.

BIG BOAT UP SOUTH FORK AS RESULT OF DREDGING.

Steamer Nimick Reaches New Schenck Dock at Thirty-fifth Street, First Large One Beyond Wabash Elevator.

The steamer Alexander Nimick yesterday took a cargo of 3,000 tons of coal to the new dock of S. C. Schenck at Thirty-fifth street and the South Fork. The Nimick is the largest ship ever taken up to this point, and its passage was rendered possible only by the great amount of dredging done by the Sanitary District. Previously only small lumber boats have gone above the Wabash elevator and dock at the mouth of the fork. The Schenck dock is said to be modern in every respect, and it is believed the Nimick's cargo will be taken out in a working day.

DELAYS DWELLERS IN SUBURBS

Burning Out of Dynamo Which Controls Signals on Chicago and Northwestern Makes Confusion.

Owing to a breakdown in the power-house of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad yesterday evening, about 25,000 suburbanites who leave for their homes when office hours are ended were forced to suffer a delay of over half an hour. The dynamo which furnishes current to the signals along the line burned out and it was impossible to signal trains both outgoing and incoming. The accident occurred about 5 o'clock, at which time trains are leaving every three minutes.

Takes Charge in Hydrographic Office.

Lieutenant Waldo Evans, who has just finished a three years' cruise in Asiatic waters, yesterday assumed charge of the United States hydrographic office in Chicago. Lieutenant W. J. Wilson, who has been temporarily in charge of the office in the Masonic Temple will remain as assistant and nautical expert.

Shoots at Wife; Drowns Himself.

Flint, Mich., Aug. 19.—[Special.]—Jacob Hense, a Fenton carpenter, aged 40, attempted to kill his wife by shooting at noon today. The bullet grazed her hair. Hense then ran to Long Lake and committed suicide by drowning.

There is Never a Doubt

in your mind about the kind of ice you are putting into your mouth if you know it to be

Consumers ICE

Artificial Ice Made Only from Distilled Water.

The Illinois Pure Food Commission finds some natural ice to be worse than doubtful—disease breeding, germ laden. Consumers ice is pure ice—the knowledge that you are using that kind brings a feeling of satisfaction, adds a zest to the drinking.

It's as easy to buy as the doubtful kind. Delivery prompt. Write, call or telephone

The Consumers Co.,
35th, Butler and 36th Sts. Tel. South 320.

This Store Closes Saturdays at 1 p. m.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

We sold more Lace Curtains on Monday to more people than were ever sold before in one day in this store.

Arnold B. Heine & Co.'s $125,000 Lace Curtain Stock at from 40% to 50% Discount.

And there still remain complete assortments in every line, for this was one of the largest Lace Curtain transactions ever recorded.

An offering of Lace Curtains that must appeal to every Chicago housekeeper, for here is an opportunity to secure window hangings that positively cannot be bought elsewhere at less than double the prices we ask. We would suggest that this stock can be inspected to the best advantage during the early morning hours.

These Prices selected at random indicate the reductions throughout the stock:

$55.00 Values at $27.00	$30.00 Values at $15.00	$15.00 Values at $7.50
$50.00 Values at $25.00	$25.00 Values at $12.50	$10.00 Values at $5.00
$40.00 Values at $20.00	$20.00 Values at $10.00	$7.50 Values at $3.75
		$5.00 Values at $2.75

In Emergencies

nothing equals a

Telephone

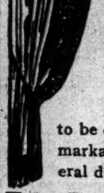
for promptness in summoning friends, doctor, police, fire department. They are all within hearing. Costs but

5 Cents a Day and up.

BUSINESS OR RESIDENCE.

CHICAGO TELEPHONE CO., 203 Washington Street. 96 State Street.

REVELL'S Lace Curtain Sale.



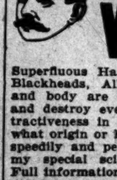
The entire surplus stock of a large **St. Gall, Switzerland,** maker closed out to us at our own price. The lot is large and must be closed out quickly. Profit is the last thing to be considered on this remarkable purchase. In several designs.

Two Pairs for the Price of One Pair.

Brussels, Irish Point, Duchesse, Etc.

$2.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	$1.00
$3.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	1.50
$4.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	2.00
$5.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	2.50
$6.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	3.00
$7.50 Lace Curtains, a pair	3.75
$10.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	6.00
$12.50 Lace Curtains, a pair	7.25
$15.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	8.50
$20.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	12.00
$25.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	14.50
$30.00 Lace Curtains, a pair	16.00

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.
Corner Wabash-av. and Adams-st.



MOLES WARTS

Superfluous Hair, Moth, Tan, Freckles, Blackheads, All Blemishes on the Face and body are embarrassing, humiliating, and destroy every trace of beauty or attractiveness in any face. No matter of what origin or how long standing—they are speedily and permanently removed only by my special scientific painless treatment. Full information with book free.

JOHN H. WOODBURY, 163 State-st., Chicago

BLOOD POISON

In its many terrible forms is doubtless the worst of all afflictions. Its disease has baffled the skill of the most noted physicians. If you are suffering from Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer, or any other trouble resulting from blood poison, do not be discouraged because all your efforts to obtain a cure have failed. A positive and permanent cure, wonderfully quick in its action, has been discovered. It is the discovery of the

COOK REMEDY CO.
512 MASONIC TEMPLE, CHICAGO.

They have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. They will cure you in the privacy of your own home, under positive guarantee. Write them at above address for PROOFS OF CURES and their 100-page book—the only medical instruction book ever published on this subject. The book is sent free. No branch offices.

FAIRMONT COAL

From the Mountains of West Virginia.

Not "just as good" as some other coal, but *the standard* steam fuel.

Also best for manufacture of gas and for domestic use.

Fairmont Coal Company,
Old Colony Building, - Chicago.

YARDS—
15th and Loomis-sts.
13th and Lumber-sts.
71-st. and Madison-av.

Telephones, Harrison 185-189.

Fairmont Crushed Coke—Better and cheaper than hard coal.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Station, Wells & Kinzie sts Ticket Office, 212 Clark St Tel., Central 721.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM	FAST MAIL. Fox River points, Ashland Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country.	
3.00 AM	FAST MAIL. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota and South Dakota. Coaches only.	
9.00 AM	BADGER STATE EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.	
9.00 AM	MENOMINEE EX. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.	
10.00 AM	COLORADO SPECIAL. One night to Denver. Fast time to Portland and San Francisco. Daylight Omaha. Cedar Rapids, Des Moines.	
11.30 AM	WISCONSIN MAIL. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay.	
3.00 PM	WISCONSIN SPECIAL. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.	
5.00 PM	ASHLAND LIMITED. Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin.	
5.30 PM	IOWA EX. Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha.	
6.30 PM	NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis	
6.30 PM	OVERLAND LIMITED. California in Three Days. All points on Union Pacific, Omaha, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.	
7.15 PM	IOWA AND DAKOTA EX. Cedar Rapids, Sioux City, Mason City, Northern Iowa and South Dakota.	
8.00 PM	PENINSULA EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.	
10.00 PM	DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.	
10.15 PM	NIGHT EXPRESS. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, La Crosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis.	
10.30 PM	IRON RANGE EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Hurley, Crystal Falls.	
11.30 PM	PACIFIC EX. Mason City, Omaha, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.	

MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.
8.00 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.00 p. m., 3.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

KNOX Hats.

Perfect Fall Shapes now Ready. Quality the best.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO., Palmer House Block.

OPTICIAN **L. MANASSE**

WE HAVE MOVED TO
46 MADISON STREET.

EDUCATIONAL.

Night School.

Complete courses in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Arithmetic, Grammar, Rhetoric, Composition, Algebra, Geometry, Latin, Penmanship, Reading and Spelling. Fall term begins Sept. 4. Call or write for catalogue.

THE ATHENAEUM,
18 to 26 Van Buren-st.

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